FILE DESCRIPTION NEW YORK FILE

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SUBJECT ROSENBERG SOBELL COMMITTEE
COMMITTEE !
FILE NO. 100 - 107 ///
VOLUME NO. BULKY
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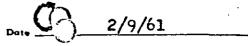
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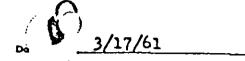
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NOTE: 611177.

Letter from CSJMS signed by Rose Sobell and Helen Sobell.

Brochure on Sobell.

Business reply envelops with return address to Mrs. Morton Sobell.

leaflet 4 pages "Petition for Executive Clemency for

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Morton Sobell" 1 reprint from NY Post of 6/7/61 captioned "Love

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"Cry out with Us for Freedom" issued by Sobell Committee.

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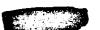
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Title and Character of Case

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

Date Property Acquired

Source From Which Property Acquired



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Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same

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Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same



"Clergy Presidential Appeal Petitions".

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Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit

Clergy Petitions to: President in Behalf of Morton Sobell. Rec'd by SA See ser 4662.

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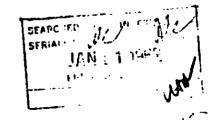


Clergy Petitions for Appeal to President In Behalf of Morton Sobell. Rec by SA See ser. 4663.

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THE PROGRESSIVE

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EDITORIAL

Jan. 1961:

CLEMENCY FOR MORTON SOBELL

Success in the pursuit of legal justice is uncertain under the hest of circumstances. But in the climate of hysteria that prevailed at the time of the Julius and Ethel Rosenberg espionage trials a decade ago the prospects for a calm and dispassionate dispensing Surely one of the more of justice were gravely diminished. Surely one of the more pitiable victims of that tragic era is Morton Stbell, now serving the eleventh year of a thirty-year sentence on a charge of conspiracy to commit espionage.

Almost every aspect of the Sobell case lies under a cloud of doubt. He was tried with the Rosenbergs, although there was no evidence to link him to the atom bomb spy conspiracy involving the Rosentr of and David Greenglass. At least one Federal Judge, the late decome Frank, considered this not only extremely prejudicial, but illegal. A number of distinguished Americans, including theologian Reichold Niebuhr and New York University law professor Edmund Cahn, who have studied the record, have concluded that Sobell was convicted on evidence "vague in content and slender in proof". Some who plead for dence "vague in content and slender in proof". Some who plead for clemency for Sobell, like Dr. Sidney Hook, assume Sobell to be guilty as charged; others, including Reverend Peter McCormack, who was chaplain at Alcatraz when Sobell was there, are firmly convinced that Sobell is innocent.

But thatever the differences regarding Sobell's innocence or poilt, or the manner in which he was tried, there is almost unanimous agreement that his thirty-year sentence was harsh to the point of constituting "cruel and unusual punishment." We share this verw, along with the dean of civil libertarians, Roger Baldwin, whose concern is not only the injustice to the individual man, but the implications for our constitutional freedoms and safeguards or due process.

Now, more than twelve hundred clergymen have appealed to President Eisenhower to grant Sobell a new trial or commute his sentence to the time served. There is a tradition of sorts that the Holiday Season is an appropriate occasion for acts of clemency. We hope President Eisenhower will respond affirmatively to this simple, humane plea, and help remove the cloud of injustice that hang over not only Morton Sobell, but over all of us.

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THE NEW
REPUBLIC

DECEMBER 5, 1960

Morton Sobell

The horror of the Rosenberg atom-spy case brushed against the front pages again recently, when David Greenglass, Ethel Rosenberg's brother who confessed, was released after nearly ten years in jail. He had been sentenced to fifteen. Still in prison, on a sentence double that of Greenglass, is Morton Sobell, in any view of the case its most marginal and pitiable figure.

The jury found Sobell guilty - and quite probably he was - of something or other having to do with spying for the Russians. The evidence was meager, but there was at any rate none to link him with the atom bomb spying conspiracy in which the Rosenbergs and Greenglass were involved. Hence it was exceedingly prejudicial, and, as at least one judge, the late Jerome Frank, thought, illegal to try Sobell together with the Rosenbergs. Be that as it may, the gravely nagging sense of injustice left behind by the whole sorry affair was generated not by the verdict but by the sentences. These were brutal and erratic. There is no way for society to explate the ghastly fact that the Rosenbergs were electrocuted. But Sobell's sentence - as barbaric in its fashion, considering the nature of the case against him can be commuted to time served. This the President has been asked to do. We hope he will. It is a question not merely of humane feelings, but of a measure of justice.

reprinted as a public service by

The Committee To Secure Justice for Morton Sobell 940 Broadway, N. Y. C. AL 4-9983

An Appeal to President Kennedy

Morton Sobell's appeal for freedom is now before our new President, John F. Kennedy.

There is every hope that the President, in keeping with his Administration's policy of thoroughly reviewing matters important to our country, will act to free Morton Sobell.

Your letter to the President urging freedom for Morton Sabell, or an inquiry into the facts, will be of the utmost importance. It will let him know of your support for positive action that he decides to take.

Please write your letter today to:

PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

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The Case of Morton Sobell



A Sermon by

RABBI PHILIP HOROWITZ

Congregation Brith Emeth

Cleveland, Ohio



Sabbath Evening Service December 23, 1960

Tonight we speak of the cast against Morton Sobell. I believe that this case will take its place in the history of their United States of America as one of the guartst miscarriages of justice that has ever occurred in our legal system, ranking with the Sacco-Vanzetti and the Scottsboro cases. My interest in this matter stems back almost to the time of its inception in 1950. This was a time of great fear and great hysteria. I ought to remind you that in the autumn of 1949 we learned that the Russians could make the atomic bomb. In the winter which followed we believed, amid much hysterical discussion, excitement and fear, that Russia had sufficient information to create the hydrogen bomb. This was a time when followed closely upon the disclosures of espionage on the part of Klaus Fuchs, a Botish National, of high reputation and standing in the world of physics, who had delivered information to the Russians for purposes of manufacturing such a bomb. This was a time when McCarthyism was rearing its ugly head in these United States of America and when all sorts of organizations were accused, some correctly and some otherwise, of being Communist front organizations. This was a time when loyalty purges were beginning to take

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place, when great fears were expressed for the safety of individuals who were in the government service.

It was at such a time when Morton Sobell was indicted—in October of 1950, together with Julius and Ethel Rosenberg-for conspiring to commit espionage. It was charged that they had transmitted information relating to the defense of the United States to a foreign power-the Soviet Union. The trial of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, and Morton Sobell took place in March of 1951. All of them were convicted. The Rosenbergs were sentenced to death and were subsequently executed, and Morton Sobell was sentenced to thirty years in prison. Until 1958 he served his sentence at Alcatraz, and since then he has been serving in the Federal Penitentiary in Atlanta. Please remember that on February the 9th of 1950, the late Senator McCarthy made his first speech at Wheeling. W. Va., holding in his hand the list of 205 alleged members of the Communist party serving in the Federal Government. While the trial began on March 6th of 1951. it is good to remember that on March the 8th of 1951, the Committee on UnAmerican Activities opened its famous hearing on Hollywood and the Motion Picture Industry. This was hardly a time for calm reflection or considered judgment. It was a time of fear-ridden panic, of chaotic and intemperate action. I think most of us have become very ashamed of the many things we did during that time. We have become very ashamed of what we had permitted others to do at that time.

About two and one-half years ago, a Unitarian minister traveling from Washington to California, stopped off in Cleveland. Ohio. Rev. Gaede came to see me at the Fairmount Temple in an attempt to enlist the interest of local rabbis and ministers in this case. A national committee had formed to

CLEVELAND PLAIN DEALER.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 24.

Sobell Victim of His Times, Rabbi Holds

Morton Sobell, convicted in 1951 of conspiracy to pass atomic secrets to Russia, was a victim of what seems to be victors form of anti-Semitism." compounded by Jews, Rabbe Philip Herowitz said last night in his sermon.

The rabbi, who has studied the Sobell case for 23 years and who last menth presented petitions to the government as ming elemency or a new that it Sobell, told his Eith Emeth congregation:

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secure justice for Morton Sobell. Some of the great luminaries who lent their names and their efforts to this enterprise were Keinhold Niehbur, the famous theologian. Malcolm Sharp, Professor of Law at the University of Chicago, Bertrand Russell, Martin Buber of Israel, Prof. Thomas Emerson of the Yale University Law School, Dr. Hero e Kallen, Research Professor of Philosophy of the New School for Social Research, Dr. Peril, mann, distinguished theologian of the himann, ward Divinity School, Dr. Gardner Murphy of the famed Menninger Foundation at Topeka, Kansas, and many, many others too numerous to mention.

I was sufficiently interested by what Dr. Gaede had to say that I called upon several colleagues in the Reform Rabbinate here in

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Cleveland. All of them responded most generously and enthusiastically. Please understand that at that time I was far from convinced of Sobell's innocence. The only basis upon which I considered my intervention in this matter was on the question of mercy and flemency. But though I assumed Sobell's guilt. I was perfectly willing to go ahead with the assumption that such a case warranted a review by some presidential board with the end in mind of a possible pardon. I do not vindicate myself by this statement. I refer to this story as an oddyssey of one man's conscience. I suspect it was typical, and it is typical of many people in the United States. Most of us had only some vague knowledge. We might remember the petitions which were issued at the time preceding the Rosenberg executions asking for clemency. We had some vague idea about Morton Sobell being involved in some kind of atomic espionage. Many of us were convinced and are convinced that it's too hot a potato to handle and so we sat on the sidelines.

Last March or April I saw Rev. Gaede again. At that time I mentioned to him my hope to bring this matter before the forth-coming Convention of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, that is the national organization of Reform rabbis. In all fairness to such a presentation I thought that I ought to prepare myself in some detail with the matters which I was about to present. I therefore acquired and read the 8 volumes of the Court Record on the matter of Morton Sobell, pamphlet material relating to it, and two books, one by John Wexley entitled: "The Judgment of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg," running to some 670 pages, the other, far more instructive, by Prof. Malcolm Sharp, with an introduction by Harold C. Urey, the distinguished nuclear physicist, entitled: "Was Justice Done? The Rosenberg-Sobell Case." Suffice it to say that I was gradually convinced that the

THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN

very least that could be done at such point would be for the leading randinical or ganization in the world to request the pass age of a resolution pleading for a presidential hearing and review of this case. The amproposition of American Rabbis and its resolution of June, 1960, passed in Detroit, requesting such a review of the Sobell Case.

Here are some of the very scrious objections that helped me form my conviction, should like to share with you the terrib! qualms of conscience which have plagued me these last months. All of what I have to say to you is the distillation of information which I have read, particularly in the eight volumes of the Court Record. While I am not by training a lawyer, may I emind you that this was the court record per before it jury whose function it was to judge the credibility of what had been admitted before it.

- 1) It came as a shock to me to discover that Morton Sobell was never implicated by anyone with atomic espionage for which the Rosenbergs were convicted.
- 2) The United States Supreme Court has never reviewed the case nor passed upon the merits of the trial.
- 3) Judge Jerome Frank of the United States Court of Appeals stated that Morton Sobell should have had a new trial because his case should have been separate I from the atomic espionage conspiracy accusations against the Rosenbergs.
- 4) Only one witness gave any testimony connecting Morton Sobell with the conspiracy to commit espionage and this witness, Max Elitcher, a self-confessed perjure: tainted, admitted on the stand that the UBI knew about his perjury; that he was testifying in hopes that he would not be prosecuted. By the way, he never was. Besides which, his

was accomplice testimony, always believed to be weak and suspect, and according to Jewish jurisprudence, never admissable in a properly constituted court of law.

It is also true that there are many states in the Union that will not admit accomplice testimony. However, it is important to keep in mind that in Federal cases accomplice testimony is permissible provided that the presiding judge properly instructs the jury as to the weakness of such testimony. This witness's testimony, that of Max Elitcher, was uncorroborated, and replete with contradictions, inconsistencies, and implausibilities.

- 5) There were no specific overt acts listed against Sobell in the indictment. The complaint on which he was arrested listed five dates on which "Morton Sobell had conversation with Julius Rosenberg."
- 6) The prosecution never claimed at the trial that Sobell gave or received any classified information.
- 7) The Appeals court at one point alluded to the "wholly reprehensible" conduct of the prosecution and indicated that a new trial would have been justified had the defense objected in time.

And underlying all of these preceding points I must remind you of the hysteria of that time which was so burdensome upon Morton Sobell and his attorneys. I was shocked in reading the record to discover that the attorneys could not learn what Morton Sobell was accused of doing in order to prepare a defense. At the trial itself, the attorneys, faced with the choice of putting Sobell on the stand in an inflamed atmosphere or resting on his plea of innocence according to Constitutional guarantees preferred the latter and so Sobell did not take the stand. To this day that infamous McCarthy aide. Roy Cohn, a member of the prosecution team. holds that not taking the stand indicated Sobell's guilt. What a terrible commentary on

the right of an individual to use a Constitutional guarantee. What a terribie commentary on the misinterpretation of such rightful exercises in moments of extreme tension. Even if his guilt is assumed, the sentence against Morton Sobell, the thirty year son ence, is far out of proportion. Klaus Fuchs a self-confessed spy was sentenced to fourteen years, of which he served only nine, and is free today. Allan Nunn May was sentenced to ten years of which he served only six years and eight months. Both of these were convicted under British law. David Greenglass, another selfconfessed conspirator who testified against his sister and brother-in-law, was convicted to fifteen years, served a little over nine and was just recently set free. But Morton Sobell continues to serve. Even persons ucused of treason in war time, acting on behalf of enemy powers, have been accorded far less severe sentences. Might I remind you that at the time of some of these acts of conspiracy. the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics was an ally on the side of these United States in a war against Naziism. The judge, Irving Kaufman, based his hard sentence on the premise that Russia had been able to obtain the atomic bomb because of this kind of espionage. No reputable scientist today, even conceding the help which this espionage may have given, will accept the truth of this statement. They claim it is a distortion and a harmful illusion that prevented our country from having a true picture of Russia's scientific capabilities. Besides. Morton Schell was not even accused of atomic espionage. He was only victimized by the attitudes of the time. And though today the atmosphere has changed, he remains a prisoner of that infamous epoch of American McCarthvism. All the law journals which have studied this case have indicated that Sobel did not receive justice. No law review has yet held that Sobell's sentence was a proper one.

One of the side occurrences converted with

this case was the manner in which Morton Sobell and his family were abducted when he went to Mexico to live in an apartment under his own name arranging for diaper service and milk service for his infant child, under his his own name. The Mexican Secret Service pqlice, in plain clothes, entered the apartment one night, siezed Sobell, took him out to a car, beat him into unconsciousness and drove him to the border of the United States and there turned him over to the agents of our government who were ready and waiting for him. It became abundantly clear that the abduction was instigated and arranged by the FBI. Although they have had an opportunity to deny this, they have not done so. The action is as illegal as it was outrageous, the behavior of a police state unworthy of the government of our United States. This was an action which was highly prejudicial to the trial of Morton Sobell because it precluded the possibility of his returning voluntarily. When it was presented to jury, it was dramatized as an indication that Morton Sobell had a guilty conscience and was attempting to flee. Subsequent events have completely disproven this premise.

The entire case against Morton Sobel! rested upon Max Elitcher's testimony. The one overt action to which he testified was that one night, when he drove in with his wife and child from Washington to the home of Morton Sobell, he believed that he was followed by agents of the FBI. And when he related such information to Sobell, Morton took what Elitcher believed to be a 35 mm film can, and together they drove the ten miles from Flushing. L.I. to Knickerbocker Village in the city of New York to deliver this can to Julius Rosenberg, apparently oblivious of any possibility that the FBI might be following. By the way, the contents of this can were never disclosed, nor was there any testimony to prove that there was anything in such a can, indeed that such a can existed.

This then, dear friends, is the case gainst Morton Sobell.

The reason for his conviction, a self-confessed ex-Communist perjurer, self-confessed liar, and betrayer. For myself, I do not trust Communists, and I do not trust any ex-Communists, who in the excess of the pious wish to cleanse themselves of their previous sins, are perfectly willing to throw brockbats and accusations helter and skelter, in the hope of finding salvation for themselves.

I believe that Morton Sobell was a victim of a vicious form of self-hatred, of repatity anti-Semitism. Irving Kaufman the judge, was a Jew: Irving Soypol, the prosecutor was a Jew: Roy Cohn, the assistant to the prosecutor, was a Jew and I suspect all of the reactions stem from the fact that they wanted to prove to the world around them that they would take care of this Jew who was a source of embarrassment to them.

I believe that this case has proven to be of great embarrassment to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, to others of our government agencies, because Morton Sobell would not testify against Julius Rosenberg as they would have wished him to testify. This, then, was the form of his punishment, to lang tish in jail and to feel the full effect of these who refused to cooperate with a government agency.

I wonder if the reason for the recent disclosure of the arrest of Dr. Soblen of New York, and radio and newspaper announcements of his relationship to a brother who is in the penitentiary, was an attempt to confuse the American public about Morton Sobell, whose appeals were being conducted in Washington. The Dr. Soblen, who was arrested is no relation whatever to Morton Sobell,

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nor is Jack Soble who is presently a convicted spy, any relation to Morton Sobell.

I believe with all my heart that this is an opportunity before this great democratic country, following its Judaeo-Christian ethic, to right a great wrong, and I appeal to each and everyone of you, to write your letter to your Senators, and particularly to the President, to correct what has been a great miscarriage of what is right.

"Let Justice rise up as the waters, and Mercy like a mighty stream."

AMEN

Add YOUR voice and YOUR contribution Mrs. Morton Sobell Room D. 940 Broadway New York 10, N. Y. I have written President Kennedy to let him know my support for freeing Morton Sobell. I am enclosing \$______to carry on your work. Please send me more information.

Zone___State_

Address_

Committee To Secure Justice For Morion ? Jen

940 BROAD & AY (Entrance on 20nd Street) NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

Alconquin 4-9963

June, 1961

Dear Friend,

"Ch what a moment" sing the hero and heroine in Beethoven's great opera "Fidelio", as he is led forward into liberation. Truth and the struggle for man's rights have gained a victory and the world has moved forward.

Even then however, we are reminded of an earlier time when in malicious, vindictive glee the villain sang, "Oh what a moment" as he anticipated death for his prisoner.

We who remember the moment of anguish await now the moment of freedom for Morton. We work as we wait, for the cause of human freedom and dignity can only triumph through never ending sacrifics.

Our case is now being reviewed by the Justice Department. Those influential and renown friends of justice who have joined before in appealing for Morton's freedom have once again written personally to the President.

Help us now to attain the moment of liberation. We can only continue with your support. "Fidelio" is your story as it is ours. We ask you to contribute more generously than ever before, and we know that you will.

Faithfully yours,

Rose Sobell

Holon Scholl

PETITION FOR EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY

This form may be used in applying the parder commutation of synthetic, or remission of five, but not for pardon after completion of sentence. A different form is provided for applications of that character. A different form is provided for applications of that character and the page of the page particularly numbers 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, and 10.

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May ______1961

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:



MENS BULLETIN

PETITION FILED FOR MORTON SOBELL

asking New President to free him

JUSTICE DEPARTMENT NOW

REVIEWING CASE

EARLY DECISION AWAITED



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"Petitioner at the trial pleaded not guilty... He affirmed then, and does so now, that he was not guilty of the offense charged (conspiracy to commit espionage) and that he is innocent of wrong-doing."

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"The only witness who sought to implicate Sobell in the conspiracy was Max Elitcher, a boyhood friend and neighbor of Sobell, who testified that while in the employ of the Federal government and at the time he was approached by authorities, he knew that he had signed a false statement and was in fear of prosecution... There was no testimony that Sobell had given him any information, nor was there testimony that Elitcher gave Sobell any information."

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"Sobel, was seized in Mexico, beaten, taken to a car, thereafter driven to the U.S. border and turned over to agents of the U.S. who were ready and waiting for him. Putting aside the legal impact of such action by agents of the prosecution upon the validity of the proceedings, it precluded the possibility of Sobell returning voluntarily... This fact, along with the joint trial with Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, resulted in his conviction and inflated beyond fact in the eyes of court and jury the nature and extent of the alleged offense..."

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"Morton Sobell, who has insisted upon his innocence, and against whom there was no evidence of atomic espionage or, indeed, evidence of any actual espionage, received a 30-year sentence... David Greenglass, who related that he was engaged in atomic espionage while in the Armed Forces of our

country, received a 15-year sentence and is now free. "

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"The trial court commented that the actions of the defendants has changed the course of history, precipitated the Korean War and advanced by many years Soviet atomic science. History and the mature views of scientists today, as well as recent accomplishments in the field of science, have proven otherwise."

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"We suggest an additional factor which caused the imposition of such an unwarranted and severe sentence.
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Attached to the petition, in addition to statements of support by leading citizens, are letters from Morton Sobell and his family.

Mr. President:

In the event I am released I would expect to spend the remainder of my life doing medical research and engineering... I reached my decision several years ago, and have since attempted to pursue it, within the limitations imposed by the prison regimen. After having spent such a large part of my mature existence in prison -- and more so with each passing day -- the question of work becomes ever more pointed...

My son, who is now entering adolescence, has never experienced alfather -- in any sense of the word. In fact, for over three years he could not even see me, and until I came to Atlanta, his father when he saw him was always a man framed behind a glass window. Today his father is a man who must ration his allotted visiting hours to him -- always trying to cover, hopelessly, all that a child wants to know of a father. It is for the innocent child that society always reserves the greatest compassion.

MORTON SOEELL

Mr. President:

Through these years we have learned the full meaning of suffering and sorrow. Morton's many gifts, his intelligence, his education, his fine qualities as a human being have been wasted from the time he was 33 years old until he is now 44. Even from behind prison walls Morton has reached out a helping hand to his family. The children have survived, healthy and unmarred, because they have felt the truth of Morton's innocence, the strength which comes from it and from the helping handwhich have been held out to us."

HELEN SOBELL

Mr. President:

An ordinary mother of a wonderful son, the young scientist Morton Sobell, is addressing this appeal... It is not only for my son, but for his two children, and for his wife who has been standing faithfully by his side all these years.

ROSE SOBELL

April 26, 1501

On Friday I'm going to visit my father in prison. We usually get a lot of talking done, but talking is not as good as Dear Mr. Presidents actually helping medo the things I would like to learn to do. If my father were home. I would be like the other kids in my class, and have my faither come home every night at 5 c'cleck. It would be alot more decent to See my tather every days like ina real Family. If you freed my father, my mother, my grand mothers, and the whole Family would be much, much happier, and I would be too. I sincerely hope you will Free my father, and seen Hopefully yours, Mik Lobell

	Please tear out and mail today
-	Add YOUR voice and YOUR contribution!
-	Sobell Committee Room D, 940 Broadway, New York 10, N. Y.
	I have written President Kennedy to let him know my support for freeing Morton Sobell.
	Enclosed is a contribution of \$to carry on your work.
Ξ	Please send me more information.
	I would like copies of this folder to distribute.
-	Name
	Address
=	CityZoneState:
-	

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MRS. MORTON SOBELL Room D 940 Broadway New York 10, N. Y.

PATION FOR EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY

This form may be used in applying for pardon, commutation of sentence, or remussion of fine, but not for pardon after completion of sentence. A different form is provided for applications of that character.

Of sentence: A different form is provided for applications of this character.

May 1951

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

Petitioner states that he is a resident of City c
his correct address at the time of conviction being 600
that he is a citizen of United States
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yearnonere at the time the crime way committed; that
or indicted therefor, and his record respecting crime oth



FIELD BULLETINE

PETITION FILED FOR MORTON SOBELL

ASKING NEW PRESIDENT TO FREE HIM

JUSTICE DEPARTMENT NOW

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April 26, 14-1

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* * *

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HAMILTON IN

NEW YORK POST, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1961



Love Story

MURRAY KEMPTON

Last April 5 began the eleventh year since Mrs. Helen Sobell sat in Federal Court and heard her husband sentenced to 30 years in prison for the crime of

Someone recollected the other day that, as she was leaving, a deputy United States Marshal came over to her, in an impulse of kindness, and said, "Look, dearle, take my advice. Forget him, change your name and find a job something the said of the

Morton Sobell's name and fate are, of course, hound up with that of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, who died in Sing Sing at atomic spies. He was tried with the Rosenbergs, but the government never charged him with atomic espionage. His conviction will not be debated here, except to mention the front that not even the government ever seems to have known just what military secret Morton Sobell stole. Morton Sobell's name and fate are, of

2. 22 It may be hard for our children to believe that ten years ago it was a common assumption that the Russians were so primitive in science as to be incapable of developing an atom bomb without stealing it from us.

Still there was a time when society Still there was a time when society believed that what we had to fear from the Soviets was not scientific competition but technical pilferage. In such an atmosphere the breaking of an unconfessed spy seemed a military necessity. Sobell was sent at once to Alcatraz, the maximum security prison for viothe maximum security prison for violent prisoners, and kept there for five years, off and on in solitary confine-ment. Still he professed himself innocer.t.

the deputy marshal's kindly advice that she forget. Instead, she has spent 10

years struggling for his release.
One of the worst aspects of being one of the worst aspects of being a prisoner is that you are cut off from the sight of private men. You communicate only with bureaucracies; you are the subject of regulations. Morton Scholl was in Addition Sobell was in addition a man most of us had never seen. He had also been convicted of espionage which meant that most of the persons Helen Sobell had to approach would rather not think about him. Still she has, with her love and memory, worked a kind of miracle; she has carried his buried face about in public places, and she has touched the conscience of of an extraordinary group of persons, from Max Eastman to Bertrand Russell, from Senator Metcalf to Sidney Hook.

Many of these supporters believe that Morton Sobell must have been that Morton Sobell must have been guilty of something. But they have all come to share the view that he has been punished past the limit of whatever crime he committed, and that he is now only the object of a vengeance even more cruel because its passion has passed has passed.

We have a new President and a new Attorney General, and there uses again the hope in Helen Sobell that one of all these different appeals may move them.

That hope has reason to endure. The Sobells have earned it incause they have demonstrated invicante humanity. Not long ago Sobel, set down his latest appeal for executive elementy. It was a document of dipripy and resignation and or great marion and to great marion and the set of nation, and at great variance with the image of a man who could hardly have been handed so heavy a burden if a jury long ago had not believed him a Communist.

"After over a decad" of imprison-ment, prison has become a way of life for me while the recollections of a past life have become distant visions akin to dreams. Thus, as punishment, prison is without meaning. For like akin to greams. Thus, as punishment, prison is without meaning. For, like pain or hunger—or even joy—when continued for long periods it ceases to exist in the commonly understood sense... How could I a nyince—that I apply aim to be a useful member of I only aim to be a useful member of society?"

Yet someone sometime will be vinced, because Morion Schell come, through after 10 years to us as human and not mechanical, a piece of fies and not a case. And that mirael would not be possible if his wife hand the enforced upon us the presence of his face. Yet someone sometime will be his face.

reprinted as a public service by The Committee To Secure Justice for Morton Sobell AL 4-9983 940 Broadway, N. Y. C.

"CRY OUT WITH US FOR FREEDOM!"

To Our Dear Friends,

As the mother and wife of Morton Sobell, we are saddened and angry to report to you that the Justice Department has refused Morton's plea for freedom. When the Kennedy Administration took office and said Morton's case would get fresh study, our hopes were high. Now the appeals by thousands of Americans, the urging by some of the most distinguished leaders of our country, have met with a cruel "no."

Simultaneously, in an affront to decency, President Kennedy promoted to the U.S. Court of Appeals Judge Irving Kaufman, whose claim to fame is decresing death for the Rosenbergs and the 30-year sentence for Morton Sobell. This judge, whose hysteria disgraced our nation, became known as the "hanging judge" throughout the world.

We cannot accept the kind of America which rewards a Kaufman and prolongs the torture of an innocent man now in his 12th year of prison.

As a family, our bodies are weary and our hearts are heavy. Morton is ill and must undergo surgery. We will keep on fighting. This week we picketed the White House. Next week we will picket the UN. We will cry out with all our strength. We will appeal to everyone, everywhers. We will fight day and night. We will be heard in every corner of the earth.

We are sure that you too will never take "no" for an answer. All of our faith in people and friends tells us that we will not be alone. We know that it is only with your help that we can succeed.

At this crucial moment, we implore you: CRY OUT WITH US FOR FREEDOM:...Write President Kennedy, The White House, Washington, D.C., telling him you do not accept a refusal from the Justice Department to free Morton Sobell. You rely on the President to act for justice.

Write or phone our Sobell Committee, 940 Broadway, New York City (PHONE: AL 4-9983). We do need your support for the tremendous national actions we are about to launch. We need your dollars... Hear our plea, for Morton's sake, for our country's sake, and for your own freedom.

Rose Sobell

brd

Helen Tobell

REVEREND PETER MCCOMMACK SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Former Protestant Chaptain at Alcatraz

Dear Friend:

During my period of service at Alcatraz, I came into close contact with all of the prisoners. I feel satisfied that I can evaluate human character quite accurately.

Through the years of my association at Alcatraz with Morton Sobell, I became more and more impressed with his innocence. This led me to make a studied investigation of his record at the prison as well as the trial record of the Rosenberg-Sobell case. The more I studied, the more convinced I became of the man's innocence. I feel so keenly about this case, and to state it frankly, somewhat ashamed that the courts of our land could be so influenced by public opinion fed by the hysteria of the McCarthy era, that I have set out in an address under the title "ALCATRAZ WAS MY PARISH" my evaluation of the man and the injustice perpetrated upon him by detaining him still in Atlanta penitentiary.

He is a man of fine intellect, of noble character, healthy-minded, a loyal American, a devoted husband and father, a noble son of humble but noble family. Yet the record still shows that here is a man, falsely accused, cruelly treated, sentenced on the flimsy testimony of a self-confessed perjurer and still suffering within prison walls.

The cry for justice has sounded many times through the centuries from the time of Amos the Prophet down to the present. To me no cry has had such merit to it as the cry for justice for Morton Sobell. I am satisfied if the Clergy of this land, whose mission it is to "seek justice and judgment," would acquaint themselves with this case, the relentless pressure of that segment of public opinion would compel our courts to re-open the case, freeing it from perjury, politics and prejudice, and in the light of honor and truth restore Morton Sobell to his rightful place as an American citizen, a man vindicated by the weight of public opinion and the justice and honor that we are entitled to expect to emanate from the courts of our land.

Please read this testimony to Morton Sobell from his chaplain at Alcatraz. We must match his courage with our courage until justice is granted. Will you join with the hundreds of clergymen from various parts of the country who have signed the enclosed appeal?

Rev. Thomas Kilgore, Jr. Friendship Baptist Church

Rabbi Jacob J. Weinstein

930 East 50th Street Chicago, Illinois Paul behinenn

Dr. Paul Lehmann Harvard Divinity School Cambridge, Massachusetts

Roland # Bainto

Professor Roland H. Bainton Yale Divinity School New Haven, Connecticut Sincerely yours,

Rev. Peter In Cormac

Rev. Peter McCormack

BY MRS. MORTON SOBELL

LCATRAZ

Ξ

Three thousand miles is fac? It but begins your journey.

Once there a boatman seans a list And beckons mances on boards Ferries them across—— Across the sea of death? No, and death, not even dying. Life is there, and loving.

Arrived? Arrived?
Not yet arrived.
When you have passed through the eye, (The magnetic eye of Alcatraz which Warns its master with its ringing.)
Then you must censor
The heart that always hopes.
And hold it from its leaping.

The happy ending now?
The sweetest kiss, the rembrace
That brushes off the heavy dust
Of ever present yearning?
And hand in hand to live the words
That part the lips and make
Of time and distance, nothing?
Of triat and terror, nothing?

It was not like that,

Kiss the wall and caress the glass. Feast, after your lonesome fast. Cherish this joy, gather your pleasure. Engriness demands it back, full measure.

Here is studied destruction, Scorched sorrow engalfed by shifting sand. Madly we fill and empty our cops. Our moments beyond our command. We must drink of our love, taste of our truth, Seconds must be the days, the years, of our Youth.

Ours were not the shoulders that were missing.
Ours was not the silent voice unheard.
Together (ife and secretimaphonds.
Salute the birthelay of the world.

With work and hope we have hailed your coming, Gladly bent our backs to bring you bere.

We have built for you a place of beauty, Let us laugh and ery at your rejoicing,

Come, my glorious brother, laugh with me, Take my hand, my sister, clasp it joytully, Children, come, your father stands here free, It is the birthday of the world,

PREF

ECENT'I CZ

Enough of hearthreak, cough of fears, There has been enough, Not for thirty, but for ten thousand years, Sicel and stone are not crushed with tents flow long is suffering. How deep, low wide?

First the fat years, then the lean, Now the terror cleaned with death, Young death, married death, father death, Mother death, passes now. Slowly passes now the terror, Rent now, the web of blackened grief Heavy hung with tears of fire, Loosed, the unvoiced screams awake, retire.

A liberating shatter blast,

There comes an ending,

Timbered up with projes of time.

low much grief-ore can be mixed

Is your heather to suffer as long as Redomption, As deep, as wide?

His head shall carry high, His chains will stretch and break, The cry of ravished troth Shall cause the very earth to shake,

Who dared to mark him for destruction!
Who is the one who sought to mark him Judes, Cain,
With the blood of the lamb, has your brother been slain?
Where is his Joseph's coat of many colors,
Whose the decree, that he shall be in Alcatraz,
And exil men shall walk free?
Go to the pit where he was thrown,
Erase this Iniquity.

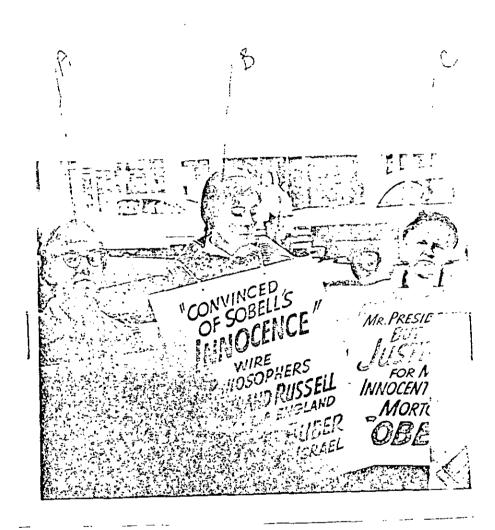
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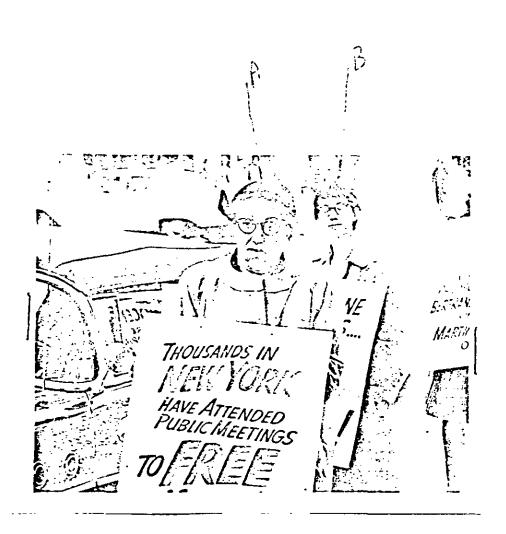
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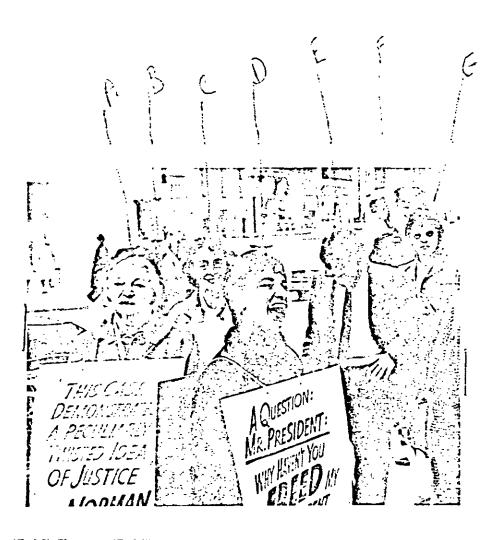
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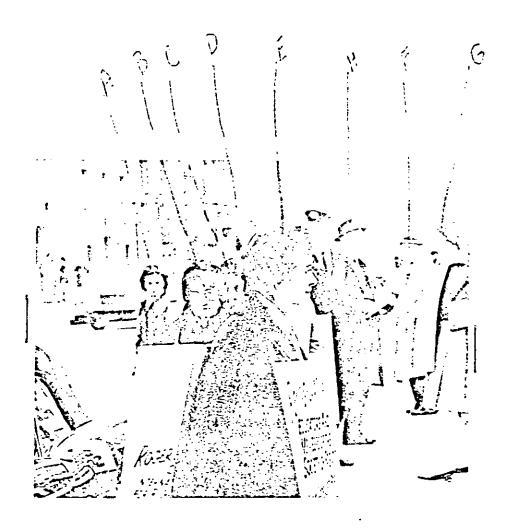
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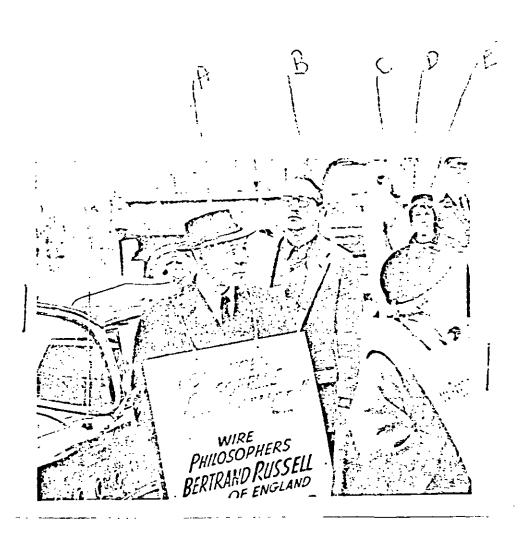
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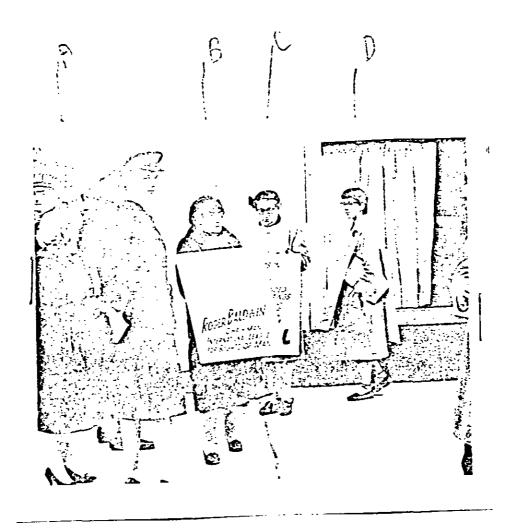


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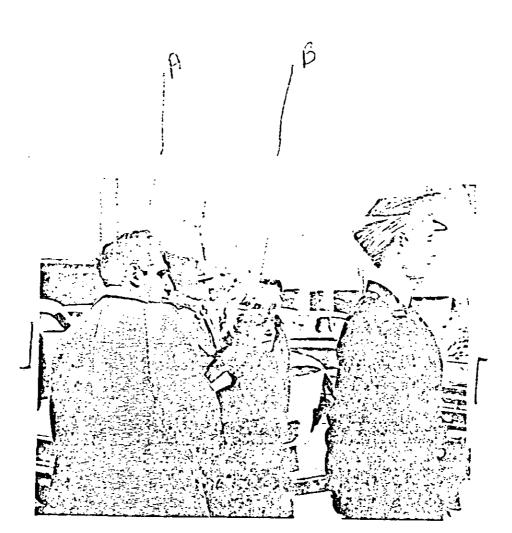
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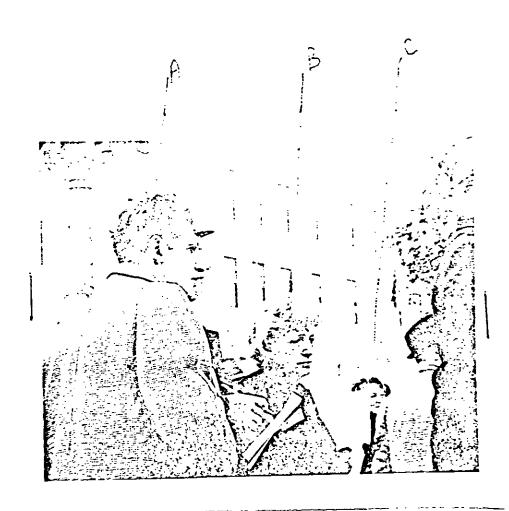
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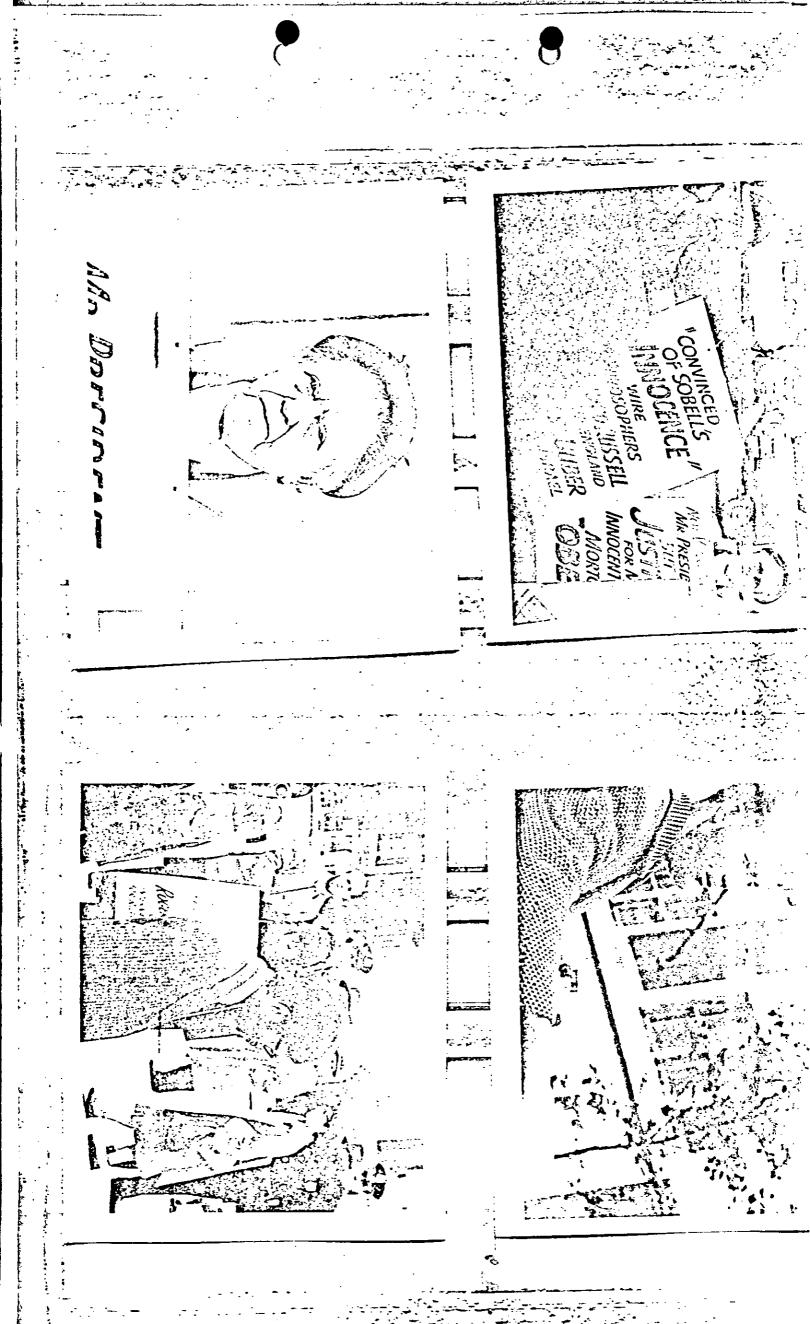
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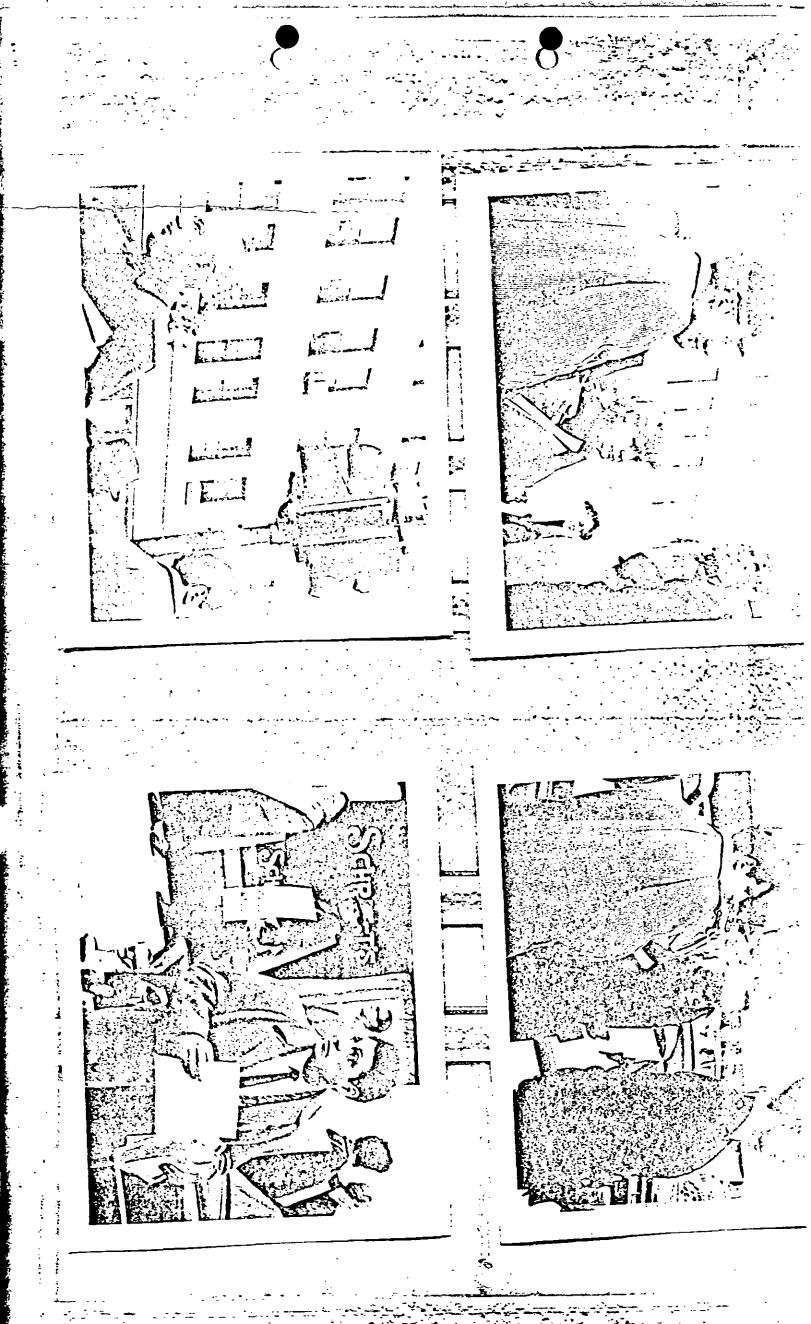
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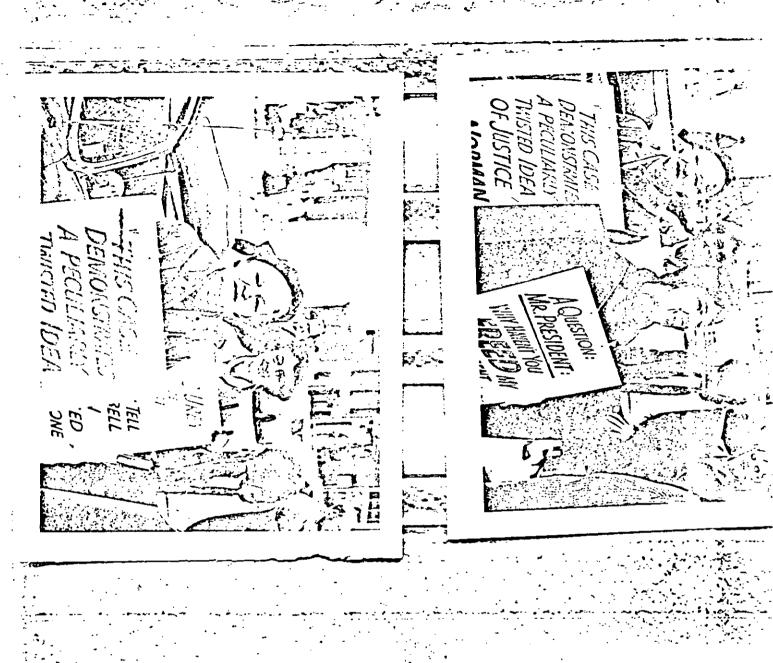




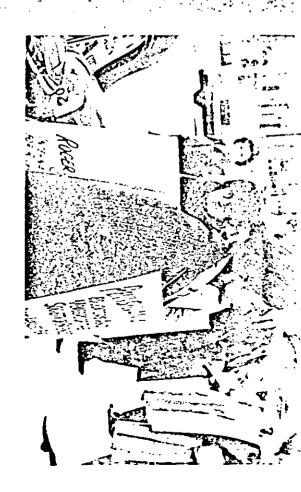


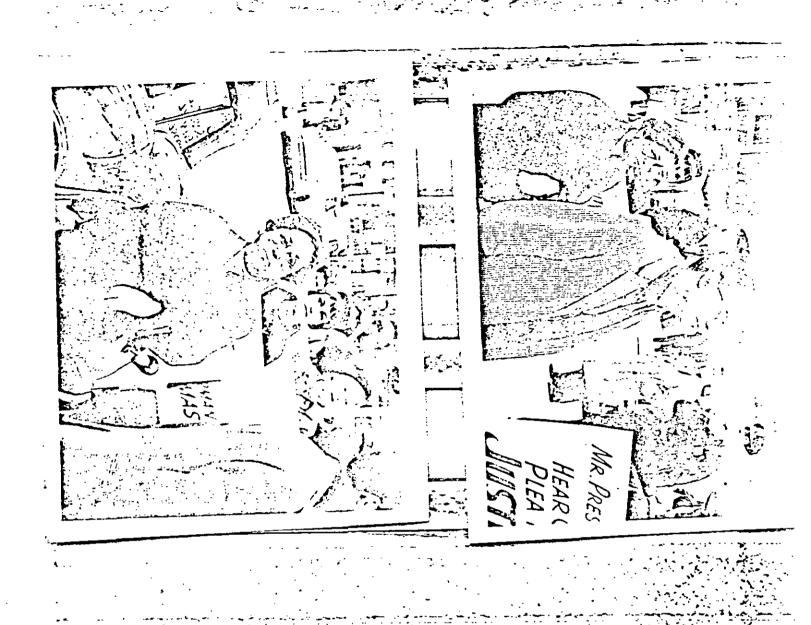




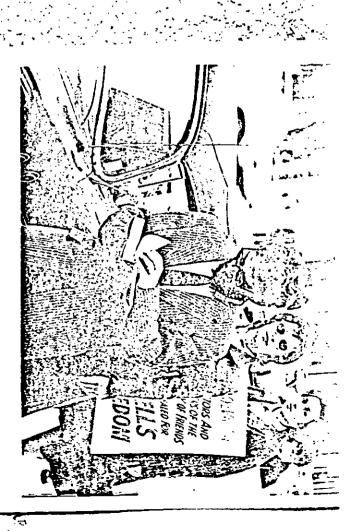


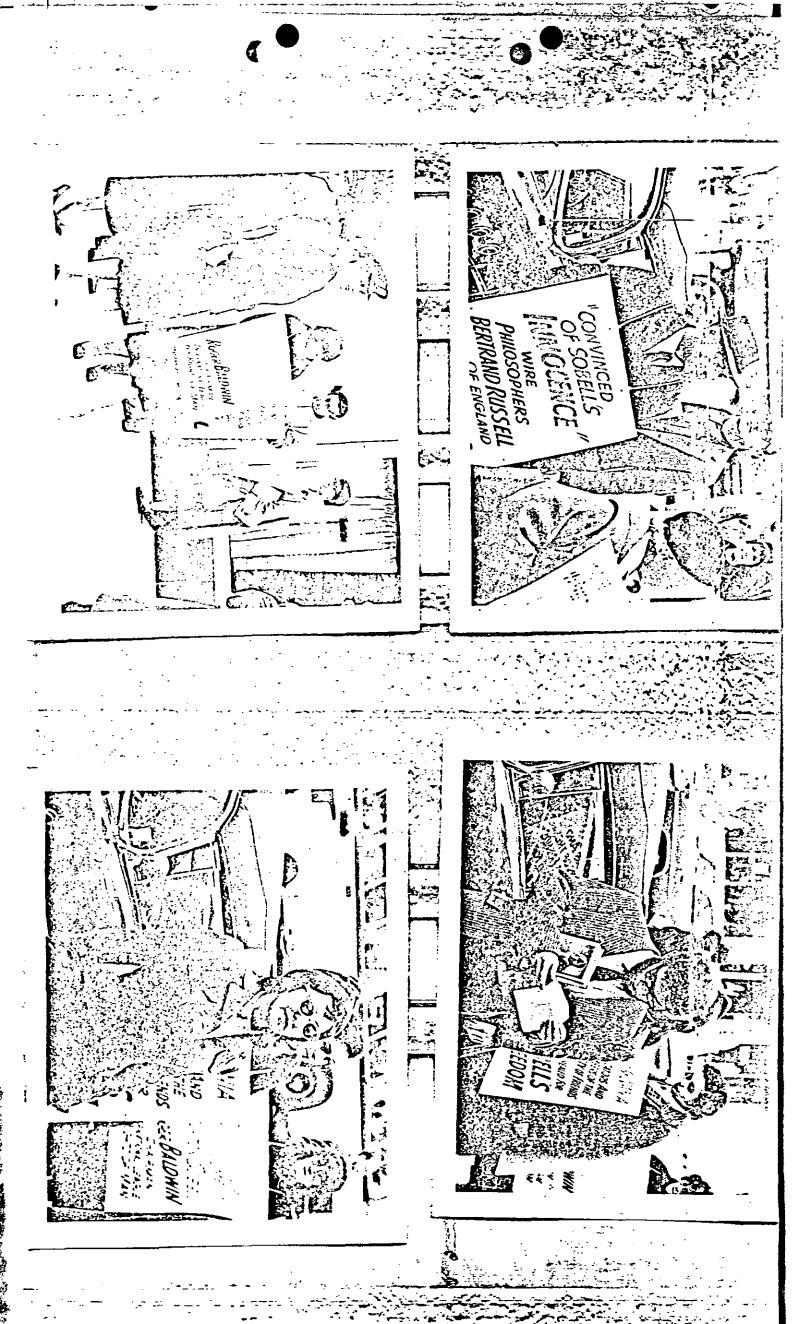


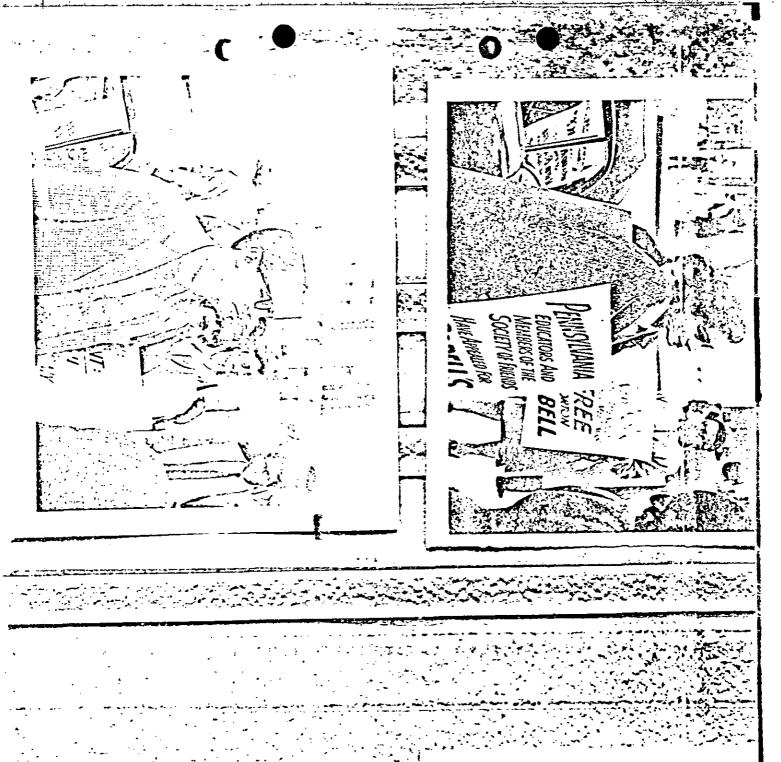




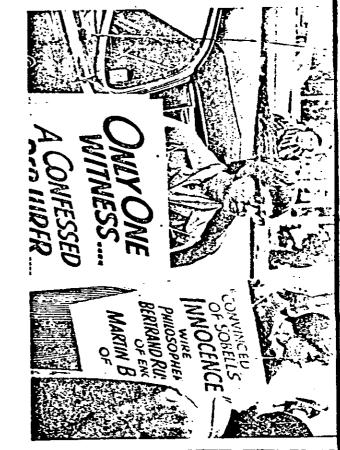


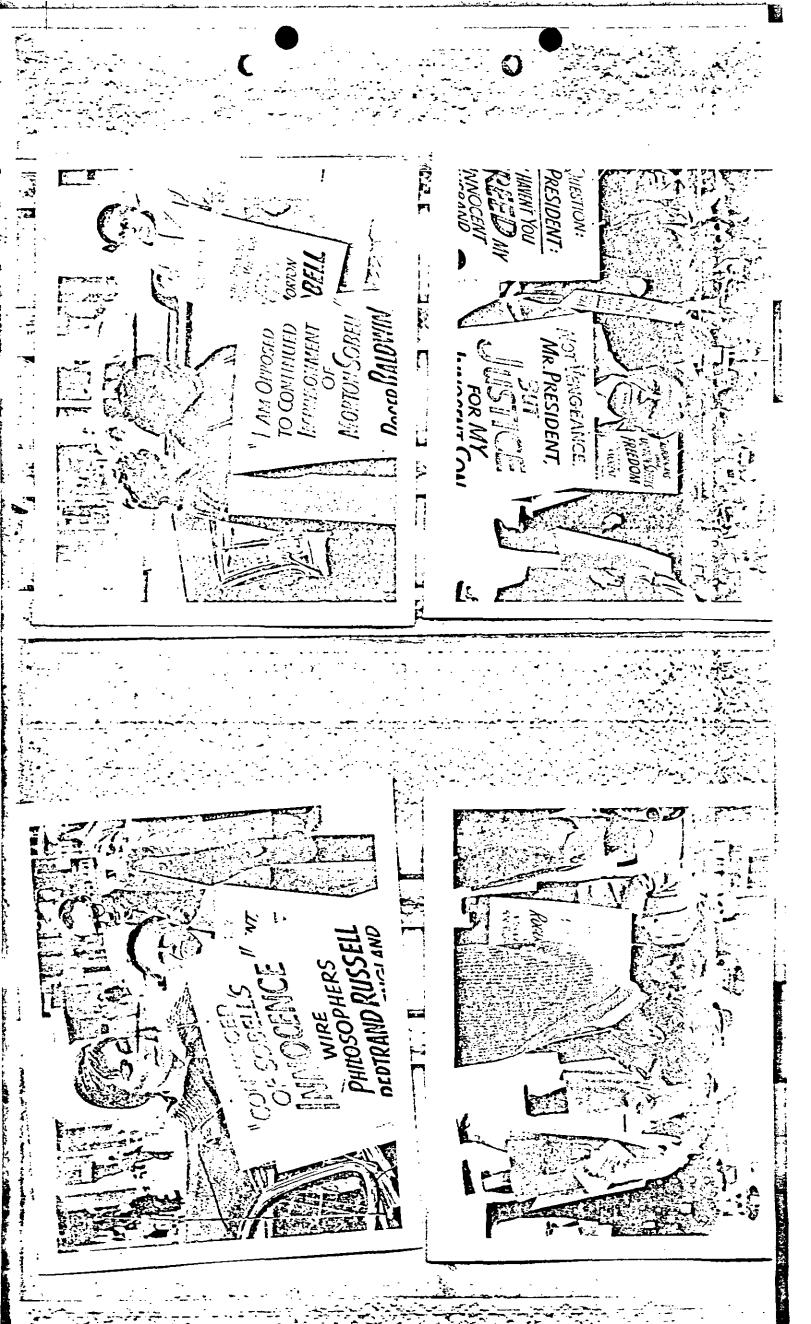












From The REVEREND PETER MCCC SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Former Protestant Chaplain at Alcairaz

Dear Friend:

During my period of service at Alcatraz, I came into close contact with all of the prisoners. I feel satisfied that I can evaluate human character quite accurately.

Through the years of my association at Alcatraz with Morton Sobell, I became more and more impressed with his innocence. This led me to nake a studied investigation of his record at the prison as well as the trial record of the Rosenberg-Sobell case. The more I studied, the more convinced I became of the man's innocence. I feel so keenly about this case, and to state it frankly, somewhat ashamed that the courts of our land could be so influenced by public opinion fed by the hysteria of the McCarthy era, that I have set out in an address under the title "ALCATRAZ WAS MY PARISH" my evaluation of the man and the injustice perpetrated upon him by detaining him still in Atlanta penitentiary.

He is a man of fine intellect, of noble character, healthy-minded, a loyal American, a devoted husband and father, a noble son of humble but noble family. Yet the record still shows that here is a man, falsely accused, cruelly treated, sentenced on the flimsy testimony of a self-confessed perjurer and still suffering within prison walls.

The cry for justice has sounded many times through the centuries from the time of Amos the Prophet down to the present. To me no cry has had such merit to it as the cry for justice for Morton Sobell. I am satisfied if the Clergy of this land, whose mission it is to "seek justice and judgment," would acquaint themselves with this case, the relentless pressure of that segment of public opinion would compel our courts to re-open the case, freeing it from perjury, politics and prejudice, and in the light of honor and truth restore Morton Sobell to his rightful place as an American citizen, a man vindicated by the weight of public opinion and the justice and honor that we are entitled to expect to emanate from the courts of our land.

Please read this testimony to Morton Sobell from his chaplain at Alcatraz. We must match his courage with our courage until justice is granted. Will you join with the hundreds of clergymen from various parts of the country who have signed the enclosed appeal?

Thomas Kilgore, Jr. Friendship Baptist Church

AM Jemple Jacob J. 930 East 50th Street Chicago, Illinois

thul behinsen Dr. Paul Lehmann

Harvard Divinity School Cambridge, Massachusetts

Professor Roland H. Bainton Yale Divinity School

New Haven, Connecticut

Sincerely yours,

Rev. Peter Marmack

Rev. Peter McCormack

IFor further inform Committee to Secure Justice

for MORTON TODELL 940 EPONDWAY NEW YORK 10, N.Y.

AL 4-9983

An Appeal to President Kennedy

Morion Sobeli's appeal for freedom is now before our new President, John F. Kennedy.

There is every hope that the President, in keeping with his Administration's policy of thoroughly reviewing matters important to our country, will art to free Morton Sobell.

Your letter to the President urging freedom for Morton Sobell, or an inquiry into the facts, will be of the utmost importance. It will let him know of your support for positive action that he decides to take.

Please write your letter today to:

PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

P49440+410+4164941
Committee to Secure Justice For Morton Sobell 940 Broadway, New York 10, N.Y.
I have written to President Kennedy on the Sobell case.
Please send me more information on the case Enclosed find a contribution of S
Name
Address
City and State



The Case of Morton Sobell



A Sermon by
RABBI PHILIP HOROWITZ
Congregation Brith Emeth
Cleveland, Ohio



1204

Sabbath Evening Service December 23, 1960

Tonight we speak of the case ag inst Morton Sobell. I believe that this cas, will take its place in the history of these United States of America as one of the greatest miscarriages of justice that has ever occurred in our legal system, ranking with the Suco-Vanzetti and the Scottsboro cases. No interest in this matter stems back almost to the time of its inception in 1950. The was a time of great fear and great hys was I ought to remind you that in the autumn of 1949 we learned that the Russians could make the atomic bomb. In the winter which followed we believed, amid much hysterical discussion, excitement and fear, that Russia had sufficient information to create the hydrogen bomb. This was a time which followed closely upon the disclosures of estionage on the part of Klaus Fuchs, a British National, of high reputation and stan ii .g in the world of physics, who had delivered information to the Russians for purpo es of manufacturing such a bomb. This was a time when McCarthyism was rearing its uy bead in these United States of America and when ali sorts of organizations were accused, some correctly and some otherwise, of being Communist front organizations. This was a time when loyalty purges were beginning to take place, when great fears were expressed for the safety of individuals who were in the government service.

It was at such a time when Morton Sobell was indicted-in October of 1950, together with Julius and Ethel Rosenberg-for conspiring to commit espionage. It was charged that they had transmitted information relating to the defense of the United States to a toleign power-the Soviet Union. The trial of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, and Morton Sobell took place in March of 1951. All of them were convicted. The Rosenbergs were sentenced to death and were subsequently executed, and Morton Sobell was sentenced to thirty years in prison. Until 1958 he served his sentence at Aleatraz, and since then he has been serving in the Federal Pen-itentiary in Atlanta. Please remember that on February the 9th of 1950, the late Senator McCarthy made his first speech at Wheeling. W. Va., holding in his hand the list of 205 alleged members of the Communist party serving in the Federal Government. While the trial began on March 6th of 1951, it is good to remember that on March the 8th of 1951, the Committee on UnAmerican Activities opened its famous hearing on Hollywood and the Motion Picture Industry. This was hardly a time for calm reflection or considered judgment. It was a time of fear-ridden panie, of chaotic and intemperate action. I think most of us have become very ashamed of the many things we did during that time. We have become very ashamed of what we had permitted others to do at that time.

About two and one-half years ago, a Unitarian minister traveling from Washington to California, stopped off in Cleveland. Ohio. Rev. Gaede came to see me at the Fairmount Temple in an attempt to enlist the interest of local rabbis and ministers in this case. A national committee had formed to

CLEVELAND PLAIN DEALER.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 24.

Sobell Victim of His Times, Rabbi Holds

Morton Schell, convicted in 1951 of conspiracy to passistentic secrets to Russia, was a victim of what seems to be "a victions form of anti-Semitism," compounded by Jews, Rabb. Pailip Horowitz said last night in his sermon.

The rabbi, who has studied the Sphell case for 200 years and who last month presented petitions to the government asking elemency or a new trial for Sphell, told his Erith Emeth congregation:

secure justice for Morton Sopell. Some of the great luminaries who lent their names and their efforts to this enterprise were Reinhold Nichbur, the famous theologian, Malcolm Sharp, Professor of Law at the University of Chicago, Bertrand Russell, Martin Buber of Israel, Prof. Thomas Emerson of the Yale University Law School, Dr. Horace Kallen, Research Professor of Philosophy at the New School for Social Research, Dr. Paul Lehmann, distinguished theologian of the Harvard Divinity School, Dr. Gardner Morphy of the famed Menninger Foundation at Topeka, Kansas, and many, many others too numerous to mention.

I was sufficiently interested by what Dr. Gaede had to say that I called upon several colleagues in the Reform Rabbinate here in

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Cleveland. All of them responded most generously and enthusiastically. Please understand that at that time I was far from con-vinced of Sobell's innocence. The only basis upon which I considered my intervention in this matter was on the question of mercy and clemency. But though I assumed Sobell's guilt. I was perfectly willing to go ahead with the assumption that such a case warranted a review by some presidential board with the end in mind of a possible pardon. I do not vindicate myself by this statement. I refer to this story as an oddyssey of one man's conscience. I suspect it was typical, and it is typical of many people in the United States. Most of us had only some vague knowledge. We might remember the petitions which were issued at the time preceding the Rosenberg executions asking for elementy. We had some vague idea about Morton Sobell being involved in some kind of atomic espionage. Many of us were convinced and are convinced that it's too hot a potato to handle and so we say on the sidelines.

75.

Last March or April I saw Rev. Gaede again. At that time I mentioned to him my hope to bring this matter before the forthcoming Convention of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, that is the national organization of Reform rabbis. In all fairness to such a presentation I thought that I ought to prepare myself in some detail with the matters which I was about to present. I therefore acquired and read the 8 volumes of the Court Record on the matter of Morton Sobell, pamphlet material relating to it, and two books, one by John Wexley entitled: "The Judgment of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg." running to some 670 pages, the other, far more instructive, by Prof. Malcolm Sharp, with an introduction by Harold C. Urey, the distinguished nuclear physicist, entitled: "Was Justice Done? The Rosenberg-Sobell Case." Suffice it to say that I was gradually convinced that the

very least that could be done at such a point would be for the leading rabbinical organization in the world to request the passage of a resolution pleading for a presidential hearing and review of this case. I am proud to be associated with the Central Conference of American Rabbis and its resolution of June, 1960, passed in Detroit, requesting such a review of the Sobell Case.

Here are some of the very serious objections that helped me form my conviction. I should like to share with you the terrible qualms of conscience which have pin used me these last months. All of what I have to say to you is the distillation of intermation which I have read, particularly in the eight volumes of the Court Record. With I am not by training a lawyer, may I remind you that this was the court record pur before a jury whose function it was to judge the credibility of what had been admitted before it.

- 1) It came as a shock to me to discover that Morton Sobell was never implicated by anyone with atomic espionage for which the Rosenbergs were convicted.
- 2) The United States Supreme Court has never reviewed the case nor parsed upon the merits of the trial.
- 3) Judge Jerome Frank of the United States Court of Appeals stated that Morton Sobell should have had a new trial because his case should have been separated from the atomic espionage conspiracy accusations against the Rosenbergs.
- 4) Only one witness gave any testimony connecting Morton Sobell with the conspiracy to commit espionage and this witness. Max Elitcher. a self-confessed perjure, tainted, admitted on the stand that the Fish knew about his perjury; that he was testifying in hopes that he would not be proceeded. By the way, he never was. Besides which, his

was accomplice testimony, always believed to be weak and suspect, and according to Jewish jurisprudence, never admissable in a properly constituted court of law.

It is also true that there are many states in the Union that will not admit accomplice testimony. However, it is important to keep in mind that in Federal cases accomplice testimony is permissible provided that the presiding judge properly instructs the jury as to the weakness of such testimony. This witness's testimony that of Max Elitcher, was uncorroborated, and replete with contradictions, inconsistencies, and implausibilities.

- 5) There were no specific overt acts listed against Sobell in the indictment. The complaint on which he was arrested listed five dates on which "Morton Sobell had conversation with Julius Rosenberg."
- 6) The prosecution never claimed at the trial that Sobell gave or received any classified information.
- 7) The Appeals court at one point alluded to the "wholly reprehensible" conduct of the prosecution and indicated that a new trial would have been justified had the defense objected in time.

And underlying all of these preceding points I must remind you of the hysteria of that time which was so burdensome upon Morton Sobell and his attorneys. I was shocked in reading the record to discover that the attorneys could not learn what Morton Sobell was accused of doing in order to prepare a defense. At the trial itself, the attorneys, faced with the choice of putting Sobell on the stand in an inflamed atmosphere or resting on his plea of innocence according to Constitutional guarantees preferred the latter and so Sobell did not take the stand. To this day that infamous McCarthy aide, Roy Cohn, a member of the prosecution team. holds that not taking the stand indicated Sobell's guilt. What a terrible commentary on the right of an individual to use a Consultational guarantee. What a terrible commer tary on the misinterpretation of such rightful, vercises in moments of extreme tension. I'v n if his guilt is assumed, the sentence against Morton Sobell, the thirty year sentence is far out of proportion. Klaus Fuchs, a self-confessed spy was sentenced to fourteen years of which he served only nine, and is free to day, Allan Nunn May was sentenced to ten mars of which he served only six years and eight months. Both of these were convicted under British law. David Greenglass, another selfconfessed conspirator who testified against his sister and brother-in-law, was convicted to fifteen years, served a little over nine and was just recently set free. But Morton Sobell continues to serve. Even persons accus d of treason in war time, acting on behalf of enemy powers, have been accorded fa less severe sentences. Might I remind you that at the time of some of these acts of conspiracy. the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics was an ally on the side of these United States in a war against Naulism. The judge, Irving Kaufman, based his hard sentence on the premise that Russia had been able to obtain the atomic bomb because of this kind of espionage No reputable scientist today, even conceding the help which this espionage may have given, will accept the truth of this state-ment. They claim it is a distortion and a harmful illusion that prevented our country from having a true picture of Russia's scientissic capabilities. Besides. Morton Sobell was not even accused of atomic espionage. He was only victimized by the attitudes of the time. And though today the atmosphere has changed, he remains a prisoner of till infamous epoch of American McCarthyism. All the law journals which have studied this case have indicated that Sobel did not receive justice. No law review has yet held that Sobell's sentence was a proper one.

One of the side occurrences conected with

this case was the manner in which Morton Sobell and his family were abducted when he went to Mexico to live in an apartment under his own name arranging for diaper service and milk service for his infant child, under his his own name. The Mexican Secret Service police, in plain clothes, entered the apartment ore night, siezed Sobell, took him out to a car, beat him into unconsciousness and drove him to the border of the United States and there turned him over to the agents of our government who were ready and waiting for him. It became abundantly clear that the abduction was instigated and arranged by the FBI. Although they have had an opportunity to deny this, they have not done so. The action is as illegal as it was outrageous, the behavior of a police state unworthy of the government of our United States. This was an action which was highly prejudicial to the trial of Morton Sobell because it precluded the possibility of his returning voluntarily. When it was presented to jury, it was dramatized as an indication that Morton Sobell had a guilty conscience and was attempting to flee. Subsequent events have completely disproven this premise.

The entire case against Morton Sobell rested upon Max Elitcher's testimony. The one overt action to which he testified was that one night, when he drove in with his wife and child from Washington to the home of Morton Sobell, he believed that he was followed by agents of the FBI. And when he related such information to Sobell. Morton took what Elitcher believed to be a 35 mm film can, and together they drove the ten miles from Flushing. L.I. to Knickerbocker Village in the city of New York to deliver this can to Julius Rosenberg, apparently oblivious of any possibility that the FBI might be following. By the way, the contents of this can were never disclosed, nor was there

any testimony to prove that there was anything in such a can, indeed that such a can existed.

This then, dear friends, is the case against Morton Sobell.

The reason for his conviction, a self-confessed ex-Communist perjurer, self-confessed liar, and betrayer. For myself, I do not trust Communists, and I do not trust any ex-Communists, who in the excess of the pious wish to cleanse themselves of their mevious sins, are perfectly willing to throw brokkbats and accusations helter and skelter, in the hope of finding salvation for themselves.

I believe that Morton Sobell was a victim of a vicious form of self-hatred, of negative anti-Semitism. Irving Kaufman the judge was a Jew: Irving Soypol, the prosecutor, was a Jew and I suspect all of the reactions stem from the fact that they wanted to prove to the world around them that they would take care of this Jew who was a source of embarrassment to them.

I believe that this case has proven to be of great embarrassment to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, to others of our government agencies, because Morton Sobell would not testify against Julius Rosenberg as they would have wished him to testify. This, then, was the form of his punishment, to languish in jail and to feel the full effect of those who refused to cooperate with a government agency.

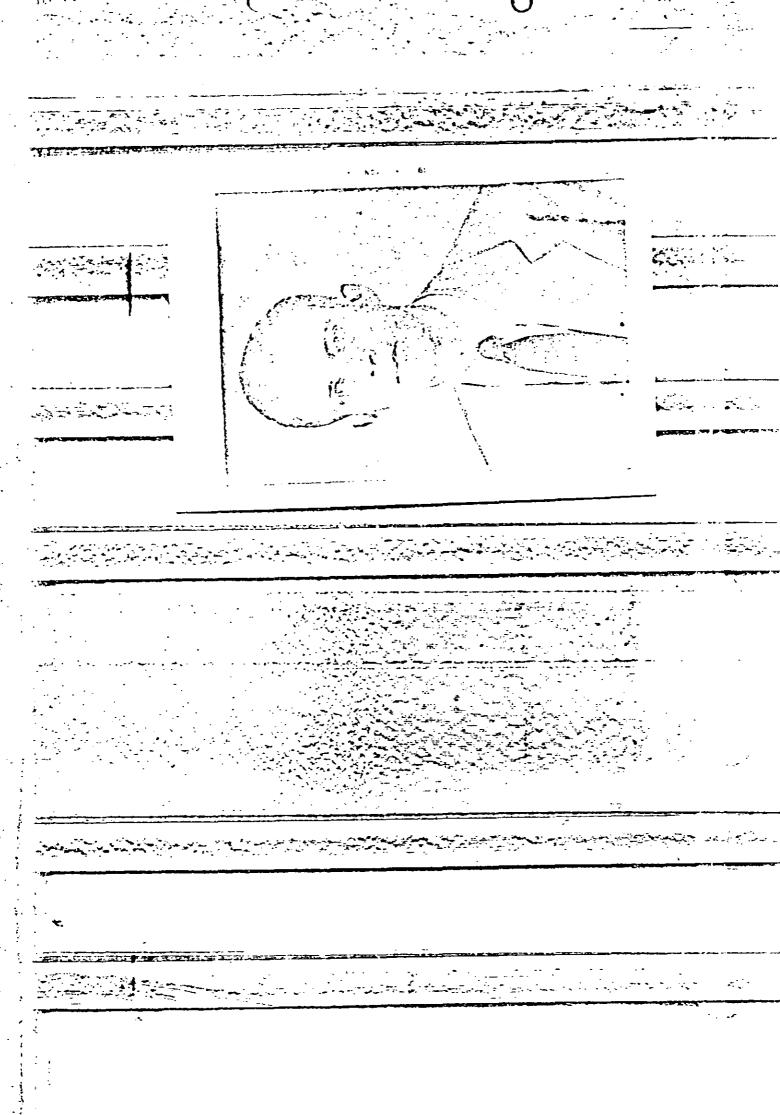
I wonder if the reason for the recent disclosure of the arrest of Dr. Soblen of New York, and radio and newspaper announcements of his relationship to a brother who is in the penitentiary, was an attempt to confuse the American public about Morton Sobell, whose appeals were being conducted in Washington. The Dr. Soblen, who was arrested is no relation whatever to Morton Sobell.

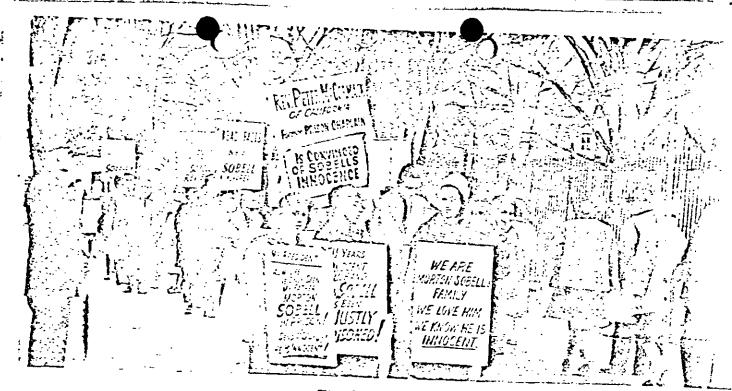
nor is Jack Soble who is presently a convicted spy, any relation to Morton Sobell.

I believe with all my heart that this is an opportunity before this great democratic country, following its Judaeo-Christian ethic, to right a great wrong, and I appeal to each and everyone of you, to write your letter to your Senators, and particularly to the President, to correct what has been a great miscarriage of what is right.

"Let Justice rise up as the waters, and Mercy like a mighty stream."

AMEN





The White House, Washington, D.C., November 2

1204

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FUT YOURSELF IN THIS PICTURE 36 For Morton Scholl - For Our Country's Honor



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AT THE WHITE HOUSE

AN ALL-DAY, ALL-NIGHT VIGIL

THROUGH ALTERNATING SHIFTS

SATURDAY and SUNDAY, DECEMBER 16 - 17

The spirit of our new direct action program is catching on.

In the space of a few weeks millions have been reached... There was coast to coast newspaper and radio coverage of the dramatic encounter the Sobell family and a public picket line had with Attorney General Robert Kennedy in New York. "Free my father," pleaded Mark Sobell, and his words were heard across the land.... There was national TV, picture and written press reports of the Sobell family petitioning the President on Thanksgiving Day in Hyannis Port.

The public has begun to increase direct action... In New York a crowd gathered in the rain to petition the United Nations for intervention... In Washington people from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and the District of Columbia walked before the White House on Sunday, November 26.

We're going back to the White House.... This time we will stress that the fight for justice never stops—with a round-the-clock vigil at the White House SATURDAY and SUNDAY, DECEMBER 16 - 17.... Walking in shifts, we'll begin at 2:30 p.m. on Saturday and go straight through the night and the following day until 5 p.m.... We're arranging transportation both days....housing for those staying overnight. We're planning shifts, so that everyone can make a concribation

Will you help us multiply for justice? We need you. Give us your hand. Walk with us

SOBELL COMMITTEE, 940 Broadway, New York 10, N. Y. Al. 4,0002

SOBELL COMMITTEE, 940 Broadway, New York 10, N. Y. AL 4-9983
Chartered bus service: Special buses will leave New York for Washington on Saturda morning, Dec. 16th and Sunday morning, Dec. 17th, returning to New York Sunday enting, at \$10 round trip.
Please reserve place(s) on bus _ Saturday a.m Sunday a.m.
Housing: I will require housing for persons for Saturday night
Please arrange free housing. Please reserve hotel room at Name \$ maximum cost daily are

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A Day Of My Life

for MORTON SOBELL for MY COUNTRY'S HONOR

My conscience will not rest while my government continues an injustice. I am not completely free while Morton Sobell remains a prisoner.

My helping hand is joined in the new direct action appeal.

- ☐ I OFFER A DAY OF MY LIFE TO WALK BEFORE THE WHITE HOUSE IN WASHINGTON
 ☐ NOVEMBER 26 ☐ DECEMBER 17
- THE I WISH TO JOIN THE SOBELL WALK IN MY OWN CITY. PLEASE CALL ON ME.
- TI OFFER A DAY OF MY LIFE FOR MAILING AND DISTRIBUTING MATERIAL ON THE CASE.
- SEND ME_____COPIES OF THE NEW SOBELL NEWSPAPER.
- G I CONTRIBUTE \$_____FROM MY DAY'S PAY.

Return Pledge and Contribution in this postage-free envelope to

SOBELL COMMITTEE

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Former Protestant Chaplain at Alcatraz

Dear Friend:

During my period of service at Alcatraz, I came into close contact with all of the prisoners. I feel satisfied that I can evaluate human character quite accurately.

Through the years of my association at Alcatraz with Morton Sobell, I became more and more impressed with his innocence. This led me to make a studied investigation of his record at the prison as well as the trial record of the Rosenberg-Sobell case. The more I studied, the more convinced I became of the man's innocence. I feel so keenly about this case, and to state it frankly, somewhat ashamed that the courts of our land could be so influenced by public opinion fed by the hysteria of the McCarthy era, that I have set out in an address under the title "ALCATRAZ WAS MY PARISH" my evaluation of the man and the injustice perpetrated upon him by detaining him still in Atlanta penitentiary.

He is a man of fine intellect, of noble character, healthy-minded, a loval American, a devoted husband and father, a noble son of humble but not le family. Yet the record still shows that here is a man, falsely accused, cruelly treated, sentenced on the flimsy testimony of a self-confessed perjurer and still suffering within prison walls.

The cry for justice has sounded many times through the centuries from the time of Amos the Prophet down to the present. To me no cry has had such merit to it as the cry for justice for Morton Sobell. I am satisfied if the Clergy of this land, whose mission it is to "seek justice and judgment," would acquaint themselves with this case, the relentless pressure of that segment of public opinion would compel our courts to re-open the case, freeing it from perjury, politics and prejudice, and in the light of honor and truth restore Morton Sobell to his rightful place as an American citizen, a man vindicated by the weight of public opinion and the justice and honor that we are entitled to expect to emanate from the courts of our land.

Please read this testimony to Morton Sobell from his chaplain at Alcatraz. We must match his courage with our courage until justice is granted. Will you join with the hundreds of clergymen from various parts of the country who have signed the enclosed appeal?

Rev. Thomas Kilgore, Jr. Friendship Baptist Church

Rabbi Jacob J. Weinstein 930 East 50th Street Chicago, Illinois Paul behinenn

Dr. Paul Lehmann Harvard Divinity School Cambridge, Massachusetts

Professor Roland H. Bainton Yale Divinity School New Haven, Connecticut Sincerely yours,

Rev. Peter In Cormack

Rev. Peter McCormack

For further information:
Committee to Coome Justic
for MENTON COBELL
940 ENGADY//
NEW YORK 10, N.Y.
AL 4-9983

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Committee To Course Justice For Morion Saliei

940 BTO ADWAY (Entrance on 22nd Street) NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

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FOR INTEDIATE RULEASE

Mrs. Morton Sol Cli Mrs. Rose Sol oll Charmen

HONORARY SPONSULS (parkal listing) Rev. Gr. is W. Alexander David Andrews Rebit J. S. Buls Helm M. Pierawa Leo Francia Rai id Samuel Perset in Har id A. Crossf in al va Den kreft Krmilt l Res. Ed a La Estatthall Mirals Louist Rev. Kemata Harley Lorics Walte Frank Rev. J. Shubert Frye and Desi Mark II Colonar Mal H Rabon M. G. L. and Pr. S. Erwill, G. Geold Sporth Rabil Aver Germani. Dr. A. Erste e Hay be Russ W. Lillager Hay, John Paul Imes Rev. La oth F. Klor Dr. Fuel L. Lehmonn Dr. Milton Lester Duniel G. Mershall Dr. Leo Mayer Milion Mayer Louis F. McCule Rev. Peter McComach Dr. Gardner Murphy Rev. Dryde. Lins'ey Parlis red. Data Provins Howard B. Railet Prof. Anatol Act at 221 Prof. Oscar K. Rice Lerd Berry, Chastes Prof. Malloyan, Starty Dr. D. R. Shurze Sidney Silverman, M.P. Rev. Francis 2. Tacker Dr. Harold C. Urey Mrs. Clara M. Vinceni Rabbi Jacol J. Weinstein

"HELP FREE OUR INNOCENT FATHER",
SOBELL CHILDREN TO PETITION
UNITED NATIONS DIVISION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

To File Appeal at Public UN Demonstration Thursday

NEW YORK--The children of imprisoned American scientist Morton Sobell have written an appeal orgin; the Human Rights Division of the United Nations to intervene to Thelp free our innocent father."

Mark, Sobell's 12 year-old son, and Sydney, 22, his stepdaughter, intend to present an appeal (Editors: see copy enclosed) addressed to Mr. John P. Humphrey, Director of the Human Rights Division. They will file it when a public picket line forms at the United Nations Plaza on Thursday, Nov.16, at 5 P.M. to support the plea for UM action.

Requesting an appointment, Mark and Sydney
Sobell point to the world notables who have asked
freedom for their father, imprisoned more than ill
years on a charge of conspiracy to commit espionage
in the Rosenberg trial. Listed as examples are Lord
Bertrand Russell, Martin Buber, Pablo Casals,
Jean-Paul Sartre, Reinhold Niebuhr, Harold C. Urey,
Linus Pauling and Martin Luther King, Jr.

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Pref. Francis D. Wermith

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that all our family was brutally kidnapped while we were on a vacation in Mexico, that our father was beaten on the head with a gun, that he was told to confess to a crime which he had not committed, and then sent to Alcatraz because he refused to test fy untruthfully against the Rosenbergs, you will feel that something must be done to free him. Only one witness was found to testify against him, and he was an admitted perjurer. But even he never said that Morton Sobell had given or received any kind of classified material. Our father has always said that he is innocent, and we know that that is the truth."

Mrs. Morton Sobell, wife of the imprisoned American, and Rose Sobell, his mother, will participate in the picket line of New Yorkers concerned with the case.

There will be another public picket line at the White House on Sunday, Nov.26, as part of a new direct action program to urge that the Administration of President Kennedy act immediately to free Sobell, now imprisoned in the Atlanta Federal Penitentiary. Note demonstrations are planned in cities across the country.

The Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Schell has published a new four-page newspaper for national distribution calling for persons to "give a day of your life" to help obtain Sobell's freedom.

·####

Copy of Appeal Children of Morton Sobell will Submit To Human Rights Division of United Nations on Thursday, Nov.16,1961.

Mr. John P. Humphrey, Director Division of Human Rights in Economic and Social Affairs The United Mations New York

Dear Kr. Humphrey:

We are the children of Morton Sobell who has been in prison for more than eleven years. We most sincerely request the Human Rights Division of the United Nations to help free our innocent father. Morton Sobell has become the symbol of the concern for justice of eminent leaders throughout the world. Lord Bertrand Russell, Martin Buber, Pablo Casals, Jean Paul Sartre, Peinhold Niebuhr, Harold C. Urey, Linus Fauling, Martin Luther King, Jr. and thousands of others have asked for freedom for our father. A Petition for Executive Clemency, a copy of which is enclosed, has been submitted to President Kennedy. However, he has not acted.

We are sure that when you have looked at this case and know that all our family was brutally kidnapped while we were on a vacation in Mexico, that our father was beaten on the head with a gun; that he was told to confess to a crime which he had not committed, and then sent to Alcatraz because he refused to testify untruthfully against the Rosenbergs, you will feel that something must be done to free him. Only one witness was found to testify against him, and he was an admitted perjurer. But even he never said that Morton Sobell had given or received any kind of classified material. Our father has always said that he is innocent, and we know that that is the truth.

We ask that you give immediate attention to our problem. Since you are part of a world organization, we hope that you will ask our President to free our father, Morton Sobell, right away. We are sure that your recommendation, coming from the Human Rights Division of the United Nations, would convince him to act favorably. Please arrange an appointment for us at your convenience. The world will benefit when our family is re-united.

Very sincerely yours.

s/Mark Sobell s/Sydney Sobell

the CASE of

MORTON SOBELL

Morton Sobell was convicted of espionage along with Julius and Ethel Rosenberg ten years ago. He is now serving a thirty year sentence.

SPEAKER:

Mas. Belen Sobell

Wife of Morton Sobell

The Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell

THURSDAY DEC. 14, 12,15 P.M.

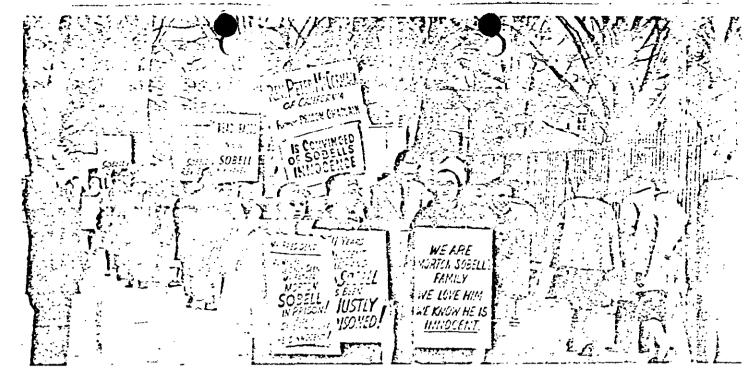
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The White House, Washington, D.C., November 26,

PUT YOURSELF IN THIS PICTURE For Morton Sobell — For Our Country's Konor



Enclosed find \$

AT THE WHITE HOUSE

AN ALL-DAY, ALL-NIGHT VIGIL

THROUGH ALTERNATING SHIFTS

SATURDAY and SUNDAY, DECEMBER 16 - 17

The spirit of our new direct action program is catching on.

In the space of a few weeks millions have been reached... There was coast to coast newspaper and radio coverage of the dramatic encounter the Sobell family and a public picket line had with Attorney General Robert Kennedy in New York. "Free my father," pleaded Mark Sobell, and his words were heard across the land... There was national TV, picture and written press reports of the Sobell family petitioning the President on Thanksgiving Day in Hyannis Port.

The public has begun to increase direct action... In New York a crowd gathered in the rain to petition the United Nations for intervention... In Washington people from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and the District of Columbia walked before the White House on Sunday, November 26.

before the White House on Sunday, November 26. We're going back to the White House.... This time we will stress that the fight for justice never stops -- with a round-the-clock vigil at the White House SATURDAY and SUNDAY, DECEMBER 16 - 17.... Walking in shifts, we'll begin at 2:30 p.m. on Saturday and go straight through the night and the following day until 5 p.m.... We're arranging transportation both days....housing for these staying overnight. We're planning shifts, so that everyone can make a contribution Will you help us multiply for justice? We need you. Give us your hand. Walk with us -----Tear off and return coupon in the green envelope------SOBELL COMMITTEE, 940 Broadway, New York 10, N. Y. AL 4-9983 Chartered bus service: Special buses will leave New York for Washington on Saturda morning, Dec. 16th and Sunday morning, Dec. 17th, returning to New York Sunday ex ing, at \$10 round trip. Please reserve ____ place(s) on bus _ Saturday a.m. _ Sunday a.m. Housing: I will require housing for _____persons for Saturday night. Please arrange free housing. Name Please reserve hotel room at maximum cost daily per person. (For most reasonable Address rates, \$5-\$6, reserve early.) Zone State

Committee To Secure Justice For Morton Schol

940 BROADWAY (Entrance on 22nd Street) NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

Auganquin 4-9903



Mrs. Morton Schell Mrs. Rose Sabell Chalings

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December 8, 1961

HONORARY SPONSORS (partial listing) Rev. Gress W. Alexander D. vid Andreas Robbi J. S. Bass Helen M. Beardsle, Les Domina Rabbi Saratol Dini tela Harolf A. Cranefold Lity I harosti Post Kernett Els Pool Kermit E. F. Rev. Polin II. Evers Robl. Words Polingua Row Homeric Robley Forbes Valido Frank Rev. G. Shubert Frye Rev. Erwin A. Gardie $M_{\rm eff} \leftrightarrow 10^{-6} {\rm GeV}_{\rm eff}$ Ralbi koben za wodlar, Prof. Louis, in 3 consults Rail if Avery Gressland Pro A. Position United Rosell Johnson Research Paul Jones Rosell Seph P. Klein Dr. Paul L. Lebraum Br. Million Lester Dariel G. Marshall Dr. Leo Mayer Manua Mayer Louis T. McCar s Res. Peter McCermack Dr. Gardner Murphy Rev. Dryder Lindey Phelps Prof. Dale Ponting Howard B. Radast Pr. I. Anatol Ruyaport Prof. Olfar K. Rice Lord Restrond Rosell
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ibr. D. M. Saurpe Sidney Silverman, M.P.

Rev. Francis S. Tucker Dr. Harold C. Urey Mrs. Clara M. Vincent Raidd Jacob J. Weinsteln Prof. Francis D. Weinsteln

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Dear Friend:

Won't you take a moment from your busy schedule to once more renew your appeal to President Kennedy to grant a Christmas Amnesty to my husband, Morton Sobell. The need is more urgent than ever before in this 12th year of his imprisonment.

I thank you for all that you are doing.

Best wishes in this Holiday Season.

Very sincerely yours,

Helentobele

(Mrs. Morton Sobell)

Scenre Justice For Morton Scholl

943 EROADWAY (Entrance on 22nd Street) NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

Algonquir 4-9783



A Plea to Editors Throughout the United States

Mrs. Morten Schell Mrs. Rose Scholl

Chairmen

HONORARY SPONSORS (partial listing) Rev. Gross W. Alexander David Andrews Rahl, I. S. Bass Helen M. Beardshy Les Berman Rabbi Sammel Bernsteln Hamili A. Cranefield Llay J Dannell Prof. Kernit Elly R-v. John E. E. Ins RLIM Morris Fishman Rev. Kenn th Ritley Forles Walde Frank Rev. G. Shubert Pryc Rev. Erwin A. Culle Maxwell Colorer Ral M. Releat, El. Geleiburg Prof. Erwin, R. Gr. J. nepril. habbl Avery Grossfield Dr. A. Elselle, Hajder Russell Johnson Rev. John Paul Jones Rev. Joseph P. King Dr. Paul L. Lehmann Dr. Mitten Lester Daniel G. Marchall Dr. Lec Mayer Milion Mayer Louis F. McCalle Rev. Peter McCormack Dr. Gardner Murphy Rev. Dryden Lineley Phalis Prof. Dale Fantlus Howard B. Radest Prof. Anatol Rapaport Prof. Oscar K. Rice Lord Bertran ! Ruses!. Prof. Male 1 : Shar, Dr. D. R. Sharpe Sidney Silverman, M.P. Rev. Francis S. Tucker Dr. Harold C. Urey Mrs. Clara M. Vincent Rabbi Jacob J. Weinstelle Prof. Francis D. Wormuth

Dear Sir:

We urgently appeal to you for help.

The enclosed newspaper tells the nightmare story of our family's 11-year effort to obtain Morton Sobell? He is innocent. He was condemned to 30 years on the word of an admitted perjurer in the charged atmosphere of the Rosenberg trial.

Thousands in our country have spoken out against the conviction and fantastic 30-year sentence on evidence that is incredible and flimsy even if believed. To many, the case has become a symbol of whether our nation is overcoming the excesses of the McCarthy era. Eminent persons abroad have added their voices.

We have hopes that President Kennedy will act, but he has not yet done so. The Justice Department of the new Administration does not defend the trial and sentence, but cites a procedural reason for doing nothing until the time Morton is eligible for parols. On a technicality, some 487 days have been taken away from credited time. Thus, although Morton is in his 12th year of imprisonment—already more than one third of his sentence—the eligibility date is delayed until Aug. 4, 1962.

Please read our story. Read what persons who have studied the case say about it. Write the news of what we are doing. Publish an editorial recommending clemency, as many have already done.

We beg you not to close your eyes to the fact that injustices sometimes do occur in our land. They have happened before in times of stress, hurting cur national image as well as the individuals concerned. Ours is such an injustice that cries out to be ended.

Sincerely yours,

Helen Tolett

Helen Sobell, wife of Morton Schell

フカロスル ラロりゃしし Mark Sobell, 12, son

System Soling mother Sydney Sobell, 22, stepdaughter

Mose Joliese

Rose Sobell,

1220

РКІDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1961 VOL. CVI -- NO. 52

The Sobell Case

case was entangled with that of Julius and acy to commit espionage." Sobell, whose jailed more than ten years ago on a "conspir ed his innocence. Ethel Rosenberg, had consistently proclaim-Morton Sobell is a little-known prisoner, Kaufman to thirty years in juil, with a

reading the trial transcript: "I do not know ning scientist Harold Urey to comment after what it is that Sobell is supposed to have tenuous as to have caused Nobel Prize win-The case against Sobell is so vague and

on one occasion taken something that looked that he had solicited information, and had specific item of information supposed to have like a can of film to Julius Rosenberg. No to anyone else is specified in the record. been secured by him or transmitted by him In fact, the charge against Sobell was

has come under question. Elitcher, Sobell's Elitcher, Sobell's friend, whose reliability The principal trial witness was Max

> erated with the prosecution. By testifying supporters point out, admitted he had peran accomplice, but he was never prosecuted. against Sobell, he also involved himself as jured himself in other testimony and coop-Sobell was sentenced by Judge Irving

Sobell's conviction came in 1951, in the midst of the Korean War and a period of recommendation of no parole.

national hysteria. The emotions aroused at reasonableness of both the conviction and the time of conviction make us question the the sentence.

other renowned Americans, wrote: Niebuhr, Norman Thomas, Harold Urey, and In a recent clemency appeal Reinhold

and way of life. Any attack on that free-Nevertheless, one of the factors which dom without or within must be resisted the threat of communism to our freedom As Americans we are fully aware of

> capacity to practice a disciplined and hucase. We believe a commutation of the mane administration of justice precisely makes that freedom so precious is the Sobell sentence would demonstrate our objective about the merits of a specific ed which make it difficult to remain in those cases where emotions are arousnational faith in that freedom.

to provide a specific charge, and the harshvalent at the time of the conviction, the du-Sobell case merits an immediate review by ness of the sentence, we believe that the bious evidence, the failure of the prosecution the Department of Justice and the courts. Considering the national hysteria pre-

and clemency considered, a case which has zetti should remain heavy on the conscience been compared to that of Sacco and Van-Until such a review has been completed,

FILE DESCRIPTION NEW YORK FILE

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FILE NO	100-10711/	
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JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al. NEW YORK BULKY EXHIBIT FILES

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100**-10**7111-1B203 #41

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COMMITTEE TO SEC FOR MORTON SOBEI IS-C	CURE JUSTIC LL	CE
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100-107111-1B2Q₄ #41

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100-107111-1B209 #41 JAN 28 1903 FBI - AEW YORK

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"I Cry out for people throughout the world to Help Free my innocent husband, MORTON SOBELL"

Dear Friends:

I am Mrs. Morton Sobell, an American who lives in New York City. I come to your country and other important nations to ask your help in righting a terrible injustice.

The whole world remembers the tragic case of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, who were electrocuted in my country on the hysterical accusation of proven liars that they were responsible for the Soviet Union having the atomic bomb.

My husband, Morton Sobell, a young scientist, was thrown into this trial at the height of our McCarthy period in the year 1951. His only accuser was a confessed perjurer. He saved himself from a prison sentence for previously falsifying an oath by lying against my husband. His testimony was prepared with the notorious Roy Cohn (better known for his association with Joseph McCarthy), one of the prosecutors in the Rosenberg-Sobell trial. Our family--my husband, our two children and myself -- were brutally kidnapped from our vacation in Nexiso by agents of our F.P.I. in violation of invevanational law.

Trial judge Irving Kaufman who condemned the Rosenbergs to death also condemned my husband to 30 years in prison. Even this bigoted judge admitted that no testimony connected my husband with the atomic project. Our great scientist, Nobel Prize Laureate Dr. Harold C. Urey, has studied the complete trial testimony and concludes that he can't even see what my husband was accused of doing, on the basis of the verbatim record.

For more than five years after the trial my husband was kept in Alcatras, the prison compared with Devil's Island. The authorities were trying to extract a false confession that would accuse the Rosenbergs. BUT MY HUSBAND IS INNOCENT: He will not buy his freedom with lies. Public appeals from throughout the world resulted in his transfer to the federal prison at Atlanta, a somewhat better place.

This is Norten's 12th year of imprisonment. He is now 44 years old. My daughter is now 22 and our son 12. Morton's aged mother hopes her failing eyesight will last to see her son free. Throughout these years of suffering we have fought day and night for his freedom. We fight in the courts. We picket at the White House in Washington. We travel everywhere speaking at public meetings. Great men in our country and throughout the world have asked my government to free my husband. For a multitude of massers records in a find that the first trade of massers records and the first trade of massers records. my husband. For a multitude of reasons people including Lord Bertrand Russell, Jean Paul Sartre, philosopher Martin Buber, and in my own country, 1500 clergymen, writer James T. Farrell, scientist Linus Pauling, and Poger Baldwin, chairman of the International League for the Rights of Man, lawprofessors, educators, and other eminent individuals too numerous to list have appealed in Morton's behalf.

We now urgently take our plea to the entire world. We cry out to people who love justice everywhere. You can act by writing to the American Embassy in your country. You can help by joining in delegations to visit the Embassy and let the authorities know your views. We have faith that our President, John F. Kennedy, knowing of thousands in my own country and abroad who want my husband free, will in making his own independent decision act with courage and will in making his own independent decision act with courage and honor. My husband will at last be free to come home. A burden be lifted from the conscience of the world. Will you help us? A burden will

> Helen Tobell Mrs. Morton Sobell 940 Broadway

New York City, U.S.A.

940 BROADWAY (Entrance on 22nd Street) NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

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February 8, 1962

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` -.1. 1. Dear Friend,

We are enclosing for your study copies of the legal motions currently before the courts in the case of Morton Sobell.

They are scheduled to be argued on Wednesday, February 14, in U. S. Federal Court of the Southern District of New York.

We will keep you informed of the results.

Sincerely,

Ted Jacobs

Public Relations

JOIN NEW ORKERS IN DIRECT ACTION TO FREE MORTON SOBELL

BREAKFAST For Freedom WALK For Justice

SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1962

10 A.M. Sharp

Grand Ballroom
Hotel Belmont Plaza
49th St. and Lexington Ave.
New York City

Hear

MRS. MORTON SOBELL
just back from Europe
reporting on action abroad
to free Morton Sobell

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There will be a supervised playroom where children may be left during the breakfost. Refreshments will be served. There will be no charge.

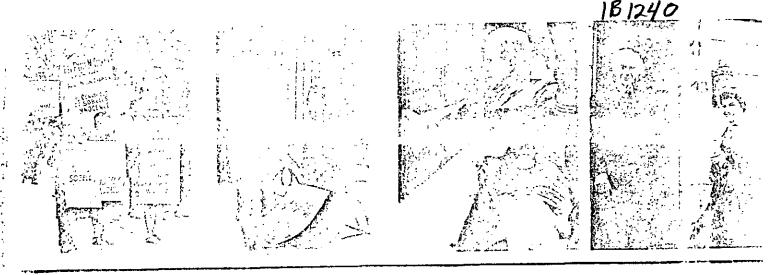


12 Noon Sharp

The gathering will leave the Belmont Plazain a group.
There will be an impressive walk to the symbolic Government building in New York—the United States Mission to the United National 45th St. and 1st Ave.

A petition to
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for the release of
Morton Sobell
will be presented.

AUSPICES: Con. mittee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell • 940 Broadway • New York 10, N.Y. • . L 4-9983



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The Committee To Secure Justice For Morton Sobe!"
calls you to ...

BREAKFAST FOR FREEDOM &

WALK FOR JUSTICE

FIRST CLASS Permit No. 9552 New York, N. Y. MAIL SUNITED STATES bestade will be baid ph. Room D 940 Broadway New York 10, N.Y. HU81 State____sno__ Address ្ន ១៣៩/វ I will have _____children to be cared for in the playroom. : will take part in the Walk for lustice after breakfast. Enclosed find \$_ table(s) for 10 persons at \$50 per table place(s) at \$5 per plate Please reserve the following for the Sobell Freedom Breakfast at the Belmont Plaza SOBELL COMMITTEE, 940 Broadway, New York 10, N.Y.

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BREAKFAST For Freedom

WALK For Justice

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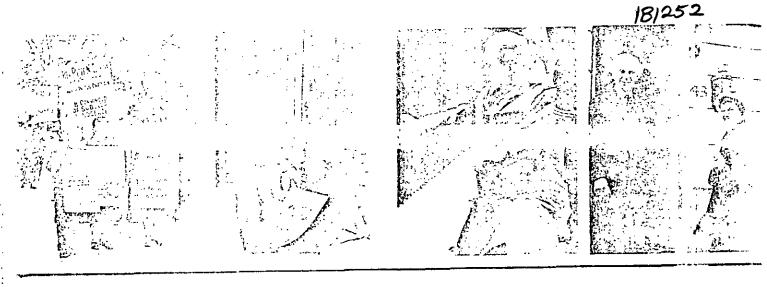


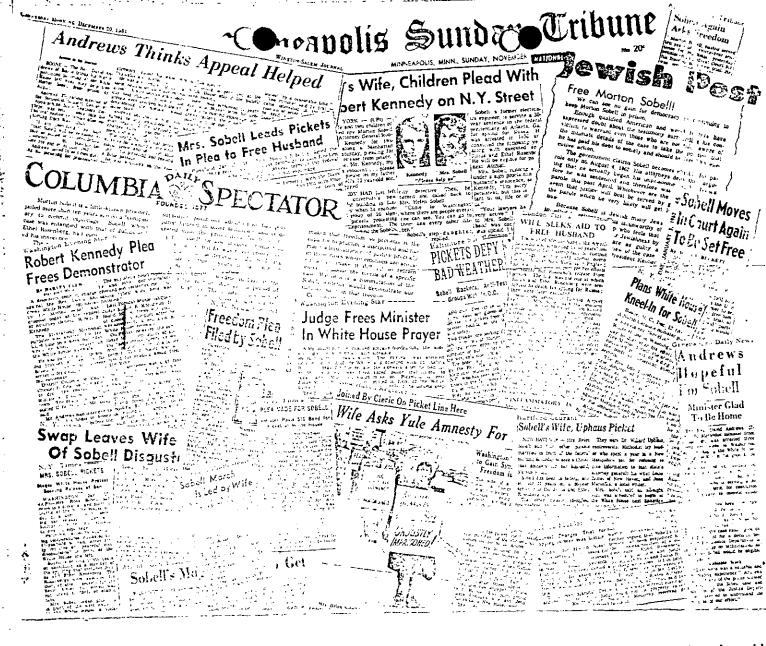
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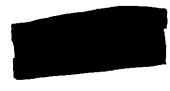




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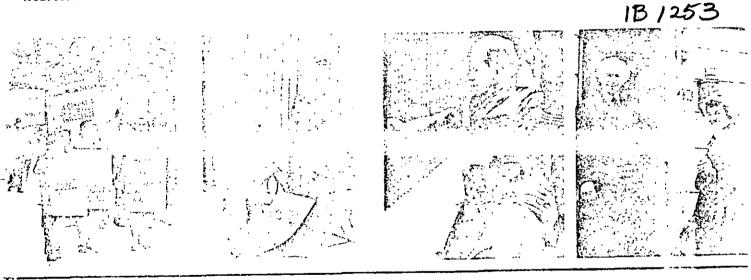


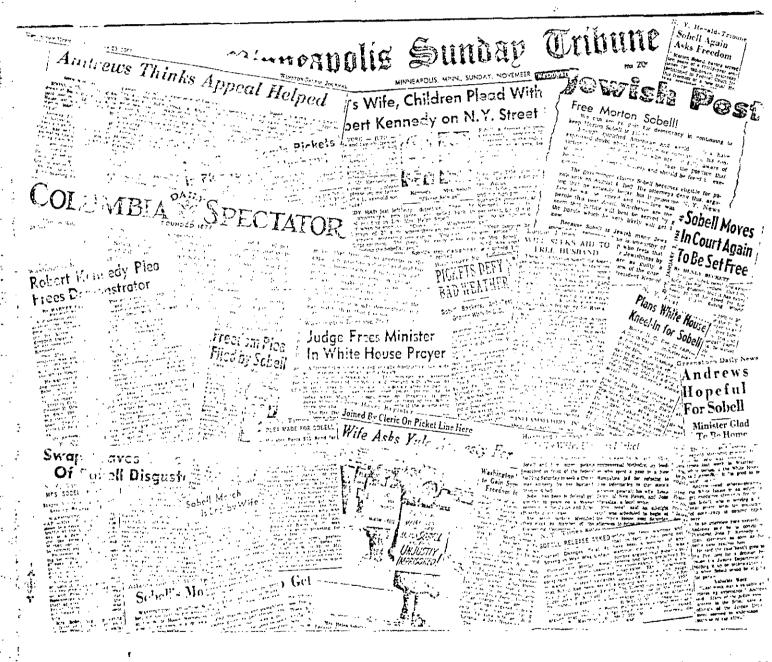
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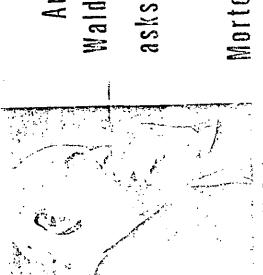
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WALK 670 FOR JUSTICE

of mistakon ideas? - or m / also because he was generous, because him for 30 years but by placing him in a prison 3,000 miles away from where his family is, a prison that is reserved for the hopelessly crimanal, Is this man a hopeless criminal? Far from it. But I will say this: that the courts of justice that put this man in Alcatraz, 3,000 miles differing young man who, the because of what? maybe because to run the risk of being wrong. And here is this country of ours, this powerful country, cruedy torturing this man, and his family, his wife and children, by it arcerating him, not only incarcevating him, but by incareerating him for 30 years; not merely by incarcerating and he is correctors, in a car, but he also is this young man, this he was adventurous, becau e in seeking for the truth he was willing away from his home, are criminal. I won't say that they are hopolessly liberals; very few of us perhaps politically would dare admit that we are conservatives, I doo't know aboot Senator Langer, but Um kinking of Morton Sobell to think of him is so painful that I find that I don't think of him near of the time. We must think of him. We can't know everyone. The light is upon him, and he is a symbol ERHAPS some of us are radicals; perhaps some of us are here, I promise you, beca o I am at this moment a conservative. Us America, deeply and vivilly America, our beloved country and (s future that I am thinkler of This doesn't mean that I am not

While we bear this in mind, we must also bear ourselves in mind. We must realize that if we telong to a body politic which permits injustice, the sickness is within us. We must realize that if we belong to a body politic which can practice cruelty, which tolerates persecution of what the majority con ider heresy, then this corruption is within ourselves. Sobell is a symbol of our responsibility, and of our danger-of the tragic danger to America if we permit this injustice to be done.

eriminal, because I have begwa



Author Waldo Frank asks justice for

Waldo Frank

This is the text of a speech made by Waldo Frank, novelist and essayist known for his books on America, at an Assembly for Justice for Notton Sobell, held in Carnegie Hall, New York City, on Sept. 29, 1955. Morton Sobell is imprisoned in Aleatraz on a 30-year sentence. He is serving his sixth year in prison. He was convicted with Ethel and Julius Rusemberg on a charge of "con-piracy to commit espionage," Morton Sobell has repeatedly affirmed his innocence, Many prominent Americans are urging that he be given a new trial; that he be transferred from Aleatraz prison; that there be a thorough investigation made so that all the facts can be established.

America. What do we expect of America? We expect that America will be jealous of its devetion to justice, we expect that America will be fierce in its defense of every person, not for fear that something could happen to you and me, but through the knowledge that whenever there is injustice and crucky toward anyone, it is happening to you and it is happening to me. The answer to the old question asked by Caim, "Am I my brother's keeper?" is "yes." Because only if we keep our brother do we keep ourselves. Only if we defend him do we defend

There is another right that I like to believe America will long continue to typify, the defense of the right of dissent, the defense

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of America as 35 incrmeland of those he have opinions and values, and who make decisions we may not recove of. In fact, if the human spirit is to grope its way toward the "ght (and it's merely beginning that long, long passages) if the human spirit is to have a home in America, then we must defend the form of every may not by the sent, but to be wrong; because the truth can never be reached by men who are afraid of the possibility of being wrong.

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And therefore it seems to me that this meeting here in Carnesio Hall is a symbol, a symbol of the America we all love, a symbol of the America that we all have to defend.

Now what are the facts in this particular case? I'm only going to talk about facts that I'm sure of. I don't know Morton Soboll. I know nothing personally about him. I suppose he had a lot of ideas I don't agree with. I'm pretty sure that he made mistakes, even from his own standpoint. It wasn't smart to run around in Mexico the way he seems to have done. He was afraid. One's never smart when one's afraid, even though he may have had reason to be afraid. It wasn't smart of him not to take the witness stand on the advice of his attorney. I understand why he did it. But it wasn't smart. I suppose Sobell was a Communist. Well, I don't happen to agree with Communists on many points. I don't accept their philosophy, but as I hold to my own philosophy and as I love my country, i will defend the Communst's right to his philosophy, to his form of love of country and ideas.

makes this country glorious is that little note within our Bill of Rights that every man shall be considered innocent until he is proved guilty. You don't have to be an international lawyer after a glimpse at the record in the case against Sobell to know that he was never proven guilty. What he did is his responsibility with God and his own conscience. This is sure: legally, this man, serving 30 years in Alcatraz, is innocent because he has not been proven guilty.

And I am here tonight, as you are here tonight, my friends, because we realize that we are responsible, yes, all of us are responsible for the fact that this man — unjustly and cruelly — is in Alcatraz. Each of us is a part of the body politic in our country. When injustice is done on the least of ourselves, we are all responsible.

What are the other facts I am sure of? The atmosphere of that

courtroom where the Rosenbergs and Sobell were tried was so thick with prejudice, with hatred, so thick with the blind hysteria of guilty fear that literally humanity could not breathe there and humanity was still-" Now we see resentishing for that he still and humanity with the still-" Now we see resentishing for the Alien and Solition Laws, for the Ku Klux Klan movement, for the Alien and Solition Laws, for the Ku Klux Klan movement, for the Know-Nothing movement with its prejudice against the friely and the still situation. Yes, we are responsible, my friends, for seeing that America once again should right at the Because it is plain, leaving aside all question of what Morton Sub II, Because it is plain, leaving aside all question of what have listered to or heard or said - it is perfectly obvious that he was tried because he was a heretic.

irrelevant in the case of Communists. Toh yes, but these Communists," they say, "if they gained power would take away this freedom of speech and liberty which you're trying to defend." I agree they would. That's their politics, for the moment. At least that's the way it seems to be working out, in some countries. It may be temporary, but all right, let's agree. If that's their philosophy, I insist just the same that they should have the right to express it. And insist that only in so far as we give them the right to express their philosophy do we have a chance to preserve our own. And this is commonplace, this is platitude; this is exactly the equivalent of the words of our great Supreme Court justices like Oliver Wendell Holmes, like Brandeis.

So here we have, because of our exu fear, because of our own insecurities, this atmosphere under which this man was cruelly and outragrously sentenced. And we have the happening because unfortunately there is indifference among the American people. We don't recognize our responsibility, We're too full of fears, We hear too much over the radio. We are blinded and deafened by this constant endless vociferation of falsehoods and prejudices. But a meeting like this heartens us. And the fact that here gathered on the platform are men and women of many judgments, of many convictions, many of them, I'm sure, far more conservative than I am, and yet all are agreed; and none of us who are talking to you here is talking with any motive or with any basis deeper than that of conserving, of preserving the spirit of America.

Saturday, November 9, 1957

THE MILWAUKEE JOURNAL

L. W. NIEMAN, Founder, 1882

Published by The Journal Company

How Come 'Exclusive Preview' of Case Still Before a Court?

Just as Herbert Brownell retires, his justice department is found to have been playing strange games again, raising a new cloud over its judiciousness and public demeanor.

The matter stems from the Rosenberg virial block in 1901 (pre-Brownell). It is not generally remembered that one Morton Sobell was convicted in the same trial, and is doing 30 years in Alcatraz. The department rather tenuously linked him to the Rosenbergs with less than conclusive evidence, which, however, the jury had no trouble believing in those panicky times.

stable. The and an organized group or backers move not ceased to try to get his case reopened. They are supported by a number of conscientious citizens, including legal scholars, who are uneasy about many aspects of the case and have haunting doubts that the integrity of justice was fully preserved in it. Two petitions, one wholly new in its legal basis, now pend before the United States supreme court.

So Brownell last December ordered a study to be made, apparently reviewing and rearguing the whole Rosenberg-Eobeli created to the many questions that result it. And suddenly last month, what purports to be the substance of this document—then and now still unpublished by the department—appeared in a national magazine!

The magazine, where claims have not

been denied, called its article an "exclusive preview" of the official report, made possible because its reporter "was aided by" and "worked along with" the government attorneys and "was given access" to their data! The question asks itself: How come?

Actually, this "first rea! story" of the case was oversold. It is mainly a mere rehash of the history and the testimony, with a rundown of retorts to "the Communist charges" (the old smear technique) that Sobell might just possibly have been railroaded. It is not so great a scoop as advertised, but that's by the way.

The issue is the gross impropriety and indiscretion of the justice department in so obviously propaganaising just as the matter comes before the high court—and in an exclusive deal, at that, to let one particular publication exploit its files.

Sobell's attorneys quite properly invited the supreme court's attention to this extraordinary procedure. And the court might well take some notice of it.

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

T

MORTON SOBELL.

Cr. 134-245

Defendant

Appearances:

ROBERT M. MORGENTHAU
United States Attorney for the Southern
District of New York
Attorney for United States of America
Edward R. Cunniffe
Robert J. Geniesse
David Klingsberg
Assistant United States Attorneys
of Counsel

DONNER, PERLIN & PIEL
342 Madison Avenue
New York, N.Y.
BENJAMIN DREYFUS
703 Market Street
San Francisco, California
Attorneys for Defendant
Sanford M. Katz
of Counsel

MCGOHEY, D. J.

The defendant Sobell moves for the sixth time under section 2255 of Title 28 U.S.C. to set aside his conviction and the sentence imposed thereon in 1951 for conspiring, during the years 1944 to 1950, to violate the Espionage Act. He also moves in the alternative for a correction of the sentence under Federal Criminal Rule 35.

In one form or another, this case has had the attention of the judges of the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit on more than eight separate occasions, beginning with the original appeals ten years ago when that court, because of the imposition of death sentences on Sobell's codefendants, "scrutinized [the trial record]

^{1. 50} U.S.C. Sects. 32,34 (1946) (now 18 U.S.C. Sect. 794).

3.

with extraordinary care," before affirming the convictions. In addition, the case also has had, on ten separate occasions, the attention of the justices of the Supreme Court. Indeed, as long ago as June 1953, Mr. Justice Clark in his opinion concurring in the Supreme Court's refusal to grant a further stay of execution to Sobell's codefendants, observed that, "Beginning with our refusal to review the conviction and sentence in October 1952, each of the justices has given the most painstaking consideration to the case. In fact, all during the past term of this Court one or another facet of this litigation occupied the attention of the Court."4

The motion under section 2255 is based on two claims of error by the trial court. Neither claim arises from facts outside the record. On the contrary, both arise from incidents which occurred in the court room during the trial and which are fully set forth in the trial record.

The first claim is that the trial judge permitted and indeed participated in, improper cross-examination of one of Sobell's codefendants concerning her claim of privilege before the Grand Jury, thus creating an atmosphere so prejudicial to all the defendants that all were deprived of a fair trial. This claim is certainly not new. Sobell's codefendants raised and argued that precise point on their original joint appeal; and Sobell adopted the point and their argument on his separate appeal which was argued together with theirs. The argument obviously was found unpersuasive by the Court of Appeals which affirmed the conviction.

United States v. Rosenberg, et al, 2 Cir., 195 F. 2d 583,590; cert. denied, 344 U.S.838.

^{3.} See, e.g. United States v. Rosenberg, 2 Cir., 195 F. 2d 583, rehearing denied, 195 F. 2d 609, cert.denied, 344 U.S. 838, rehearing denied, 344 U.S. 889 (1952), leave to file petition for rehearing denied, 347 U.S. 1021 (1954), motion to vacate orders denying certiorari and rehearing denied, 355 U.S. 860 (1957); United States v. Rosenberg, 108 F. Supp. 798, aff'd, 2 Cir., 200 F. 2d 666 (1952), cert. denied, 345 U.S. 965, rehearing denied, 345 U.S. 1003 (1953); United States v. Rosenberg, 109 F. Supp.108, aff'd, 2 Cir., 204 F. 2d 688 (1953); United States v. Sobell, 142 F. Supp. 515 (1956), aff'd, 2 Cir., 244 F. 2d 520, cert. denied, 355 U.S. 873, rehearing denied, 355 U.S. 920 (1957).

^{4. 346} U.S. 273, 293.

^{5.} Brief for Appellants p. 98-99, United States v. Rosenberg, 2 Cir., No. 22201 (1951).

Brief for Morton Sobell p. 59, United States v. Rosenberg, 2 Cir., No. 22202 (1951).

In their petition for certioreri, Sobell's codefendants listed as the fourth of seven "Questions Presented," "Whether the conduct of the trial judge deprived the petitioners of a fair trial in violation of the Fifth and Sixth Amendments, in that: (a) by a course of conduct, he displayed bias against the petitioners and conveyed to the jury his belief in their guilt." And in an appendix to their petition the codefendants called attention specifically to the trial judge's participation in the cross-examination complained of here as an example of his "bias."

Sobell, in his separate petition for certiorari, specifically adopted his codefendants' "position as to this issue" of alleged judicial misconduct, and asked leave "to incorporate and rely upon the partion of their petition dealing with this issue, and the appendix thereto in which representative instances of the judge's alleged course of misconduct are particularized."

The government in its brief in opposition to the petitions for certiorari devoted six pages to the claims of alleged judicial misconduct. In the light of all this, it is clear beyond question that this point was specifically and with adequate documentation called to the attention of the reviewing courts. Sobell indeed does not, in terms at least, go so far as to contend otherwise. His present claim is rather that, in light of the decision in Grunewald v. United States, 9 decided in 1957, the trial judge's conduct requires reversal of Sobell's conviction. The contention is rejected. 28 U.S.C. of Sobell's conviction. The contention is rejected. 28 U.S.C. section 2255 is not a vehicle for repeated reviews of judgments in cases which were properly decided after full consideration, because of subsequent changes in the law. O Sobell, moreover, has already tried and failed to have the Supreme Court review his conviction in the light of the Grunewald decision.

The second claim of alleged error is that the trial judge failed to instruct the jury concerning the "in time of war" element of the offense charged in the indictment. This claim is clearly an after-thought. No exception was taken to the instruction as given on this point and no request was made for a different instruction. Moreover, as the briefs on appeal to the Court of Appeals and the petitions for certiorari show, the court's instruction to the jury was the subject of wide attack by Sobell and his codefendants. The Court of Appeals necessarily had to examine the instructions in detail in order to pass on the many allegations of error respecting them. This claim is rejected.

^{7.} Rosenberg v. United States, Petition for Certiorari, p.16, 31-39, Appendix p.38, October Term 1952, No.111.

^{8.} Sobell v. United States, Petition for Certiorari, p.10, n.6, p.44, October Term, 1952, No. 112.

^{9. 353} U.S. 391.

^{10.} Warring v. Colphys, D.C.Cir., 122 F.2d 642, cert.denied, 314 U.S. 678; United States v. Gaitan, 10 Cir., 295 F.2d 277; United States v. Gandis, 2 Cir., 255 F. 2d 454; cf. Sunal v. Large, 332 U.S.174.

^{11.355} U.S. 860.

The alternative motion under Rule 35 for correction of the sentence necessarily rests on the contention that there was no credible evidence that Sobell was a member of the conspiracy prior to 1946; that, therefore, he could not be charged with participation in any of the acts which the jury found his coconspirators committed prior to 1945; and so legally he could not be sentenced to thirty years, a term which is authorized only for offenses committed in time of war. To these contentions there are two answers. The witness Elitcher's testimony placed Sobell in the conspiracy in 1944. Elitcher's credibility was for the jury to essess. The trial judge charged the jury that if they disbelieved Elitcher they could not find Sobell guilty. The jury chose to believe him. Furthermore, "The rule is clear that one who joins an existing conspiracy takes it as it is, and is therefore held accountable for the prior conduct of the co-conspirators." United States v. Sansone, 2 Cir., 231 F. 2d 887, 893, cert. denied, 351 U.S. 987. "He may join at any point in its progress and be held responsible for all that may be or has been done." United States v. Manton, 2 Cir., 107 F. 2d 384, cert. denied, 309 U.S. 664.

The motion is in all respects denied.

So ordered.

Dated: New York, N.Y., April 5, 1962.

JOHN F. X. McGOHEY
U. S. D. J.

AN EDITORIAL FROM

werish Post wopinion

"If You Let The People Know, They Can Act Intelligently",

Friday, December 22, 1951

Free Morton Sobell!

We can see no gain for democracy in continuing to keep Morton Sobell in prison.

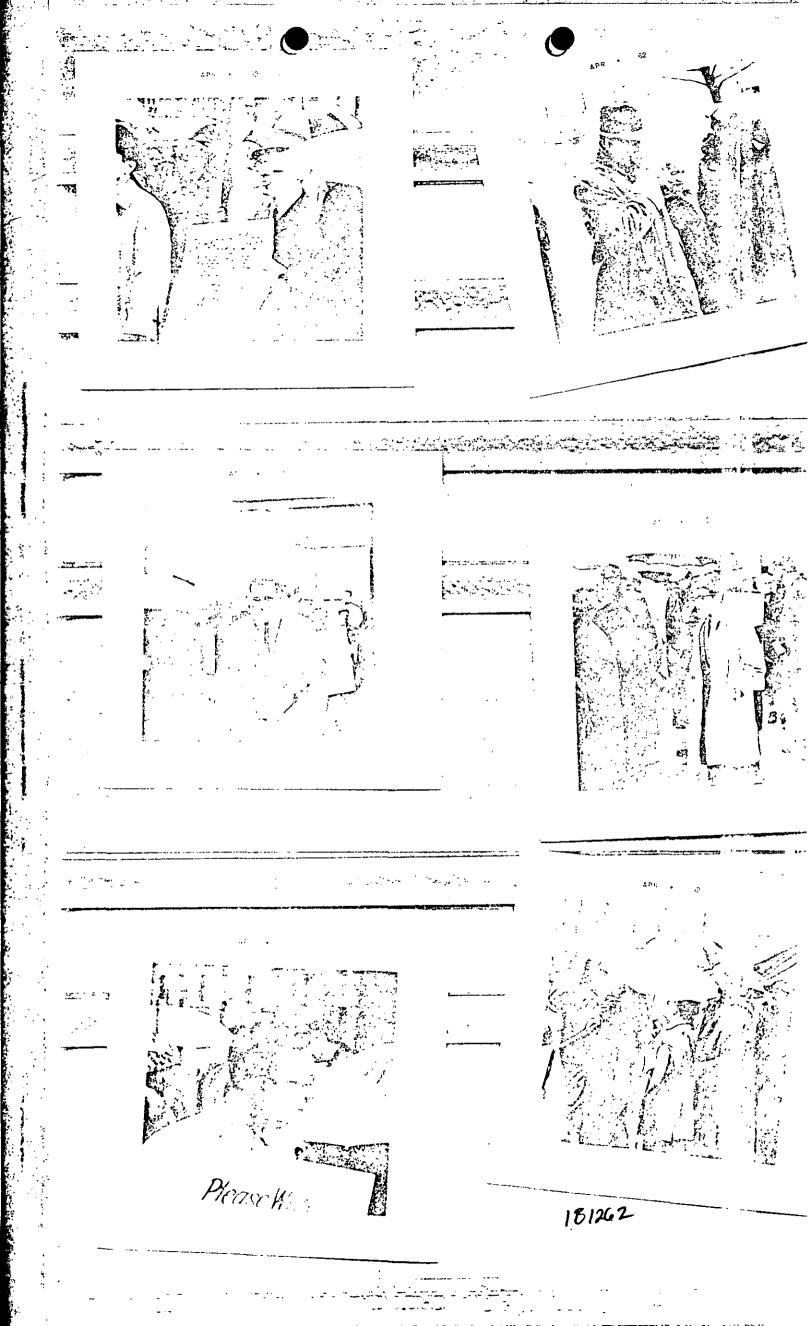
Enough qualified American and world leaders have expressed doubt about the testimony surrounding his conviction to warrant even those who are not fully aware of the intumate details of the case to take the position that has he paid his abbt to society and thouch be freed by executive action.

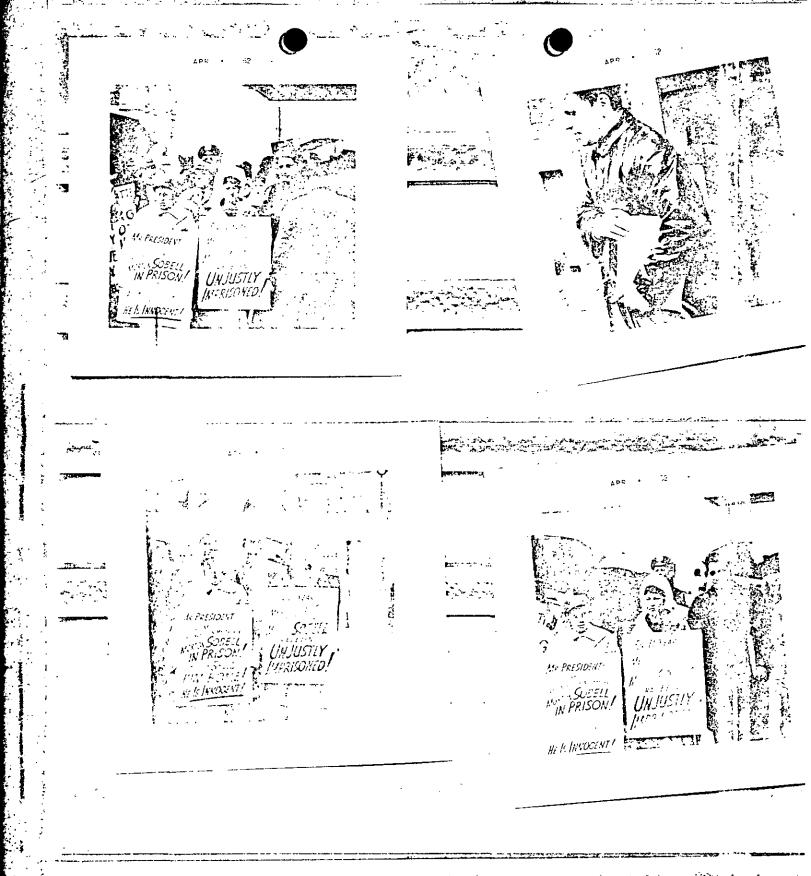
The government claims Sobell becomes eligible for parole only on August 4, 1962. His attorneys deny this, arguing that he actually began his imprisonment months before he was sentenced and therefore was ineligible for parole this past April. Whichever are the facts, it would seem that justice will best be served by giving him now the parole which he very likely will get 10 months from now.

Because Sobell is Jewish many Jews may have felt impelled to reticence. This is unworthy of any of us. Any Jew or any Jewish group who feels that Sobell should be pardoned will enhance their Jewishness by stating so openly and with vigor. We are as guilty as any other in not having called for a review of the case long before this. As it is, we now ask that President Kennedy free the man.

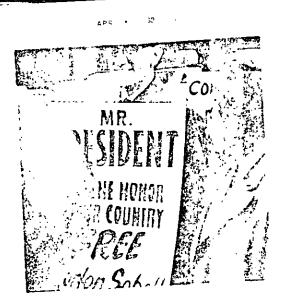
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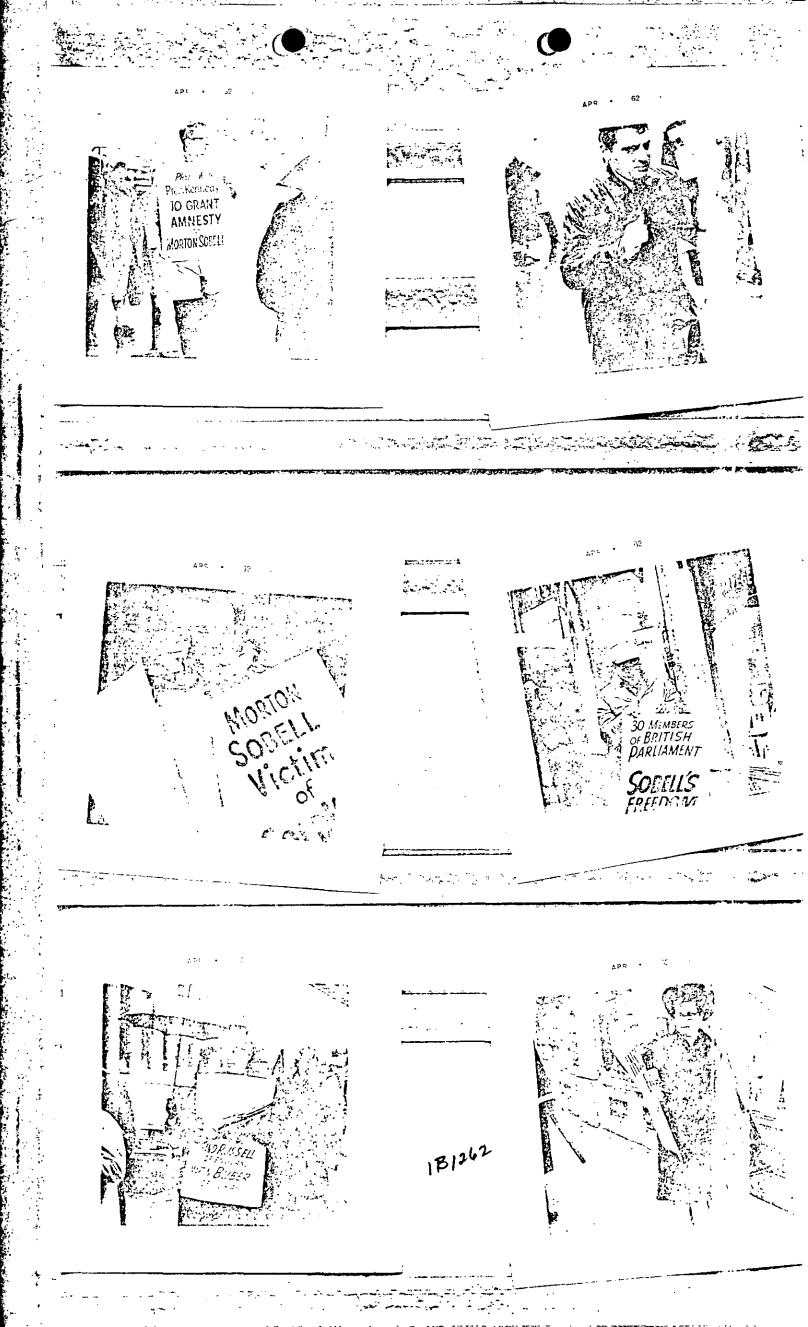
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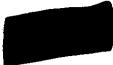


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Prof. Kernit fills

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And Free of Front Day

June, 1962

Dear Friend:

For me, as for thousands of other Americans, the month of June will never pass without a traumatic remembrance of another June. It was nine years ago that Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were executed. Today, as we read of great new scientific horizons, who does not recoil at the speech of the judge who condemned them to death on the myth that they gave Russia the "secret" to the A-bomb and caused the Korean War?

Yet this June is a month bright with hope as well as a time for reflection. At this very moment the possible parole of my husband, Morton Sobell, is under consideration. He is eligible for release July 27, and freedom after these 12 years of imprisonment is possible.

The enclosed post card represents our hope for freedom. We want thousands to let the President know they are for parole or clemency during this crucial period. The cards must become an important part of White House mail.

Please, without delay, mail the card to the President and mail me the other half telling me of your action and enclosing the most generous contribution possible. We must have funds for our work. Halp us now. We can succeed only if you contribute. Norton's homecoming is the test of how far our country has come since the hysteria that jolted the world in that bygone month of June.

Very clacerely yours,

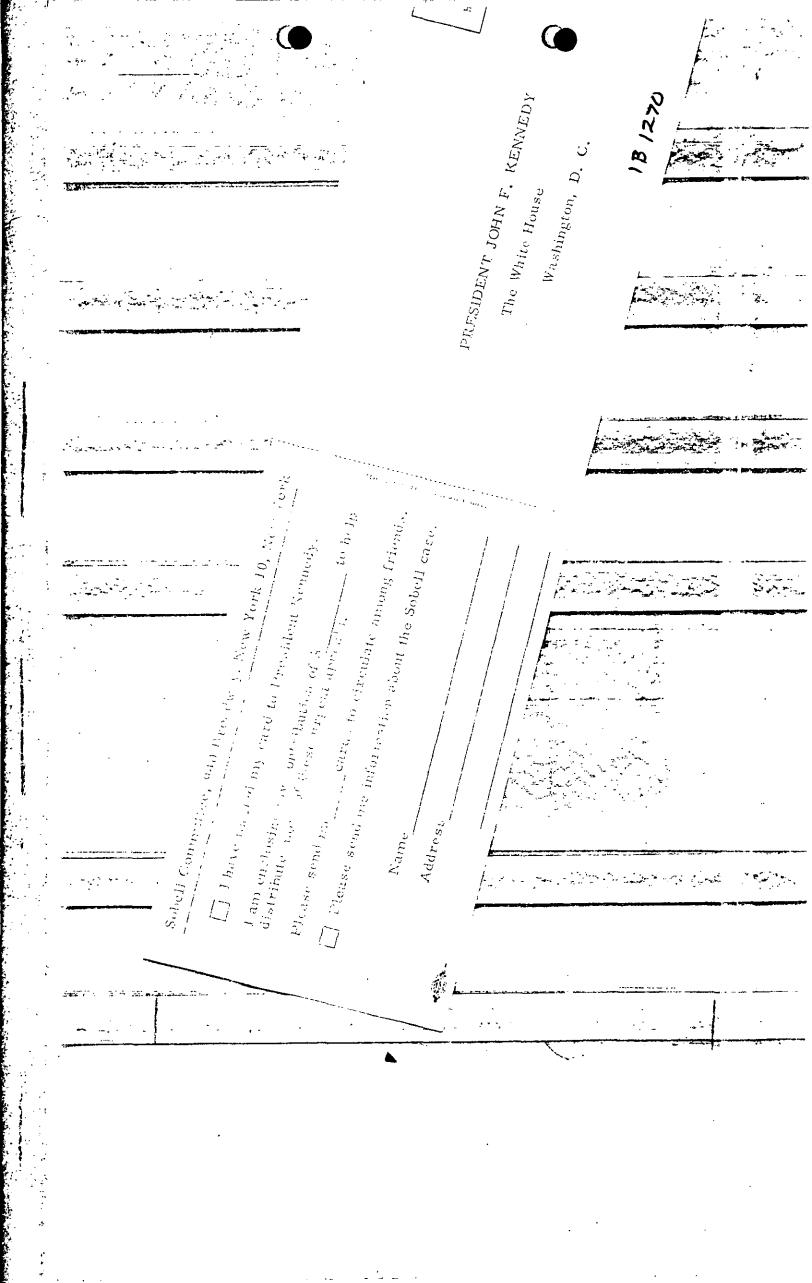
Helen Tobell
(Mrs. Morton Sobell)

Morton Sobell Must Morton Sobell becomes eligible for parole on July 27. I urgently request that he be freed by that time either by parole or by an act of executive elemency. It is important for the well-being of the United States to resolve this pressing issue now. Respectfully yours, Dear President Kennedy Address Name Date

Be FREE Now!

stamp here PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY Washington, D. C. The White House BUSINESS REPLY MAILED IN THE UNITED STATES Postago will be paid by: Room D \$10 Broadway New York 10, N. Y. Sobell Committee, 940 Broadway, New York 10, New York Please send me _____ card; forc. wate accong it leads. Dease send me information about the Sobell case. Lhave mailed my card to President Kennedy FIDET CLASS Permit Ito. 9502 New York, N. Y. I am enclosing my contribution of \$\distribute more of these urgent appeals. Address Name

Be FREE Now! اقريد بجئيا اقرديد بذات أفريد الإجتمارات يتمان المتحقية المتعادة ا Morion Sobell Mun Morton Sobell becomes eligible for parole on July 27. I urgently request that he be freed by that time either by parole or by an act of executive clemency. It is important for the well-being of the United States to resolve this pressing issue now. Respectfully yours, Dear President Kennedy: Address Name



Secrete Justice For Morio 1

1.3 Thirance on 22 rd Street) NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

Algorquin 4-9983



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

TAVERN ON THE GREEN CASE SETTLED OUT OF COURT BETWEEN SOBELL COMMITTEE AND RESTAURANT ASCOCIATES

The Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell announces that an out-of-court settle ent has been reached in the litigation stemming from damages which the committee suffered when the Tavern on the Green in April, 1958, cancelled a Sobull dinner after intervention by former Parks Cos issioner Robert Moses.

Restaurant Associates, which recently acquired ownership of the restaurant in New York's Central Park, has paid \$1,350 to plaintiffs who had brought suit in behalf of the Sobell committee under the Federal Civil Rights Law.

ine Sobell committee discloses that a pertion of the monetary settlement compensating for Jusses suffered is being applied to legal costs of Natton Suball's current appeal to the U.S. Court of Appeals to grant a new trial or set aside his 30-year centence as illegal.

The sum received will also help pay the costs of public appeals to gain further support for a patition for Executive Clemency. Sobell, now at the end of his 12th year of imprisonment on a charge of

conspiracy to commit espionage, has steadfastly maintained his innocence. Many eminent persons in America and throughout the world are urging his freedom.

The committee regards this settlement as important because it in effect recognizes damages suffered as a result of being denied the meeting place. However, the basic right of equal access to the restaurant on city property remains unaffirmed. The Sobell committee, unable to further pursue the lengthy test case through costly protracted litigation without interfering with its main purpose of winning freedom for Morton Sobell, agreed in return to a release requested by Restaurant Associates stating that the Committee did not intend to seek another dinner at the Tavern and initiate a new lawsuit

The history of the litigation is as follows:

After the dinner was cancelled, the law firm of Donner, Kinoy and Perlin went to the New York state court in an effort to compel the Tavern to live up to its contract. The court refused. Meanwhile, after having a second dining facility cancelled as a result of the hysteria generated, the Sobell committee was afforded the Community Church of New York as a meeting place because the church did no; wish to see the right of freedom of assembly abused. Many noted New Yorkers, and also an editorial in the New York Post, vigorously supported the right of the committee.

Subsequently, the New York Civil Liberties Union, as attorneys for the committee, initiated federal action to demand that the right to hold a dinner at the Tavern be accorded the committee and that damages be paid. The defendants in the case were the former Tavern owners, Parks Commissioner Moses, and later Newbold Morris after he replaced Moses, and the City of New York. 1B1274

Federal Judge Frederick vanPelt Bryan ruled on July 21, 1960, that the Committee had a case. He rejected the Tavern and city!!! claim that the restaurant was merely a private business, and said that since it was on city property, there was a responsibility under the Federal civil rights law. However, the judge said there would have to be a trial to determine the facts to see whether the committee was intitled to relief.

counsel because, in the view stated by attorney, Mrs. Nanette Demhitz, the protracted litigation involving a trial and pre-trial work would be too costly and the intracacies involved made a victory unlikely in this instance, but she pointed out that a victory of principle had already been wen for application to possible disputes in the future.

The Committee felt a responsibility to fight the case further.

Mr. Arthur Kinoy assumed legal duties, but later withdrew because of illness. Mrs. Betty G. Olenick then became counsel in the matter, and proceded to negotiate the settlement with counsel for Restaurant Associates.

####

Be FREE Now! B1D Medical adjustment of the control of Morton Sobell Must I urgently request that he be freed by that time either Morton Sobell becomes eligible for parole on July 27. by parole or by an act of executive clemency. It is important for the well-being of the United States to resolve this pressing issue now. Respectfully yours, Dear President Kennedy: Address Name Date

PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY Washington, D. C. The White House Sobell Committee, '40 Broads ar, New York 10, New York cards to circulate among friends. Please send one information about the Sobell case, to help I have mailed my card to President Kennedy. l am enclosing my contribution of \$ distribute more of these urgent appeals. Address Please send me Name

РЈасе stamp

here



DAD LIBERTAD A MORTON SOBELL

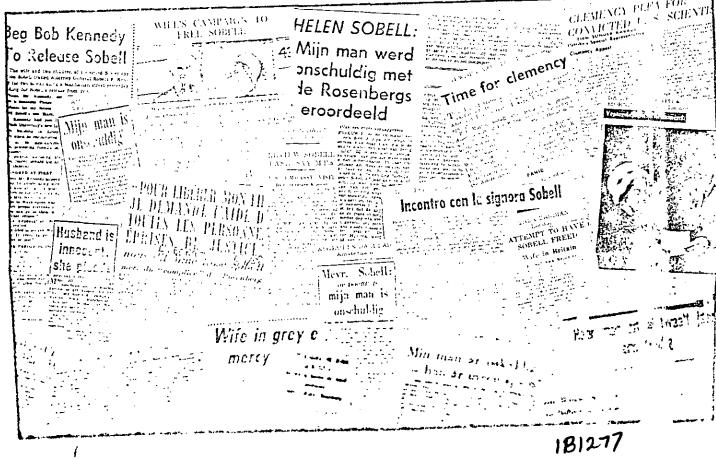
BEFRIA MORTON SOBELL

LIBEREZ MORTON SOBELL

LIBERTA PER MORTON SOBELL

ים מורמון סובל!

FREE MORTON SOI FLL



अध्यक्षित्र विशेषात्री

Depuis Id and des mote prononces par le agrant Américain Morton Sobell ont été vontes dans le monde entier.

Depuis 12 ans, du jour ou il a été enleve avec sa ferme et ses enfants par 1. FBI, alors qu'il passait ses vacances s'exique, Morton Sobell de sa prison a elange une lutte heroique contre le McCarth-

En 1950 il fut accuse dans le proces infimant de Fulius et de Ethel Rosenberg de conspiration en oct deseptennage. Le du condemna à most le couple Resemberg d'inces le mythe qu'ils avaient livre "It secret" de la bombe atomique à la Russie. Le même juge condamna Morten Sobell a « ans de prison. Son accusateur était sedement un témoin qu' confessa avoir for un faux serment.

On offrit à Sobell une chance: c'est à aire faire une confession et accuser la Rosencerga. "Je suis innocent" répétait Soril. Il refusa d'acheter sa liberté en accusant faussement les Rosenbergs. Il fut emissoure à Alchtras, l'Ile du Diable d'actique. Cinq longues années ne pouvaient briner su resistance. Une protestation p. 'ique venus du monie entier provoqua est transfert dens une prison moins sévère.

Son file, qui n'était qu'un bébe lorsque Sibell fut arrêté, a maintenant 13 ans. La femme de Sobell a lutté herofquement à la fois en Amerique et en Europe pour obtenir de l'aide. La mère de Sobell âgée de 67 ans travaille jour et nuit pour la libération de son fils. Des comités ont ête formes dans toute l'Amerique et dans beaucoup d'autres nations.

et dans beaucoup d'autres nations.

Des éminentes personnalités
comme Bertrand Russell d'Angleterre
et Martin buber d'Israel croient dans
l'innocome de Sobell. Aux États Unis
Reinhold our y, le l'octur Harold
C. Ursy, le kubbin Maurice Bisendrath
et Norman Thomas sont à la tête de
milliers de libertaires, membres du
clergé, savants, avocats et civils
qui récliment sa mise en liberté.
Beaucoup critiquent violemment son
procès le trouvent injuste, symbolisant une ère d'hystérie en Amérique.
D'autres declarent que la sentence
est outrageuse.

Le monde entier n'oubliera pas l'exécution des Rosenbergs. Il lutte pour obtenir la liberté de Morton Sobell, qui souffre dans ea cellule à l'Atlanta Federal Penitentiary.

Une protestation universelle peut le liberer, Lorivez au:

Président John F. Kennedy The White House Washington, D. C. U.S./.

र के अर्थन पर स्तेम अर्थेन अर्थेन

dalso sienziato americano Morton Sobell

Medicaties imo.
Lel 1950 veniva coinvoltò nello infame
pro di Julius e Ether Rosenberg, accusato

loto al fine di spionaggio. Il giudice di mara a morte la coppia Rosenberg in viri della leggenda che essi avevano conseque alla Rus in il "accrete" della bomba atomica. Il medesimo giudice decretera 30 anni ti prigione per Morten Sobell. Il suo accasatore fu un unico testimone il quale poi si un marava spergiuro.

.. bobell venira offerta una sola via di sal chi ai rendere una confessione ed accusare i Romaberg. 'Sono innocente,' protestava Sobeli. Egli non volle comprare la propria liberia accusando falsamente i Rosenberg. Venna inviato ad Alcatraz. l'Isola del Diavelo d'America. Cinque anni di prigionia ad Alcatraz non banno distrutto la sua fede. La protesta pubblica d'ogni parte del mondo ha princento il mo trasferimento ad un carrere meno dero.

Il fighto di Sobell, un bambino al tempo dell'arresto, e' ora tredicenne. La moglie di Sobell ha lottato eroicamente in America ed in Europa al fine di ottenere l'appoggio del pubblico. La madre di Sobell, di 67 anni, si prodiga giorno e notte al fine di ridare la liberta' a suo figlio. Vari comitati si sono organizzati in America ed in molte altre nazioni.

Persone insigni come Bertrand Russell d'Inghilterra e Martin Duber d'Israele credono nell'innocenza di Sobell. Negli Stati Uniti, Reinhold Niebuhr, il Dott. Harold C. Urey, il Rabbino Maurice Eisendrain e Norman Thomas marciano alla testa di migliaia di religiosi, scienziati, uomini di legge e difensori delle liberta' civili nel fare appelli per la sua liberazione. Molti denunciano l'ingiustizia del suo processo, simbolo di un'era isterica in America. Altri detestano l'inumana condanna.

Il mondo non dimentica la morte dei Rosenberg. Il mondo vuole la liberazione di Morton Sobell, il quale langue dietro le sbarre del Penitenziario Federale di Atlanta.

La protesta del mondo puo¹ liberarlo. Scrivete a:

> Il Presidente John F. Kennedy La Casa Bianca Washington, D. C. Stati Uniti d'America

L'ANGUISON EMUSIC

I 12 år har dessa ord från den amerikanske vetenskapsmannen Morton Sobell ljudit runt hela varlden.

I 12 år, anda sedan han och hens fru och barn blevo kidnappade av FBI från deras semesterställe i Mexico, har Morton Sobell från sin fangelsecell utkumpat sin heroiska

kamp mot McCarthyism.

kamp mot McCarthyism.

1950 blev han inblandad i den
ökända rättegängen mot Julius och
Ethel Rosenberg och blev då anklagad
för förberedelse till spionage. Paret
Rosenberg blev dömda till döden baserat
Rosenberg blev dömda till döden baserat
på myten att de hade givit Ryssland
"homligheten" till atchbomben. Samma
domere gav Morton Sobell 50 år. flan
blev dömd på ett enda vittnesmål
som också erkände att han givit falsk
vittnesed.

vittnesed. Sobell blev erbjuden en väg ut: erkänn och anklaga paret Rosenberg.
"Jag är oskyldig," upprepade Sobell. "Jag är oskyldig," upprepade Sobell Han vägrade att kopa sin fridom med Han vagrade att kopa sin iridom med falska anklugelser gentemot Rosenberg. Han blev sänd till Alcatraz, Amerikas Djävulsö. Fem är där kunde inte bryta ner honen. Efter pretester från hela världer blev han slutligen förflyttad till ett mindre hårt fangelse.

son som var en bab; Hans när Sobell blev arresterad, ir nu 13 år. Sobells fru har et avat heroiskt i både Amerika Europa for att vinna stod for sin makes kamp. Sobells mor, som är 67 år, arbetar både dig och natt för att kunna se sil son fri igen. Kommitteer har bildats i Amerika och många andra länder.

Sadana valkanda man som bertrand Russell i England och Martin Buher i Israel tror på Sobells oskuld. Med Reinhold Niebuhr, Dr. Harold C. Urey, Rabbin Maurice Eisendrath och Norman Thomas i spetsen har tusentals präster, vetenskapsmin, advokater och många andra volja-för hans fridom. Många fördomer venjat rattegången såsom orattvis och som en symbol för en epok av hysteri i Amerika. Andra sager att domen var rent övervåld.

Världen kan inte glömma paret Rosenbergs avrättning. Världen kümper för frihet 1000 Merton Schell, som lider bakom galler i Atlanta Federal

Penetentiary. En världsomspännande protest kan befrie honom. Skriv till:

Provident John F. Kenny & fre knill &

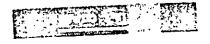
71 # 11 . 12 | 2112 1417 711242 74444 nors base two . : ' 5212 92 7879 2 1 77 5212 92 78797 2 7 5213 72 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 על שנת הוברת בוברבה רפנה. אבר בע סובר, בת "נ, עובדת יופס וויית בדי לרצות עם בנה חופטינו ועדות דוקפן ברחבי אמרי,ה ובעשים וארטות אחרון.

אנשי ציבור כברסראנד האסל מאנגלית ומרשין בובר מישראל מאבינים כי סובל הינו הף מפטע. הארצות הברית, רינהולד גיהבור, ד"ר דארולד קייורי, דביי פורים אייז ברראט ונורמאך הומאם עומדים בראש אלפים של שוחרי חירות בחבעם את שחרורן רבים מגנים את שמשר הפלחי מיני בספל לחקוצה של חיצוריה באברדיקה אחרים אומרים כי גזר הדין הוא מזעזע.

העולם לא ישכח את הרוזנברגרים שהוצאו להורג. העולם נלחם למעך שחרורו של פורשון כובל, הנאנק שאחורי הסורגים על כלא אשלנטה.

מחאות העולם עשויות לחביא לאחרורו. כתבו אל: הנשיא ג'ון פיקנדי,

הבית הלבד, ואשינגשון, ד.ס. ארצות רברית צל אמריקת.



されて 日本の祖の古典の古典の古典の古典の古典の古典の古典の古典の古典の

שנה שברים ארו. הייצאות בפינ אפריקאני פורזין פובל, נשפעות

סזה ו שנה, באד נהספו רוא, אשתו וילדיהם ממקום חו אהם בסכסיקו על ידי סומני הבולשת המרכזיה (פ.בי.איים) קורא מורטון טובל חבר ונלחם בגבורה כבין כחלי הכלא במהמקרטיום.

ב-9500 הושל לתוך המשפט הנודע לשמצה צל יוליום ואחל רוזנברגר, באסמה של קשירה קשר לשם ביצוע פעשי ריגול. השופט דן את הזוג רוזנברגר למיתה על יסוד האגדת שהם מסרו לרוסיה את סוד הפצצה האטומית: אותר שופש דן לפאטר שלשים שנה את מורמון סובל. באשימו היה עד יחיד שהודה כי נשבע לשקרט

לסוכל מוצעה הצעת מוצא: להודות ולתאשים את הרוזנמרגרים. "אני חף בפשעו" - חזר והעפיק יורטון סובל. הוא פירב לקנוח את חירותו המזשמות-שוא נגד הרוזנברגרים. הוא בכלא בכלו אלקטראז, אי-השדים של אמריקה. המש שנים בכלא זה היו מספיקות כדי למוסט אותו. מחאות הציבור מכל חלקי העולם הביאו להעברתו לכלא פחות חמור.

The officers of the same

For 12 years these words from the lips of American scientist Morton Sobell have been heard around the world.

For 12 years, ever since he and his wife and children were kidnapped from their vacation in Mexico by the FBI, Morton Sobell has waged within prison walls a heroic battle against McCarthyism.

In 1950 he was thrown into the infamous trial of sulius and Ethel Rosenberg on a charge of conspiracy to commit es-pionage. The judge condemned the Rosenberg couple to death on the myth that they gave Russia the "secret" of the atomic bomb. The same judge decreed 30 years

for Morton Sobell. His accuser was a single witness who admitted perjury.

Sobell was offered on, way out: make a confession and accuse the Rosenbergs.

"I am innocent," Sobell repeated. He would not be the foundary to bis solutions. not buy his freedom by filsely accosing the Rosenbergs. He was put in Alcutraz, America's Devir's Island. Five years there could not breek him. Public prothere could not breek him. tests from throughout the world brought his transfer to a less severe prison.

His no, rested, is now aby when Sobell was arrested, is now 13 years old. Sobell's wife has fought heroically in both America and Europe to gain support. Sobell's mother, 67, works day night to see her son free. Committees have been formed across America and in many other nations.

Notables like Bertrand Russell of England and Martin Buber of Israe, believe Sobell innocent. In the United States: Reinhole Niebuhr, Dr. Harold C. Ure , Rabbi Maurice Eisendrath and Norman homas lead thousands of clergy, scientist, lawyers and civil libertarians in appeals for his freedom. Many denounce his trial as unfair, a symbol of an era of hysteria in America. Others say the sentence is outrageous.

The world will not forget the Rusenberg execution. The world fights for free-dom for Morton Sobell, who suffers behind bars in Atlanta Federal Penitentiary.

World protest can free him.

President John F. Kennedy The White House Washington, D. C. U. S. A.

ないというできない。

S. Contraction of the Contractio Durante 12 años, estas palabras del sabio americano Morton Sobell han

del sabio americano Morton Sobell han resonado en todo el mundo.

Durante 12 años, desde el día en que él, su mujer y sus niños fueran raptados en Mójico por la FBI, Morton sobell ha sostenido, desde dentro de los muros de su prisión, una batalla hercica contra el Macartismo.

En 1950 se vio arrastrado dentro del infamo juicio do Julio y Ethel

En 1950 se vio arrastrado dentro del infamo juicio de Julio y Ethel Rosenberg, acuacão de naber conspirado para cometer un acto de espionaje. El juez condend a muerte al matrimonio de los Rosenberg, basando su fallo en el mito de que estos, habían dado el "secreto" de la bomba atómica a Rusia. Este mismo juez condena a Morton Sobel este mismo juez condena a Morton So

creto" de la bomba atomica a Rusia.
Este mismo juez condena a Morton Sobell
a 30 años de prisión. Su acusador y solo testigo, admite haber sido perjuro.
lo testigo, admite haber sido perjuro.
condidade si los los Resolverg.
" Soy inocente ", repitió Sobell. Ho
se avino a comprar su libertad acusando
falcamente a los Rosenberg. The interse avino a comprar su libertad acusand falsamente a los Rosenberg. Fue internado en Alcatraz, la Isla del Diablo americana. Cinco eños aní no pudieron quebrantar su espíritu. Protestas de todas partes del mundo indujeron a que se le transfiriera a una prisión menos severa.

menos severa. Su hijo, apenas un nene cuando So bell fuera arrestado, tiene ahora 13 años. La esposa de Sobell ha luchado

heroicamente, tanto en América cono en Europa, para ganar ar 190. La nadre de Sobell, 67, trabaja sin descanso para poder llegar a ver un día, a su hijo libre. Comités han sido organizados a través de América sido organizados a través de América

y en muchos otros paises.

Hombres notables como Bertrand Horbres notables como Bertrand Russell de Inglaterra y Martin Buber de Israel, creen en la inocencia de Sobell. En los Estados Unidos, Rein-hold Niebuhr, Dr. Harold C. Urey, Rabí Maurice Eisendrath y Norman Thomas han dirigido movimientos a la cabeza de miles de miembro: del clero, hombres de ciencia, abusados clero, hombres de ciencia, abjgados y civico libertarios, con el lin de pedir que se le ponga en libertad. Muchos son los que han denunciado de injusto de libertado de injusto. juicio calificandolo de injusto,

al juicic calificandolo de injusto, símbolo de una era de histerismo en America. Otros manifestan que la sentencia constituye un ultraje.

El primo do los Rosenberg. El mundo lucha por obtener la libertad de Morton Sobell, quien sufre detras de los muros de la Frisión Federal de Atlanta. deral de Atlanta.

Una protesta mundial puede liberarlo. Escriba a:

Presidente John F. Kennedy The White House Washington D. C. U. S. A.

La famille Sobell (de gauche te) si fille Sidney, la mère de So gée de 67 ans, son fils Mark, âgé de 13 ans et son épouse Helen, feront appel aux Nations Unies au cours d'une manifestation publique devant le quartier général de l'UN à New York.

משפחת מובל (מיפין לשמאל), הבת מידגי, אמו של מובל רוז בת 67,בגו מרק בן 13, ואשהו הלך. מפגינות לפני פרכז האומות המאוחדות בניו יורק

La familia de los Sobell (de izquierda a de-Rosa, 67, el hijo Marco, 13, y esposa, Helena, apelan ante las Naciones Unidas en demostración publica a las puertas de la aficira central de la Naciones. oficina central de las NU en Nueva York.

Prmiljen Sobell (fr.v.t.h.), dottern Sidney, fobells mor Rose, o7 år, sonen Mark, 13 år, och hustrum delen vädjar till Förenta Nationerna i en demonstration utanför FNs nögkvarter i New York.

La famiglia Sobell (de sinistra a destra), la figlia Sidney, la madre Rose, di 67 anni, il figlio Mark, di 13 anni, e la moslie Elena, fa appello alle Nazioni Unite in pubblica protesta davanti all'ONU a New York.

| WAS 10 YEARS WHEN MY INNOCENT MORTON SOBELL WAS IMPRISONED MR. PRESIDEN. MR.PRESIDENT: 9 70 IVE ONLY MY FATHER MORTON SOBELL DEP

> The Sobell family (left to right), daug fer Sidney, Sobell's mother Rose, 67, son Mark, 13, and wife Helen, appeal to the United Nations in public demonstration outside UN headquarters in New York

The following is The following are among the internationally known who have appears for Morton Sobill's release on

הרשושים משה הנם בין אישי ציבור ביניאומיים שתבעו את שחרורו של סובל משעסים צונים:

Los signientes se quentar entre las figuras internacionales de renombre, que nan apelado aduciendo multitud de razones, para que se le ponga er libertad:

Belgian League for the Rights of Man Bishop of Birmingnam, England Robert Bolt, playwright, England
Dr. Martin Buber, Israel
Dr. Edmond Cahn, New York University
Law School Bertil Carlman, Sweden Pablo Casals, Puerto Rico Lord Chorley, England Canon Collins, England Fru Ester Dail, Sweden Pri Pinter Dally Salary of Belgium Dr. Thomas of Imperson, Yole Law School, U.S.A. Elizabili, Car. Addition of Degrams
Dr. Thomas I. Imerson, Yalle Law School, U
Michael Foot, Sydney Sliverman, Stephen
Swingler, and twenty-seven other British
Members of Parliament, England
Gerald Gardiner, Q.C., former Chairman of
the General Council of the Bar of England
Canon Bryan Green, England Dr. E. J. Jarus, chairman of the Israeli League for the Rights of Man, and twentyfour other eminent is railis Rev. Martin Luther Hing, Jr., U.S.A. Morris Laub, Director of the Joint Commission on Social Action, United Synagogue of America, U.S.A.

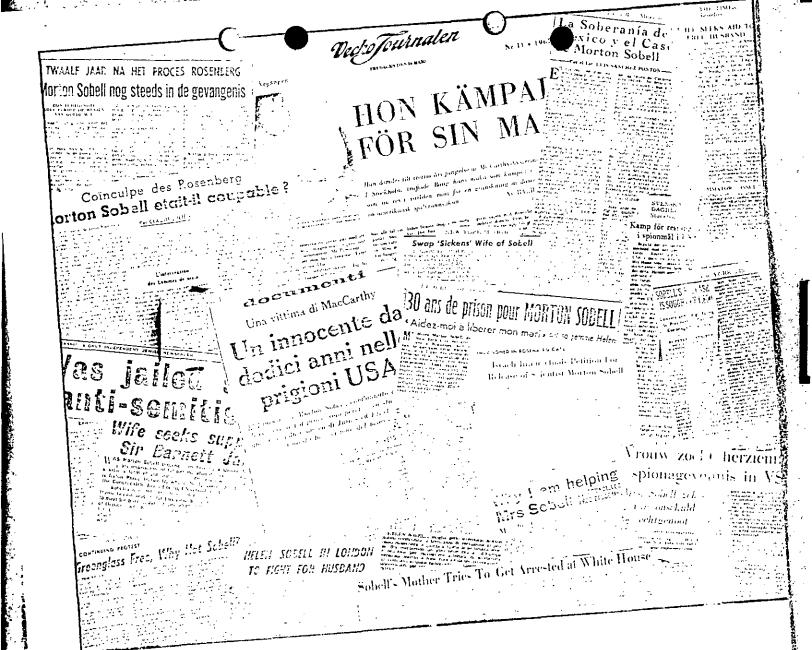
Elenchismo, tra le personalita' intermazionali che rer razioni varie banno fatto aurallo per la literazione il sociali;

Bland de internationellt kända personlig-heter, som av många antedningar har vädjat för Sobells befrielse äro följande.

Les noms suivants sont parmi ceux de renommée internationale qui pour des raisons majeures réclament la mise en liberté de Sobell.

Doris Lessing, author, England Rev. Peter McCormack, former Protectant chaplain at Alcatraz, U.S.A. U.S. Senator Lee Metcalf, U.S.A. Cesare Merzagora, President of Italian Senste, Italy Dr. Reinhold Niebuhr, theologian, and fifteen hundred American Clergymen, U.S.A. Lord Boyd Orr, England Dr. Linus Pauling, scientist, U.S.A. Clarence E. Pickest, U.S.A. Dr. Luis Sanchez Ponton, Senior Professor of Law, University of Mexico Lord Bertrand Russell, England Jean-Paul Sartre, France Alan Sillitoe, author, England Donald Soper, England Bishop of Southwark, England Mervyn Stockwood, England Norman Thomas, civil libertarian, U.S.A. Kenneth Tynan, critic, England Dr. Harold C. Urey, scientist, U.S.A. Arnold Wesker, playwright, England Women's International League for Perce and Freedom, U.S.A. Bishop of Woolwich, England

ادر سامکارد در معینمی کمیوند از در از



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Fall work? Please do. Have you made your

New York 10, N.Y. 670 Broadway THE SOBELL COMMITTEE

Refreshments

to preview excerpts. the Sobell story have consented film now in production to tell producers of the new documentary epecial arrangement, the

Me Jook torward to seeing you.

(near ltth st.)
New York City 74 Fifth Ave.

> on next steps in the Sobell case. from throughout the United States gathering to welcome visitors Please join our open house

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u e a o a s n o H

Saturday, Sept. 22, 9 F.M.

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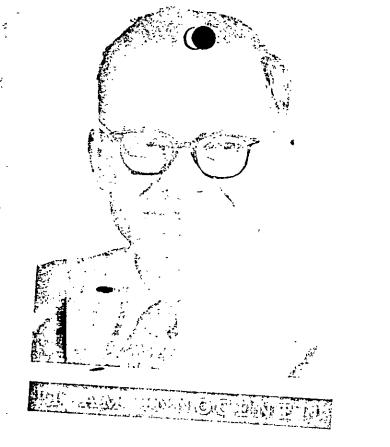
The Movie You Have Been Waiting To See

You are invited to A special preview of clips from a soon-to-be-released fil on the case of

MORTON

181288

SOBELL



BEFRIA MORTON SOL

DAD LERTAD A MORTON SCORLL

LIBEREZ MORTON SOBELL

LIBERTA PER MORTON SOBE

שחרקו את מורמון סובלן

FREE MORTON SOBELL

eg Bob ! Gamed | WHELE CAMENON TO | HELEN SOBELL: | CLEMENCY PLEA FOR CONVICTION | SCIENT CONVICTION | SCI Pushed in Part of the property ATTEMPT TO HAVE I Haar man zit al twaalf je onside dig

Depuis 12 ans ces mots prononces par

Depuis 12 ans ces mots prononces par le savant Américain Morton Sobell ont été repetes dans le monde entier.

Depuis 12 ans, du jour ou il a été enleve avec sa femme et ses enfants par le FBI, alors qu'il passait ses vacances au Mexique, Morton Sobell de sa prison a engagé une lutte heroïque contre le McCartheisme.

de concriration en cas d'espionnage. Le juge condamna à mort le couple Rosenberg d'après le mythe qu'ils avaient livré "le secret" de la bombe atomique à la Russie. Le même juge condamna Morton Sobell à 30 ans de prison. Son accusateur était seulement un témoin qui confessa avoir fait un faux serment.

On offrit à Sobell une chance: c'est à dire faire une confession et accuser les Rosenbergs. "Je suis innocent" répétait Sobell. Il refusa d'acheter sa liberté en accusant faussement les Rosenbergs. Il fut emprisonne à Alcatraz, l'Ile du Diable d'Amérique. Cinq longues années ne pouvaient briser sa resistance. Une protestation publique venue du monde entier provoqua son transfert dans une prison moins sévère.

Son fils, qui n'était qu'un bébe lorsque Sobell fut arrêté, a muintenant 13 ans. La femme de Sobel, a lutté heroïquement à la fois en Amerique et en Europe pour obtenir de l'aide. La mère de Sobell âgée de 67 ans travaille jour et nuit pour la libération de son fils. Des coaités ont été formes dans toute 1'Amirique et dans beaucoup d'autres mail

et Martin buber d'Israel croieit dans l'innocence de Sobell. Aux États Unis Reinhold Nichuhr, le docteur Birold C. Urey, le Rabbin Maurice Eisendrath et Norman Thomas sont à la téte de milliers de libertaires, membres du clergé, savants, avocats et cirls qui réclament sa mise en libre. Beaucoup critiquent violemment son procès le trouvant injuste, symbolisant une ère d'hystérie en Amérique. D'autres déclarent que la sentence est outrageuse.

Le monde entier n'oubliera pas l'exécution des Rosenbergs. Il lutte pour obtenir la liberté de Morton Sobell, qui souffre dans sa celule à l'Atlanta Federal Penitentiary.

Une protestation universelle peut le libérer. Lorivez au:

President John F. Kennedy The White House Washington, D. C. U.S.A.

bon 12 ann the queste parole profferite dallo scienciato and ricano Morton Sobell echeggiano pel mondo intero.

. . ;

Son 12 . Ai che Morton Sobell - sin dal giorna che Ai rapito as, ieme alla moglie ed . pambini durante un soggiorno nel Messido - compette entro le mura della prigione una battagira eroica contro il McCartiesimo.

Nel 1950 veniva coinvelto nello infame proce, lo di Julius e lathel Rosenberg, accusato di complotto al fine di spionaggio. Il giudice condamava a morte la coppia Rosenberg in virtal della leggenda che essi avevano consegnato alla Rossie il "segreto" della bomba atomici. Il medesimo giudice decretava 30 ani, di prigione per Morton Sobeli. Il suo accusatore fa un anceo testimone il quale poi socialistica.

si dieniarati spergitro.

A Sonell y niva offerta una sola via di salvezzar redecre alli confessione ed accusare i Robenberg. Sono innocente, i protestava Sobeli. Egli non volle comprare la propria liberta accusando falsamente i Rosenberg. Ventia mento ad Aleatraz, 11 ola del Diavolo d'America. Chaque unui di prigionia ad Aleatraz non unui o distratto la sua fede. La pentesta pusolica d'ogni parte del mondo ha profocato il suo trasferimento ac un carcere mene auto.

dell'arresto, e' ora tredicenne. La neglie di Sobell ha lottato erorcamente in America ed in Europa al fine di ottenere l'appopi o del pubblico. La madre di Sobell, di 67 anni, si prodiga giorno è notte al fine di ridare la liberta a suo figlio. Vari comitati si sono organizzati in America ed in molte altre nazioni.

Persone insigni come Bertrand Pussell d'Inghilterra e Martin Buber d'Israele credono nell'innocenza di Sobell. Negli Stati Uniti, Reinhold Niebuhr, il Dott. Harold C. Trey, il Rabbino Maurice Eisendrath e Norman Thomas marciano alla teste di migliai e di religiosi, scienziati, uomini di leggi e difensori delle liberta' civili nel fare appelli per la sua liberazione. Molti denunciano l'ingiustizia del suo processo, simbolo di un'era isterica in America. Altri detestano l'inumara condanna.

Il mondo non dimentica la morte de . Rosenberg, le mando dole la liberario de di Morton Sobeli, il quale langue dietro le sbarre del Penitenziario Federale di Atlanta.

La protesta del mondo puo¹ libera-le. Scrivete a:

> Il Presidente John F. Kennedy La Casa Bianca Washington, D. C. Stati Uniti d'America

> > 113

والمرسمين المادوشاني

Mar Despending

I 12 år har dessa ord från den amerikanske vetenskapsmannen Morton Sobell ljudit runt hela världen.

I 12 år, ända sedan han och hans fru och barn blevo kidnappade av FBI från deras semesterställe i Mexico, har Morton Sobell från sin fangelsecell utkämpat sin heroiska

kamp mot McCarthyism.

1950 blev han inblanded i den
ökända rättegången mot Julius och
Ethel Rosenberg och blev då anklagad
för förberedelse till spionage. Paret
Rosenberg blev dömda till döden baserat
på myten att de hade givit kyssland
"hemligheten" till atombomben. Samma
domare gav Morion Sobell 50 år. Han
blev dönd på ett enda vittnesmål
som också erkände att han givit fælsk
vittnesed.

Sobell blev erbjuden en väg ut: erkänn och anklags paret Rosenberg.
"Jag är oskyldig," upprepade Sobell.
Han vägrade att köpa sin fridom med falska anklagelser gentemet Rosenberg.
Han blev sänd till Alcatraz, Amerikas Djävulse. Fem är där kunde inte bryta ner honom. Efter protester från hela världen blev han slutligen förflyttad till ett sindre hert fangelse.

Hans son som var en beby
när Sobell blev arrestered, är
nu 13 år. Sobells fru har strävat heroiskt i både Amerikt och
Europa for att vinna stod for
sin makes kamp. Sobells mor,
som är 67 år, arbetar både dag
och nutt för att kunna se sin
son fri igen. Kommitter har
bildats i Amerika och många andra länder.

Sådana välkanda man sen bertrand Russell i England och Martin Buber i Israel tror oå Sobells oskuld. Med Reinhalt Niebuhr, Dr. Harold C. Urey, kabbin Maurice Eisendrath och Norman Thomas i spetsen har tusentals präster, vetenskapsmän, advokater och många andra vädjat för hans fridom. Många fördömer rättegången såsom orattvis och som en symbol för en epok at hysteri i Amerika. Andra ellger att domen var rent övervålt.

Världen kan inte glöten:

Världen kan inte glötte i paret Rosenbergs avrättning. Världen kämpar för frihet fir Morton Sobell, som lider betom galler i Atlanta Federal Fenetentiary.

En världsomspännande protest kan befria honom. Skriv

President John F. Kennedy The White Bouse Washington, D. C. U.S.A.

בנו, שהיה חינוק כאשר סובל נאטר הינו כיום בן 15. חעיתו על סובל נאבקה בגבורה הן באמריקה יהן באירופה על כנת לזכות בתמיכה וסעד. עני של סובל, בת 67, עובדת יושם ולולת כדי לראות את בנה חובנים וערות חוקפו ברחבי אמריקה ובעכים וארצות אחרות.

אנשי ציבור כברסראנד האסל מאנגליה ומרטין בובר מישרטל מאסיניט כי סובע הינו חף מפעע. מארבות דברית, רינהולד ניהבור, ד"ר הארומו שניורי, רברי נורים אייונדראט ונורמון רוואט נוברים בראש אלפים של שוחרי חירות בתבעם את שחרורו. רבים מגנים את כשפטו כבלתי הוגן, בסמל לתקופה על היטמריה באמריקת. אחרים אומרים כי גזר הדין הוא מזעזע.

העולם לא ישכח את הרוזנברגרים שהוצאו לתורג. העולם נלתם לפען שתרורו של פורטון כובל, הנאנק מאחורי הסורגים של כלא משלנתה.

מחאות הכולם עצויות להביא לשמרורו. מהבו אל: הנשיא ג'ון פ.קנדי, הביה הלבן, ואפינגמון, ד.ט. ארצות הברית של אמריקה. Weight in

מזה 2 שנה שמלים אלו, היוצאות מפין של המדען החמריקאני מורסון סובל, נשמעות ברחבי העולם.

מזה 12 שנה, מאז נחספו הוא, אותו וילדיהם פמקום הופעתם במכסיקו על ידי סוכני הבולשת המרכזית (פ.בי.איי.) קורא מורטון סובל תגר ונלחם בגבורה מבין כתלי הכלא במק-קרטיזם.

ב-1950 הושל לחוף המשפש הודדת לשחצה של
יוליוס וחיל רוזוברגר, באשו בל קטירת קצר
לשם ביצון שעשי ריגול. השופט דן את הזוג
רוזנברגר למיתה על יסוד האגדה שהם מסרו
לרוסיה את סוד הפצצה האטומית. אוהו שופש
דן למאסר שלשים שנה את מורטון סובל. מאטימו
היה עד יחיד שהודה כי נשבע לשקר.
לסובל הוצעה הצעת מוצא: להודות ולהאשים

את הרוז וברגרים. "אני תף פפשע!" - מזר את הרוז וברגרים. "אני תף פפשע!" - מזר והצמיע מורטון סובל. הוא סירב לקנות את חירותו במאשמות-שוא נגד הרוז נברגרים. הוא נכלא בכלא אלקסראז, אי-השדיט של אמריקה. המש שנים בכלא זה היו מספיקות כדי למוסט אותו. מהאות הציבור מכל חלקי העולם הביאו להעברתו לכלא פחות תמור.

har and oddynam

For 12 years these words from the lips of American scientist Morton Sobell have been heard around the world.

For 12 years, ever since he and his wife and children were kidnapped from their vacation in Mexico by the FBI, Morton Sobell has waged within prison walls a heroic battle against McCarthyism.

In 1950 he was thrown into the infa-mous trial of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg on a energe of conspiracy to commit espionage. The judge condemned the Rosenberg couple to death on the myth that they gave Russia the "secret" of the atomic bomb. The same judge decreed 30 years for Moreon Sobell. His accuser was a

single witness who comitted perjury.

5 bobell was offered one way out: make as enfession and accuse the Rosenbergs.

Tam innocent," Sobell repeated. He would not buy his fraction, by falsely accusing the Resembergs. He was put in Alcatraz, America's Devil's Island. Five years there could not break him. Public protests from throughout the world brought his transfer to a less severe prison.

His son, a baby when Sobell was arrested, is now 13 years old. Sebell's wife has fought heroically in both America and Europe to gain support. Sobell's mother, 67, works day night to see her son free. Committees have been formed across

America and in many other nations.

Notables like Bertrand Russell of England and Martin Buber of Israil believe Sobell innocent. In the United States Reinhola Niebahr, Dr. Harold C. Uree, Rabbi Maurice Eisendrath and Norman Thomas lead thousands of clergy, scientists, lawyers and civil libertarians in approls for his freedom. Many denounce his trial as unfair, a symbol of an era of hysteria in America. Others say the sentence is outrageous.

The world will not forget the Losenberg execution. The world fights for freedom for Morton Sobell, who suffers behind bars in Atlanta Federal Penitentiary.

World protest can free him! Write

President John F. Kennedy The White House Washington, D. C. U, S, A.

\$1.40 d 0 c

Durante 12 alos, estas palabras eable aréricano Morton Sobell han

del cabic aréricano Morion Sobell han resonado en todo el mundo.

Durante 12 años, desde el día en que él, su mujer y sus niños fueran raptados en Méjico por la FBI, Morton Sobell ha sostenido, desde dentro de los nuros de su prisión, una batalla heroica contra el Macartismo.

En 1950 se vio arrastrado dentro del infame juicio de Julio y Ethel Rosenberg, acusado de haber conspirado para cometer un acto de espionaje. El juez condenó a muerte al matrimonio de los Rosenherg, basando su fallo en el mito de que estos, habían dado el "secreto" de la bomba atómica a Rusia. Este mismo juez condena a Morton Sobell

Este mismo juez condena a norton bobell a 30 años de pribión. Su acusador y so-lo testigo, admite haber sido perjuro. Sobell se le obreció una salida si conlesaba, y acusaba a los Rosenberg. "Soy inocerte ", repitió Sobell. No se avino a comprar se libertad acusando se avino a comprar se libertal acusand falsamente a los Rosenberg. Fue internado en Alcatraz, la Isla del Diablo americana. Cinco alos ahí no pudieron quebrantar su espíritu. Protestas de todas partes del mundo indujeron a que se le transfiriera a una prisión menos severe menos severa.

Su hijo, apenas un nene cuando So bell fuera arrestado, tiene ahora 13 años. La esposa de Sobell ha luchado

heroicamente, tanto en América como en Europa, para ganar spoyo. La madre de Sobell, 67, trabaja sin descanso para poder llegar a ver un día, a su hijo libre. Comités han sido organizados a través de América y en muchos otros paises.

Hombres notables como Bertrand Russell de Inglaterra y Martin Buber de Israel, creen en la inocencia de Sobell. En los Estados Unidos, Reinhold Niebuhr, Dr. Harold C. Urey, Rabí Maurice Eisendrath y Norman Thomas han dirigido movimientos a la cabeza de miles de miembros del clero, hombres de ciencia, alogados y civico libertarios, con el fin de pedir que se le ponga en libertad. Muchos son los que han denunciado al juicio calificandolo de injusto, símbolo de una era de histerismo en America. Otros manifestan que la sentencia constituye un ultrase.

El mundo no ha de olvidur jamas la ejecución de los Rosenberg. El mundo lucha por obtener la libertad de Morton Sobell, quien sufre detras de los muros de la Frisión Federal de Atlanta deral de Atlanta.

Una protesta mundial puede liberarlo. Escriba a:

Presidente John F. Kennedy The White House Washington D. C. U. S. A.

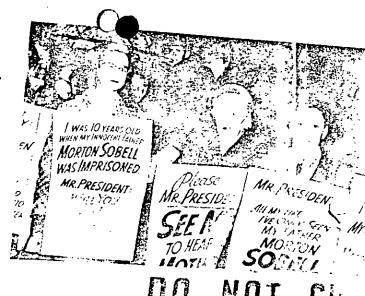
fille Sidney, la mero de Sobell, asée de 67 ans, son fils Ma de 13 ans et Unies au cours d'une manifestation publique cours le cuentier pénéral de 1 lun à Naw You sauche à droite) sa cevant le quartier général de l'UN à New York.

משפחת סובל (מימין לשמאל), הבת סידני, אמו של כובל רוז בת 67,בנו מרק בז 13, ואשתו הלו, פפגינות לפני מרכז האומות המאוחדות בניו יורק

La familia de los Sobell (de izquierda a derecha), la hija Sidney, la madre de Sobell, Rosa, 67, el hije Marco, 13, y esposa, Rosa, or, et nije Marco, 15, y esposa, Helena, apelan ante las Naciones Unidas en demostración publica a las puertas de la oficina central de las NU en Nueva York.

Femiljen Sobell (fr.v.t.h.), dottern Sidney, Sobells mor Rose, 17 år, sonen Mark, 15 år, och hustrum Beten vädjar till Förenta Nationerna i en demor tration utanför FNs högkvarter i New York.

La famiclie Solull (de sinistre a cestra), la fislia Sidney, la madre Rose, di 67 anni, il fislio Mark, di 13 anni, e la morlie Elena, fa appello alle Mazioni Unite in pubblica protesta Caventi all'ONU a New York.



The Sobell family (left to right), daughter Sidney, Sobell's mother Rose, 67, son Mark, 13, and wife Helen, appeal to the United Nations in public demonstration outside UN headquarters in New York demonstration outside UN headquarters in New Yo

who have appealed for Most a Society release or many grannes:

הרשופים מסה הגם בין אישי ציבור ביניגוואיים שתבעו אה עתרורו על סובל מסעמים שוניה:

los siquientes se cuertan entre las figuras internacionales de renombre, que san apelado aduciendo multitud de recones, para que se le

Beigian League for the Rights of Man Bisho, of Birmingham, England Robert Bolt, playwright, singland Dr. Martin Buber, Israel Dr. Martin Buber, Israel
Dr. Entione Chin, New York University
Law School
Bertil Carlman, Sweden
Pablo Casals, Puerto Rico Pablo Casals, Puerto Mico
Lord Chorley, England
Canon Collins, England
Fre Ester Dahl, Sweden
Elizabeth, Queen Mother of Belgium
Dr. Thomas I. Emerson, Yale Law School, U.S. A.
Michael Fot, Schooly Silverman, Stephen
Swinger, and eventy-we other british
Member, of Parliament, England
Gerald Gramer, O.C., former Chairman of
the General Council of the Errof England
One E. J. Larus, chairman of the Israel
League for the Rights of Man, and twentyfour other eminent Israelis Rev. Martin Luther Fling, Jr., U.S.A. Morris Laud, Director of the Joint Commission on Social Action, United Synagogue of America, U.S.A.

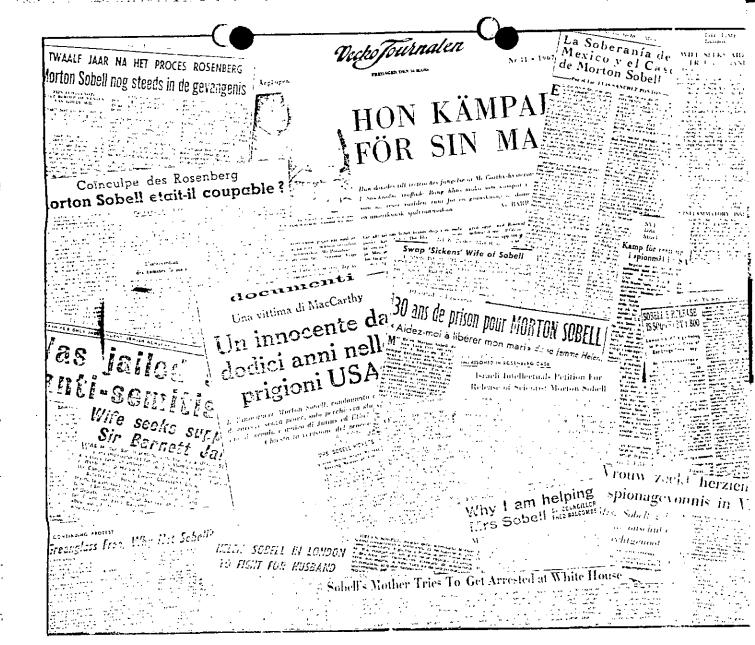
Alenchicae, in le tersonolitat in en-ele van postini (presentation de la la licerazione di bobelli distribution)

Bland de internationeilt kända p e aligheter, som av många anledningar har vadjat för sobells befrielse äre följande:

Les noms suivants sont parmi ceux de renomnée internationale qui pour des raisons mijeures réclament la mise en liberte de Sobell.

Doris Lessing, author, England Doris Lessing, author, England Rev. Peter McCormack, former Protect at chaplain at Alcutraz, U.S.A. U.S. Senator Lee Metcalf, U.S.A. Cesare Merzagora, President of Italian Senate, Italy
Dr. Reinhold Niebuhr, theologian, and
fifteen hundred American Clergymen, U.S.A. Lord Boyd Orr, England
Dr. Linus Pauling, scientist, U.S.A.
Clarence E. Pickett, U.S.A. Dr. Luis Sanches Ponton, Sellios Profession of Law, University of Mexico Lord Dertrand Russell, England Jean-Paul Sartre, France Alan Sillitoe, author, England Donald Soper, England Bishop of Southwark, England Mervyn Stockwood, England Mervyn Stockwood, England
Norman Thomas, civil libertarian, U.S.A.
Kenneth Tyman, critic; England
Dr. Harold C. Urey, scientist, U.S.A.
Arnold Washer playmant, England Arnold Wesker, playwright, England Women's International League for Peace and Freedom, U.S.A.
Bishop of Woolwich, England

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For further information contact:

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL 940 Brokeway. New York 10, New York • Algonquin 4-9983



DAILY FREEDOM VIGIL AT THE UNITED NATIONS STARTS OCT. 17 FOR M O R T O N S O B E L L

Will You Give Two Hours
For The Man Who Has Given 13 Years?

We call you to the United Nations Plaza, 43rd Street and 1st Ave. Wednesday, Oct.17, from 12 noon to 2 p.m.

Help launch our daily freedom vigil. It is urgent to start with a big attendance. UH members must be persuaded to appeal to President Kennedy for Morton Sobell's freedom.

The timing is crucial.A formal parole hearing is set for Oct. 30 in Washington.

Each day after the start of the Freedom Vigil Oct.17, a representation of the thousands urging Sobell's freedom will be at the UN Plaza between noon and 2 p.m.

Will you come on Oct.17th?

What other time can you give?

Please fill out the form below and mail at once:

Phone	
City	·
Address	181297
Mame	
Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. From	./ i.
Also, I would like to take part on other docenvenient for me is	ays. The time most
Count on me to be at United Nations Plaza, on Wednesday, Oct.17.	12 noon-2 p.m.
940 Broadway, New York 10, N.Y.	AL 4-9983



DAD LIBERTAD A MORTON SOBELL

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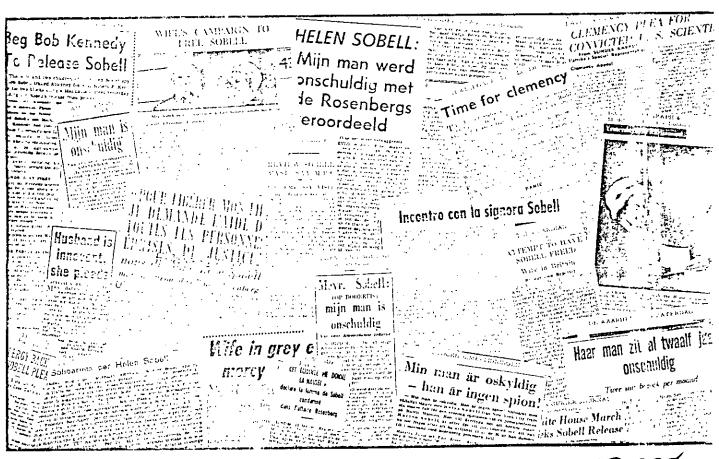
BEFRIA MORTON SOBEL

LIBEREZ MORTON SOBELL

LIBERTA PER MORTON SOBELI

פחררו את מורמון סובל!

FREE MORTON SUBELL



Land managements

I 12 år har dessa ord från den amerikanske vetenskapsmannen Morton Scheil ljudit runt hela världen.

1 12 år, ända sedan han och hans fru och barn bleve kidnappade av FBl från deras semesterställe i Mexico, har Morton Sobell från sin fängelsecell utkämpat sin heroiska kamp mot sicCarthyism.

1950 blev han inblandad i den

is 50 blev han inblanded 1 den ökunda rättegången mot Julius och biev då anklagad Ethel Rosenberg och blev då anklagad för förberedelse till spionage. Paret Rosenberg blev dömda till döden baserat på myten att de hade givit kyssland på myten att de hade givit kyssland "hemligheten" till atembemben. Samma domare gav Morton Sobell 50 år. Han blev dömd på ett enda vittnesmål om också erkände att han givit falsk vittnesed.

Sobell blev crbjuden en väg ut:
erkänn och anklaga paret Rosenberg.
"Jag är oskyldig;" upprepade Sobell.
Han vägrade att kopa sin fridom med
falska anklagelser gentemot Rosenberg.
Han blev sand till Alcatraz, Amerikas
Djavulso. Fem är där kunde inte bryta
ner honom. Efter protester från hela
världen blev han slutligen förflyttad
till ett mindre hårt fängelse.

Hans son som var en bady
när Sobell blev arresterad, är
nu 13 år. Sobells fru har strävat heroiskt i både Amerika och
Europa för att vinna stöd för
sin makes kamp. Sobells mort
som är 67 år, arbetar både dag
och natt för att kunna se sin
son fri igen. Kommitter habildats i Amerika och många andra länder.

Sådana valkanda man som bertrand Russell i England och Martin Buber i Israel tror på Sobells oskuld. Med Reinhold Niebuhr, Dr. Harold C. Urey Rabbin Maurice Eisendrath och Norman Thomas i spetsen hat tusentals präster, vetenskapsgån, advokater och många andra vadjat för hans fridom. Många fördömer rättegången såsom orattvis och som en symbol för en epok av hysteri i Amerika. Andra säger att domen var rent övervåld.

som en symbol for en epok av hysteri i Amerika. Andra säger att domen var rent övervåld.
Världen kan inte glömmel paret kosenbergs avrättning.
Världen kampar för frihet för morton Sobell, som lider bekom galler i Atlanta Federal Penetentiary.

Penetentiary.

En världsomspännande protest kan befria honom. Skill

President John F. Kerandy The White House Washington, D. C. U.S.A.

בנו, שהיה חינוק כאשר סוכל נאסר היגו כיום בן 10. רעיתו על סובל נאבקה בגבורה הן באמריקה והן באירופה על מנת לזכות בתמיכה וכעד. אמו של סובל, בת 67, עובדת יומם ולילה כדי לראות את בנה הופצי, ועדות הוקמן ברתבי אמריקה ובעטים וארצות אחרות.

אנסי ציבור מבחטראנד ראסל מאנגליה ומרטין בובר מיטראל כאמינים כי סובל הינו חף מפשע. מארצות הברית, רינהולד ניהבור, ד"ר הארולד קייודי, רביי שורים אייזנדראס וכורמגון הומנס טונדים בראצ אלפים של שותרי חירות בתמעם את שחרורו. רבים מגנים את מארדו בבלתי וגד, מסמל לתקופת על הובייה ממברלקת. צתרים אומרים כי גור הדין הוא מועזע.

העולם לא ישכת את הרוזנברגרים שהוצאו להורג. העולט נלחם למען שחרורו של מורסון סובל, הנאנק מאהורי הסורגים של כלא אשלנטה.

מחאות העולם עשויות להביא לשחרורו. כתבו אל: הנשיא ג'ון פ.קנדי,

הנשיא ג'ון פיקנדי, הבית העבך, ואשינגטון, דעט. ארצות הכרית של אסריקה.



מזה 12: נה שמלים אלו, היוצאות מפיר על המדען תאפריקאני מורטון סובל, נעמעות ברחבי העולם.

מזה 12 שנה, מאז נחטפו הוא, אשתו וילדיהם ממקום חופשתם במכסיקו על ידי סוכני הבולטת המרכזית (פ.בי.איי.) קורא מורסון סובל תגר ונלתם בגבורה מבין כתלי הכלא במקייקרטיזם.

ב-1950 הוטל לתוך הכשפם הנודע לשמצה של
יוליום ואמל רוזנברגר, באשמה של קשירת קשר
לעם ביציע לעשי ריגול. השופש דן את תזוג
רוזנברגר למיתה על יסוד האגדה שהם שסרי
יהונברגר למיתה על יסוד האגדה שהם שסרי
יהוניה את יוד הפצצה האטומית. אותו שותש
דך לטאסר ידעים שנה את מורשון סובל. מאשיפן
היה עד יחיד שהודה כי נשבע לשקר.
לסובל הוצעה הצעת מוצא: להודות ולהאשים

לסובל הוצעה הצעת מוצא: להודות ולהאשים את הרוזנברגרים. "אני חף מפשע!" - חזר והשמיע מורסון סובל. הוא סירב לקנות את תירותו בהאשבות-שוא נגד הרוזנברגרים. הוא נכלא בכלא אלקסראז, אי-השדים של אמריקה. תמש שנים נכלא זה היו מספיקות מדי למושמ אותן. בתאות הצינור מכל חלקי העולם הביאו להעברהו לכלא פחות חפור.

THE WHAT WOOD IN THE WAY

For 12 years these words from the lips of American scientist Morton Sobell have been heard around the world.

For 12 years, ever since he and his wife and children were kidnapped from their vacation in Mexico by the FBI, Morton Sobell has waged within prison walls a heroic battle against McCarthyism.

In 1950 he was thrown into the infamous trial of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg on a charge of conspiracy to commit espionage. The judge condemned the Rosenberg couple to death on the myth that they gave Russia the "secret" of the atomic bomb. The same judge decreed 30 years for Morton Schell. His accuser was a

single witness who admitted perjury.
Sobell was offered one way out: make a confession and accuse the Rosenbergs.
"I am innocent," Sobell repeated. He would not buy his freedom by falsely accusing the Rosenbergs. He was put in Alcatraz, America's Devil's Island. Five years there could not break him. Public protests from throughout the world brought his transfer to a less severe prison.

a baby when Sobell wis ar-His son, rested, is now 13 years old. Sobell's wife has fought heroically in both America and Europe to gain support. Sobell's nother, 67, works day night to see her son free. Committees have been formed across America and in many other nations.

Notables like Bertrand Russell of England and Martin Buber of Israel believ Sobell innocent. In the United States Reinhold Niebuhr, Dr. Harold C. Urey, Rabbi Maurice Eisendrath and Norman Thomas lead thousands of clergy, scientists, lawyers and civil libertarians in appeals for his freedom. Many denounce his trial as unfair, a symbol of an era of hysteria in America. Others say the sentence is outrageous.

The world will not forget the Rosenberg execution. The world fights for free-dom for Morton Sobell, who suffers behind bars in Atlanta Federal Penitentiary.

World protest can free him. Write

President John F. Kenned The White House Wasnington, D. C. U. S. A.

Durante 12 años, estas palabras del sabio américano Morton Sobell han

resonado en todo el mundo.

Durante 12 años, desde el día en que él, su mujer y sus niños fueran raptados en Méjico por la FBI, Morton Sobell ha sostenido, desde dentro de los muros de su prisión, una batalla hercica contra el Macartismo.

En 1950 se vio arrastrado dentro del infamo juicio de Julio y Ethel Rosenberg, acusado de naber conspirado para conster un acto de espionaje. El juez condend a matrimonio de les Possenberg. los Rosenberg, basando su fallo en el mito de que éstos, habían dado el "se-creto" de la bomba atómica a Rusia.

creto" de la bomba atomica a Rusia.
Este mismo juez condena a Morton Sobell
a 30 años de prisión. Su acusador y solo testica, admite haber sido perjuro.

In Februario de la confecció una salida si
confesaba, y acusaba a los Rosencerg.
"Soy inocente ", repitió Sobell. No
se avino a comprar su libertad acusando
falsamente a los Rosenberg. Fue interse avino a comprar su libertad acusand falsamente a los Rosenberg. Fue internado en Alcatraz, la Isla del Diablo americana. Cinco años ahí no pudieron quebrantar su espíritu. Protestas de todas partes del mundo indujeron a comprar su espíritare a una prición que se le transfiriera a una prisión

menos severa. Su hijo, apenas un nene cuando So bell fuera arrestado, tiene ahora 13 años. La esposa de Sobell ha luchado

heroicemente, tento en América como en Europa, para gener (1970. La madre de Sobell, 67, trabaja sin descenso para poder llegar a ver un dia a su bijo labre. Comitás ban día, a su hijo libre. Comités han sido organizados a través de América

y en muchos otros paises.
Hombres notables como Bertrand Russell de Inglaterra y Martin, Buber de Israel, creen en la inocencia de Sobell. En los Estados Unidos, Reinhold Niebuhr, Dr. Harold C. Urey, Rabi Maurice Eisendrath y Norman Thomas han dirigido movimien os a la cabeza de miles de miemby is del clero, hombres de ciencia, abogados y civico libertarios, con el fin de pedir que se le ponga en libertad. Muchos son los que han denunciado al juicio calificandolo de injusto, símbolo de una era de histerismo en America. Otros manifestan que la

America. Otros manifestan que la sentencia constituye un ultimite.

El aunto no na le olvio i jamez la ejecución de los Rosenberg. El mundo lucha por obtener la libertad de Morton Sobell, quien sufre detras de los muros de la Frisión Federal de Atlanta

deral de Atlanta.

Una protesta mundial puede liberarlo. Escriba a: Presidente John F. Kennedy The White House Washington D. C.

U. S. A.

STATISTICS SOLIDARING

Depuis 12 ans ces mots prononces par le savant Américain Morton Sobell ont été repetes dans le monde entier.

Depuis 12 ans, du jour ou il a été enlevé avec sa femme et ses enfants par le FBI, alors qu'il passait ses vacances au Mexique, Morton Sobell de sa prison a engage une lutte heroique contre le McCarthisse.

En 1950 il fut accuse dans le proces infamant de Julius et de Ethel Rosenberg de conspiration en cas l'espionnage. Le juge condamna à mort le couple Rosenberg d'après le mythe qu'ils avaient livré "le secret" de la bombe atonique à la Rustre. Le même juge condamna Morton Sobell à 30 ans de prison. Son accusateur était seulement un témoin qui confessa avoir fait un faux serment.

On offrit à Sobell une chance: c'est à dire faire une confession et accuser les Rosenbergs. "Je suis innocent" répétait Sobell. Il refusa d'acheter sa liberté en accusant faussement les Rosenbergs. Il fut emprisonne à Alcatraz, l'Ile du Diable d'Amérique. Cinq longues années ne pouvaient briser su resistance. Une protestation publique venue du monde entier provoqua son transfert dans une prison moins sévère.

Son fils, qui n'était qu'un bébe lorsque Sobell fut arrêté, a maintenant 13 ans. La femme de Sobell a lutté heroiquement à la fois en Amerique et en Europe pour obtenir de l'aide. La mère de Sobell âgé. Le 67 ans travaille jour et nuit pour la libération de son fils. Des carrières ont été formes dans toute l'Amerique et dans beaucoup d'autres nations.

Des éminentes personnalités comme Bertrand Russell d'Angleterre et Martin Buber d'Israel croient dans l'innocence de Sobell. Aux États Unis Reinhold Niebuhr, le docteur Harold C. Urey, le Rabbin Maurice Einendrath et Norman Thomas sont à la tôte de milliers de libertaires, membres du clergé, savants, avocats et civils qui réclament sa mise en liberté. Beaucoup critiquent violemment son procès le trouvant injuste, symbolisant une ère d'hystérie en Amérique. D'autres déclarent que la sentance est outrageuse.

Le monde entier n'oubliera pas l'exécution des Rosenbergs. Il lotte pour obtenir la liberté de Morton Sobell, qui souffre dans sa cellule à l'Atlanta Federal Penitentiary.

Une protestation universelle peut le libérer. Lorivez au: Frésident John F. Kennery The White House Washington, D. C.

Signi Band See

Son 12 char che queste parole profferite dallo retermato americano Morton Sobell ether han el mendo mitero.

etha Lhan of mondo nitero.

50. Lanni che Monto. Sonell - sin dal
giorno en en rapito de leme alla moglie
et i beneral durante de sogliorno nel
Monto. Compatte catro le mara della
piete cate dia natta la crate, contre il

Nel resultation control nello infame Nel resultatione Line, Rosenberg, accusato recesso al Jahas e Line, Rosenberg, accusato a complotto al frie al spiologgio, il giudice condamiava a morte la coppia Rosenberg in virta' acila reggenda che essi avevano consegnato alla Russia il "segreto" della bomba atomica. Il mede in resultice decretava 30 al religio more per l'esse al fondie, le ano accesatore se un unico e il quale por se dichiara a spergiaro.

A Sobeli vem a ofterta una sola via di salvezza, rendere una confessione ed accusare i Rosenberg. "Sono innocente," protestava Suselli. I'gli non volle comprare la propria inpertal as casa, do falsamente i Rosenberg. Veniva in into ac illeatract, l'Isola del Diazolo d'america. Caque anni di prigionia ad Alcatra, non hanno distrutto la sua fede. La prote e pubblica d'or i parte del mondo ha provocato il suo trasti rimento ad un carcere meno curo.

Il figlio di Sobeli, un bambino al tempo dell'arresto, e' ora trodiceme. La moglia di Sobeli ha luttato erorcamente in America ed in Europa al fine di ottenere l'appounto del pubblico. La madre di Sobell, di 17 mmi, si prodiga giorno e nette al fine di rione e la liberta a suo figlio. Vari comitati si sono organizzati in America co in molte astre

nazioni.

Persone insigni conte Bertrama Russell allignificara e Martin Euber d'Isr. e credono nell'innocenna di Sobell. Relli Stati Initi, Reinhold Niebuhr, il Duti. Harold ti Urey, il Rabbino Maurice Eisenavath e N. man Thomas marciano alla testa di mighiala di religiosi, scienziati, uomini di le pre e difensori delle libertali civili nel fare appelli per la sua liberazio esi, Molti denunciano l'ingiustinale e di controli delle respectivati delle della sua respectivatione della controli della c

Il mondo des dimentica la morte del Rosenbert. Il mondo vuole la liberatione di Morton Sobelli, il quale langue dietro le sbacr del Pemtenziario Federale di Atlacca.

La protesta del mondo puo! l'he rarlo. Scrivete a

> Il Presidente John F. Kennedy La Casa Bianca Washington, D. C. Stati Uniti d'America

> > 1B1298

La famille Sobell(de gauche te) sa fille Sidney, la mère de Solangée de 67 ans, son fils Mark, âgé de 13 ans et son épouse Helen, feront appel aux Nations Unies au cours d'une manifestation publique devant le quartier général de l'UN à New York.

משפחת סובל (מימין לשמאל), הבת טידני, אמו של סובל רוז בת 67,בנו מרק בן 13, ואשתו הלן, מפגינות לפני מרכז האומות המאוחדות בניו יורק

La familia de los Sobell (de izquierda a derecha), la hija Sidney, la madre de Sobell, Rosa, 67, el hijo Marco, 13, y esposa, Helena, apelan ante las Naciones Unidas en demostración publica a las puertas de la oficina central de las NU en Nueva York.

Frmiljen (Sobell (fr.v.t.h.), dottern Sidney, fobells mor Rose, 57 år, sonen Mark, 13 år, och hustrun Helen vädjar till Förenta Nationerna i en demonstration utanför FNs högkvarter i New York.

La famiglia Sobell (da sinistre a Jestra), la figlia Sidney, la madre Rose, di 67 anni, il figlio Mark, di 13 anni, e la moglie Elena, fa appello alle Nazioni Unite in pubblica protesta davanti all'ONU a New York.

I WAS IO YEARS OLD
WILL MAY INNOCEST AIRBRE
EN MORTON SOBELL
WAS IMPRISONED.
MR. PRESIDENT:

MR. PRESIDENT:

MR. PRESIDENT:

MR. PRESIDENT:

MR. PRESIDENT:

MY FATHER MORTON

The Sobell family (left to right), daughter Sidney, Sobell's mother Rose, 67, son Mark, Lo. and wife Helen, appeal to the United Nations in public demonstration outside UN headquarters in New Yor

The following are among the internationally known who have hyptometrion blocks: Follows release on many process.

הרטוטים מטה הגם בין אישי ציבור בינלאומיים שהבעל את שהרורו של כובל מטעטים שוגים:

Los siquientes se cienta. entre las figuras internacionales de renombre, que han apelado aduciendo multitud de razones, para que se le ponga en libertad:

Belgian League for the Rights of Man
Bishop of Birmingham, England
Rober, Bolt, playwright, England
Dr. Martin Baber, Israel
Dr. Edmond Cahn, New York University
I aw School
Bertil Carlman, Sweden
Pablo Casals, Puerto Rico
Lord Chorley, England
Canon Collins, England
Fra Ester Dahl, Sweden
Elizabeth, Cacan Mother of Belgiam
Dr. Thomas I. Emerson, The Law School, U.S.A.
Michael Foot, Sydney Silverman, Stephen
Swingler, and twenty-seven other British
Members of Parliament, England
Gerald Gardiner, Q.C., former Chairman of
the General Council of the Bar of England
Canon Bryan Green, England
Dr. E. J. Jarus, chairman of the Israeli
League for the Ri, his of Man, and twentyfour other eminent Israelis
Rev. Martin Luther King, Jr., U.S.A.
Morris Laub, Director of the Joint Commissio. on Social A. tion, United Synagogue
of America, U.S.A.

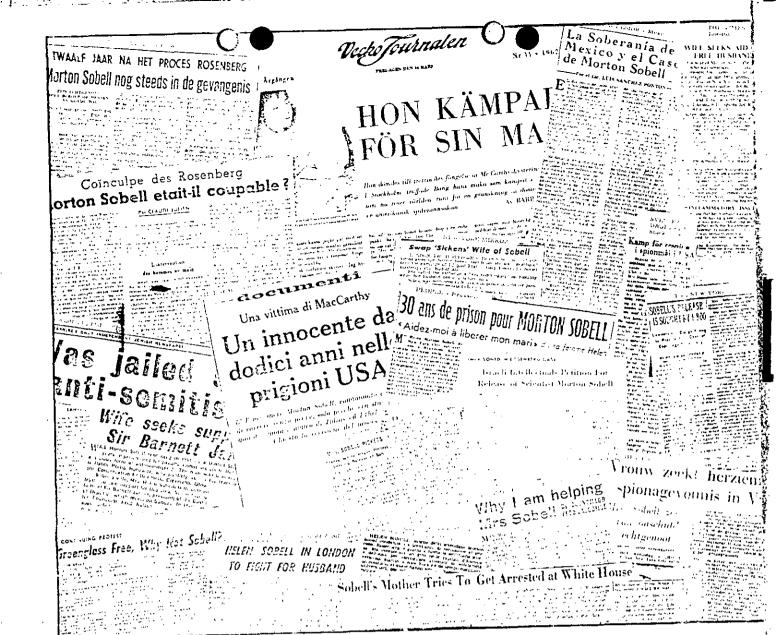
Elenchiamo, tra le personalita' internazionali che ter rasioni varie hanno fatto appollo ter la liberazione di Sobell:

Bland de internationelit kända personligheter, som av många antedningar har vädjat för Sobells pefricise äre följande:

Les nome suivants sont parmi ceux de renommée internationale qui pour des raisons majeures réclament la mise en liberté de Sobell.

Doris Lessing, author, England
Rev. Peter McCormack, former Prote tant
chaplain at Alcatraz, U.S.A.
U.S. Senator Lee Metcalf, U.S.A.
Cesare Merzagora, President of Italian
Senate, Italy
Dr. Reinhold Niebuhr, theologian, and
fitteen hundred American Clergymor, U.S.A.
Lord Boyd Orr, England
Dr. Linus Pauling, scientist, U.S.A.
Clarence E. Pickett, U.S.A.
Dr. Luis Shachez Ponton, Senior Prefessor of
Law, University of Mexica
Lord Bertrand Russell, England
Jean-Paul Sartre, France
Alan Sillitoe, author, England
Donald Soper, England
Bishop of Southwark, England
Mervyn Stockwood, England
Norman Thomas, civil libertarian, U.F.A.
Kenneth Tynan, critic, England
Dr. Harold C. Urey, scientist, U.S.A
Arnold Wesker, playwright, England
Women's International League for Peter
and Freedom, U.S.A.
Bishop of Woolwich, England

18/298



For further information contact:

COMMITTER TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL yet broadway. New York 10, New York • Algonquin 4-9983

30 Charlion Street



MRS. MORTON SOBELL

FOR RELEASE OCTOBER 3,1962

Mrs. Rose Sobell, my husband's mother, my two children, Nack and Sydney, and I will mark Yom Kippur, our most solemn religio's holiday, on October 8, in the only way that has any meaning for us. My husband, Morton Sobell, an innocent man being chamefully persecuted by our government, is spending his 13th Yom Kippur behind bars.

On our Day of Atonement, we ask our nation to atone for the sin of injustice against a man who has committed no crime. The White House gates have become our wailing wall.

Regi. And of 12 noon we will observe this record day wellding before the White House with our signs asking President Kennedy to free my husband. It is too late to receive justice. The 13 years so cruelly taken from us cannot be given back.

But the President can free my husband so his mother can her him released while she is still alive, and so that we can still have some years together as man and wife. In this way some small measure of honor can still be salvaged for our country in the Resemberg-Social C3.30 s

131299

Morton S. Jak Committee ? Scene Justice L

940 DRC KOWAY (Entrance on 22th Street) NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

Algonquin 4-9983



FOR RELEASE WEDNESDAY, CCT. 31, 1962

Mass. Morror Foliall Mis. Res Subell Chairmen

HONORARY SHARE THE (partial Pstl.,g)
Res. Groff W. Alexan
D. El Address Raim J. B. Bass 19-len M. Beardsle, Lee Benare R. H.S.L. & Blanco lero I ili Grando Leys Danel Prob. K. $m_{\rm tot}$ Lay L. E. R.B. March

an da ana Majarakana v. 1.8 '. L

YEW MOTION PICTURE MADE FOR SHOWING TO U.S. PAROLE BOARD TO MIM SCIENTIST'S FREEDOM

Sound Track to be Made Available for Radio Use; Film to be Used for Public Service and Raid TV Shows

NEW YORK--The film medium is being put to a urique new use with the production of a motion picture documentary made for showing to the United States Parole Board in the hope of convincing its members to free scientist Morton Sobell, who continues to assert his innocence in his 13th year of imprisonment on a charge of conspiracy to commit espionage.

The picture, a 16 mm sound film running a half hour and being released Nov.l, is titled "Morton Schell, A Plea for Justice" and features Dr. Harold C. Urey, Hobel Prize scientist, law professor Malcolm P. Sharp of the University of Chicago, attorney Stephen S. Love of Chicago, civil libertar. ian Norman Thomas, Los Angeles TV commentator Lew Erwin, and the Morton Sobell family.

1B1302

It has been produced by top people in the documentary field, under the name of Veritas Productions. The producers have stipulated that they wish to be identified on the day Morton Sobell walks cut of prison.

The producers came to the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell and offered to create such a film out of their conviction that they could convince the Parole Board or President Kennedy to free Sobell, and also persuade the public to take action in Sobell's behalf. They asked no money to cover the cost of financing. The Sobell Committee is paying the cost of the prints to be distributed for showing throughout the United States.

At the Parole Hearing on Tuesday, Oct.30, in Washington, D.C., Mrs. Morton Sobell presented a print of the film to the Federal Parole Board, which is considering Sobell's case. Many notables attended the hearing to speak in Sobell's behalf, and there were messages from throughout the nation and the world to urge Sobell's release, including one from Lord Bertrand Russell charging that Sobell is an innocent man who is a victim of vengeance and "a vicious act of injustice in the tradition of judicial murders."

The Sobell Committee announces that the new film will be sold abroad for dubbing and distribution, and that it will be available in major American cities for presentation in art houses, and for showing either as public service programs or paid broadcasts on television stations. The sound track has also been adapted for use on radio stations in similar public service programs or paid broadcasts.

Throughout his 12 years of imprisonment, as a result of his conviction in the trial with Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, Sobell has

1B 1302

steadfastly maintained his innocence. Many people have taken action on his behalf because they are convinced of his innocence, others have been outraged by the 30-year sentence given on the uncorreborated testimony of a self-confessed perjurer, and many have doubted that a fair trial could have been obtained in the hysteria that prevailed at the time. Sobell served more than five years in Alastraz, and is now at the Federal Panitentiary in Atlanta. A job awaits him upon his release. His parole advisor would be Rabbi Balfour Brickner of New York.

Persons urging Sobell's freedom include: Authors Robert Belt, Arnold Wesker, Alan Sillitoe and Doris Lessing of England; Jear-Paul Santre of France; authors James T. Farrell, Dwight Macdonald and Waldo France of the United States; Queen Elizabeth, the Gueen Mother of Belgium; philosopher Martin Buber of Israel and 30 prominent Israelis; 30 members of Parliament in England; cellist Pablo Casals; Dr. Reinhold Wiebuhr and Dr. John C. Bennett of the Union Theological Seminary; law professors Edmond Cahn of New York University and Thomas Emerson of Yale; and civil libertarian Roger Baldwin.

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Wednesday, November 7, 1962

Can a 'Pleading Film' Free Sobell?

Makers of Documentary Incognito Until Prisoner

Sprung — Example of Birdman' Not Encouraging

Birdman' Not Encouraging

A half-hour 16m documentary has been produced for the sole purpose of persuading the U.S. Parole Board that Morton Sobell, imprisoned 13 years now on a charge of conspiracy to commit espionage, of which he consistently has pleaded innocent.

Film, titled "Morton Sobell, a Plea for Justice," is said to have been made by top people in the documentary field who want to reremain anonymous now, but will identify themselves "on the day Morton Sobell walks out of prison." They worked gratis under the banner of Verltan Productions and feature in the picture such persons as Dr. Harold C. Urey, Nobel Prize scientist; law professor Malcolm P. Sharp of the U. of Chicago; old Socialist presidential nominee Norman Thomas and Los Angeles television commentator Lew Erwin.

In addition to presentation before officials, the film is designed for use by art theatres and to stations. The coundtrack will be made available to radio stations. Also, it's to be sent abroad for dubbing and distribution.

Sobell is now serving a 3Q-year sentence at the Federal Penitentiary in Atlanta.

This is believed the first time in which a film specifically has been made with the sole thought in mind only of freeing an imprisoned man. "Birdman of Alcatraz," the Burt Lancaster sterrer crim

Reprinted as a public service by The Committee To Secure Justice

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Here at Last	
The FILM That	
Can FREE	
MORTON SCEELL	

Out of the film laboratories--and the hearts--of top talent in the movie field has come a motion picture documentary that will stir the mation.

There is only one star in this movie--THE TRUTH. But there are many participants: DR. HAROLD C. UREY, Nobel Prize scientist; law projessors STEPHEN LOVE and MALCOIM P. SHARP; NORMAN THOMAS; Rev. ERVIN A. GAEDE; Los Angeles television commentator LEW ERWIN; The SOBELL FAMILY; rare film of MORTON SOBELL himself, plus other exciting ingredients to make for a powerful indictment of an inexcusable injustice. The film is 16 mm sound and runs half an hour.

This movie fill convince. It will arouse people to action. It will become known throughout the nation, if you help.

WILL YOU HELP LAUMER THIS FILM? Funds must be available to pay for prints (\$75 each), to buy time on television stations throughout the country to reach thousands of viewers at once, to arrange previews in local theatres and auditoriums, and to distribute the film to church, synagogue, campus, civil liberties and other community organizations.

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A half-hour 10m documentary espionage, of which he consistently mprisoned 12 years now on a has been produced for the sole purmarge of conspiracy to commit arole Board that Morten Sobell pose of persuading the has pleaded innocent.

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5:30 P.M.

7:30 P.M.

9:30 P.M

MONDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1962

Showings at

A PLEA FOR JUSTICE" "MORTON SOBELL—

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New York 10, N.Y. To Secure Justice for Morton Sobell public service by The Committee Reprinted as a 940 Broadway

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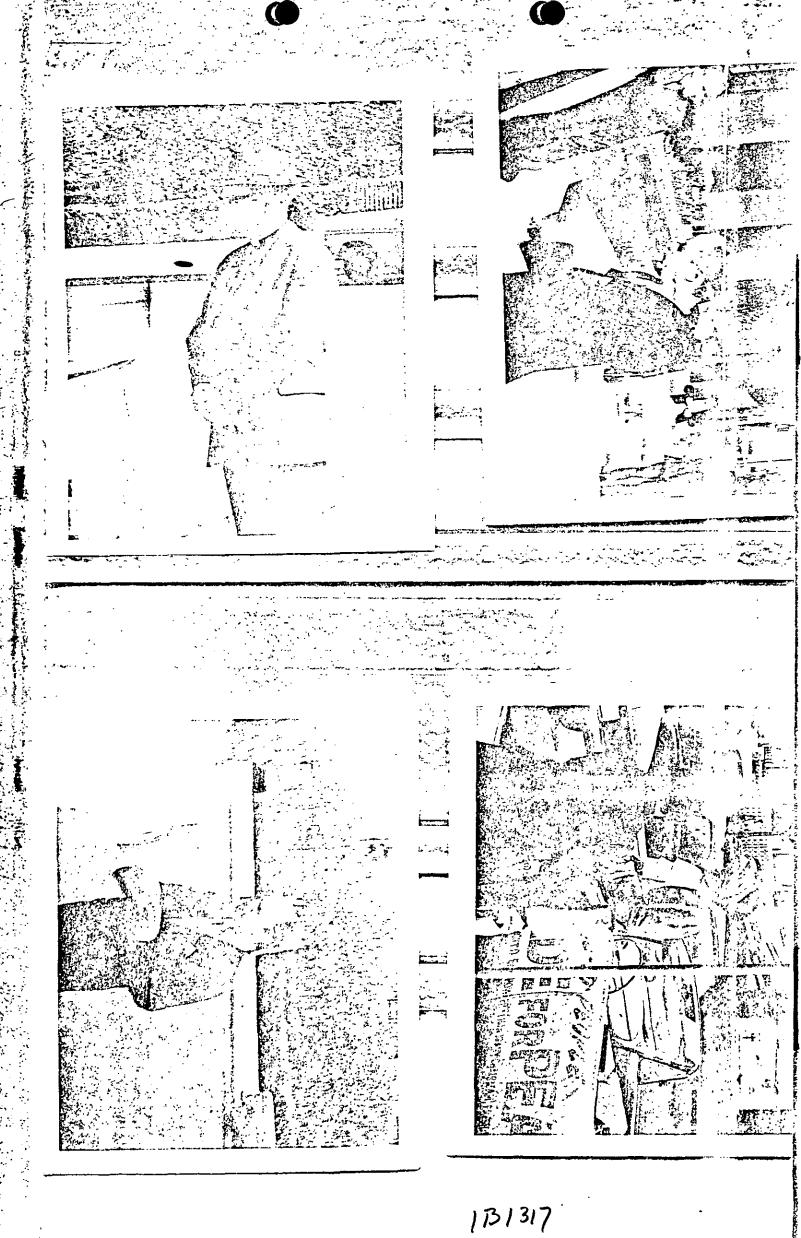
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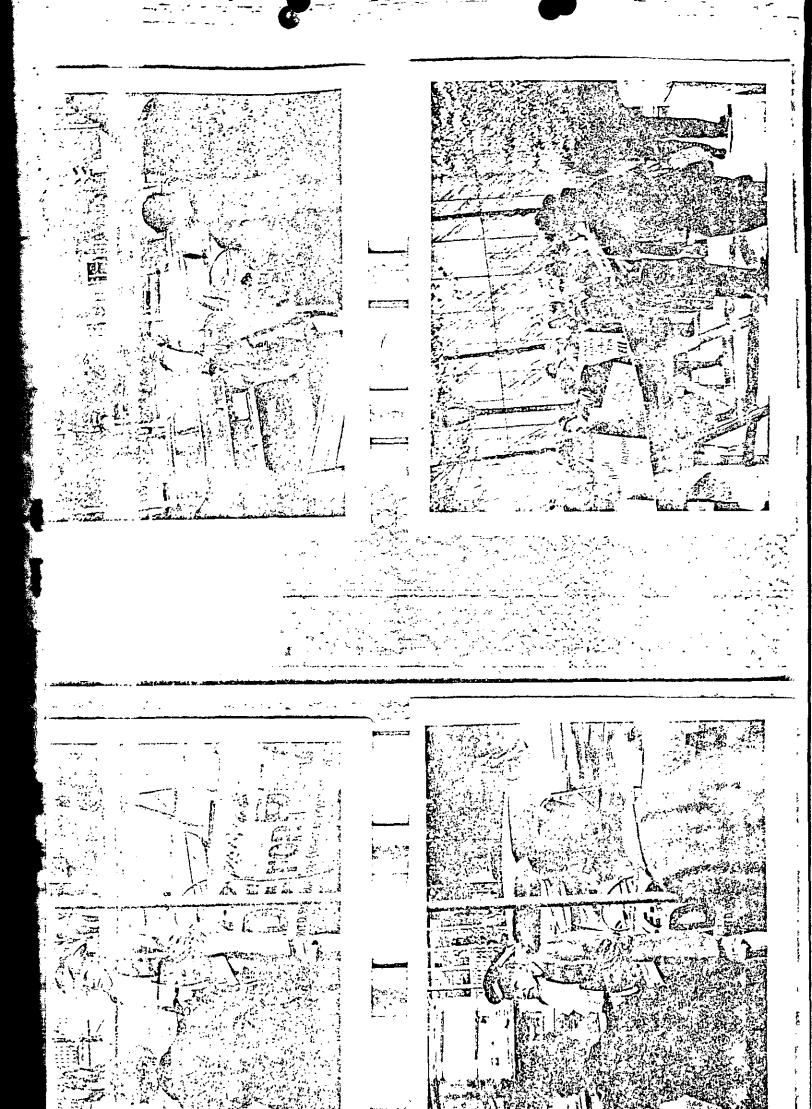
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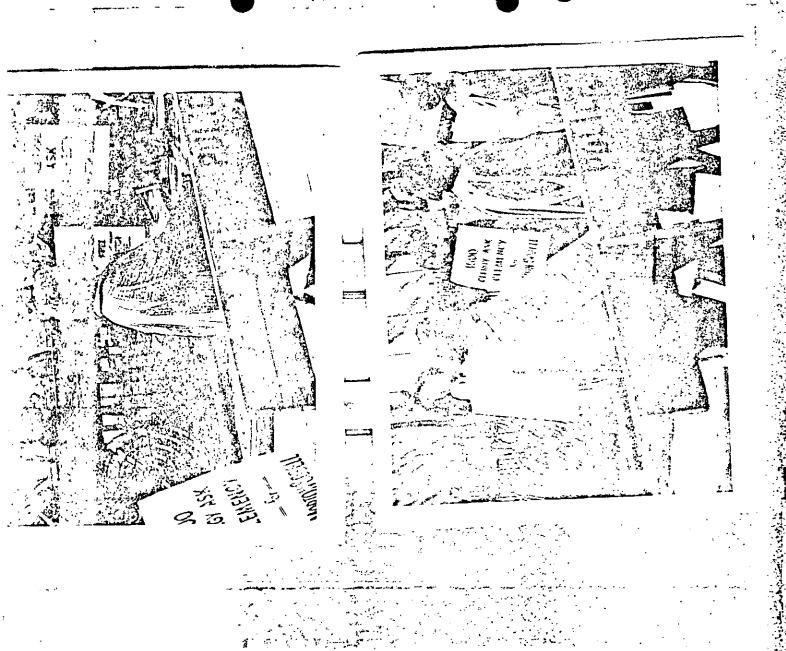
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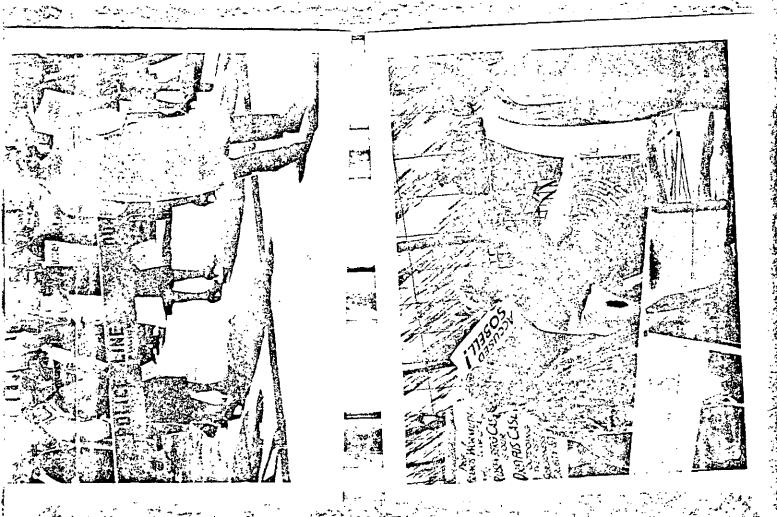
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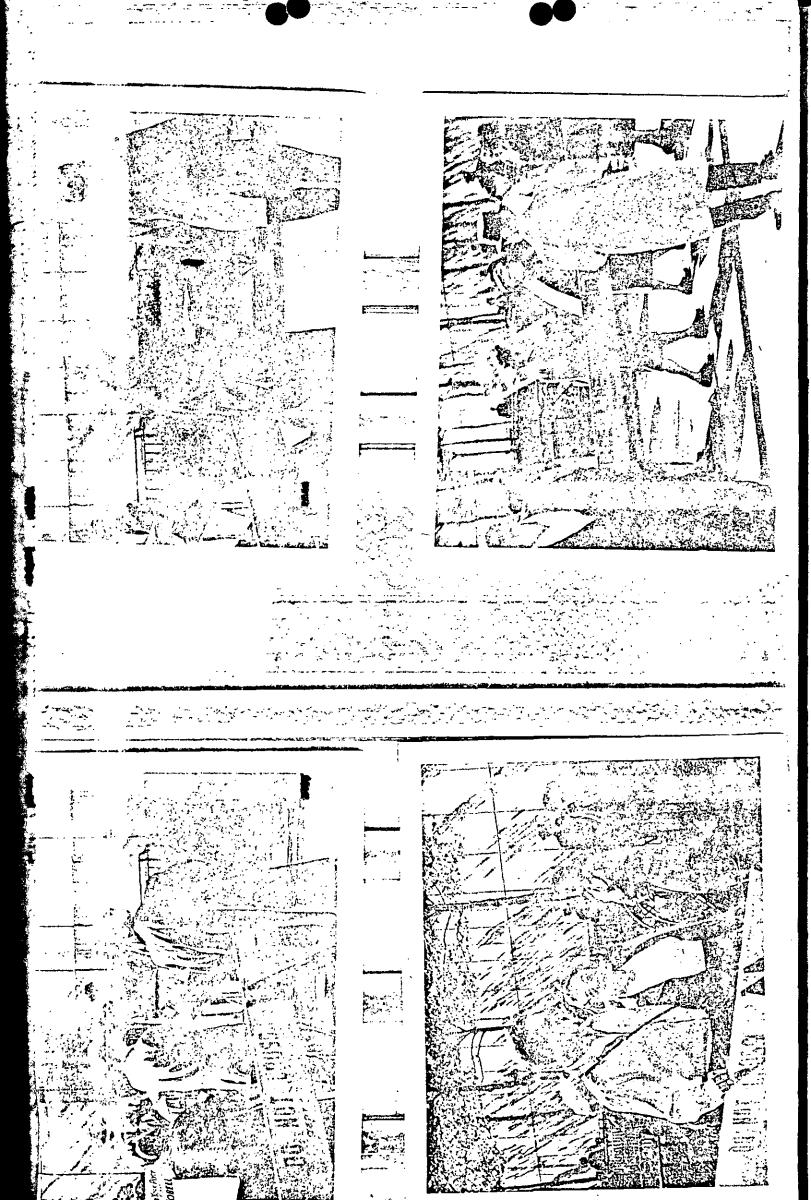


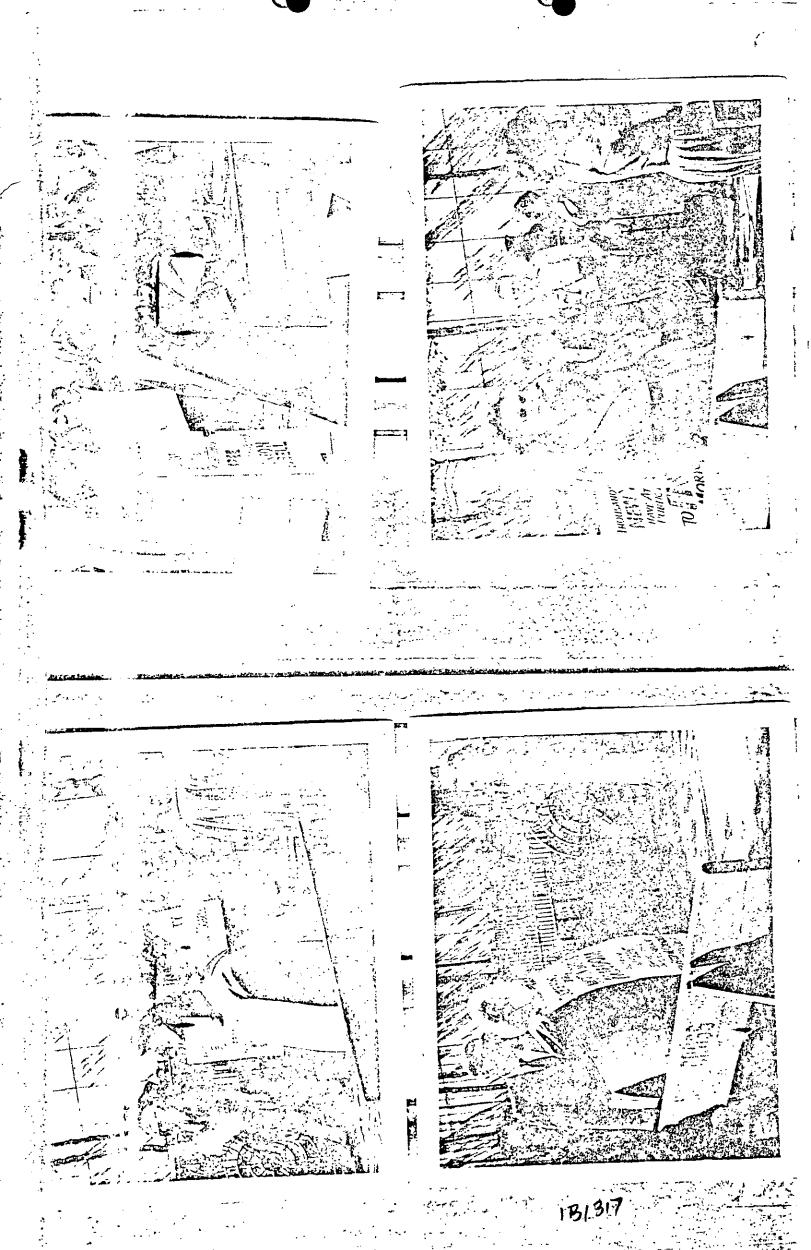


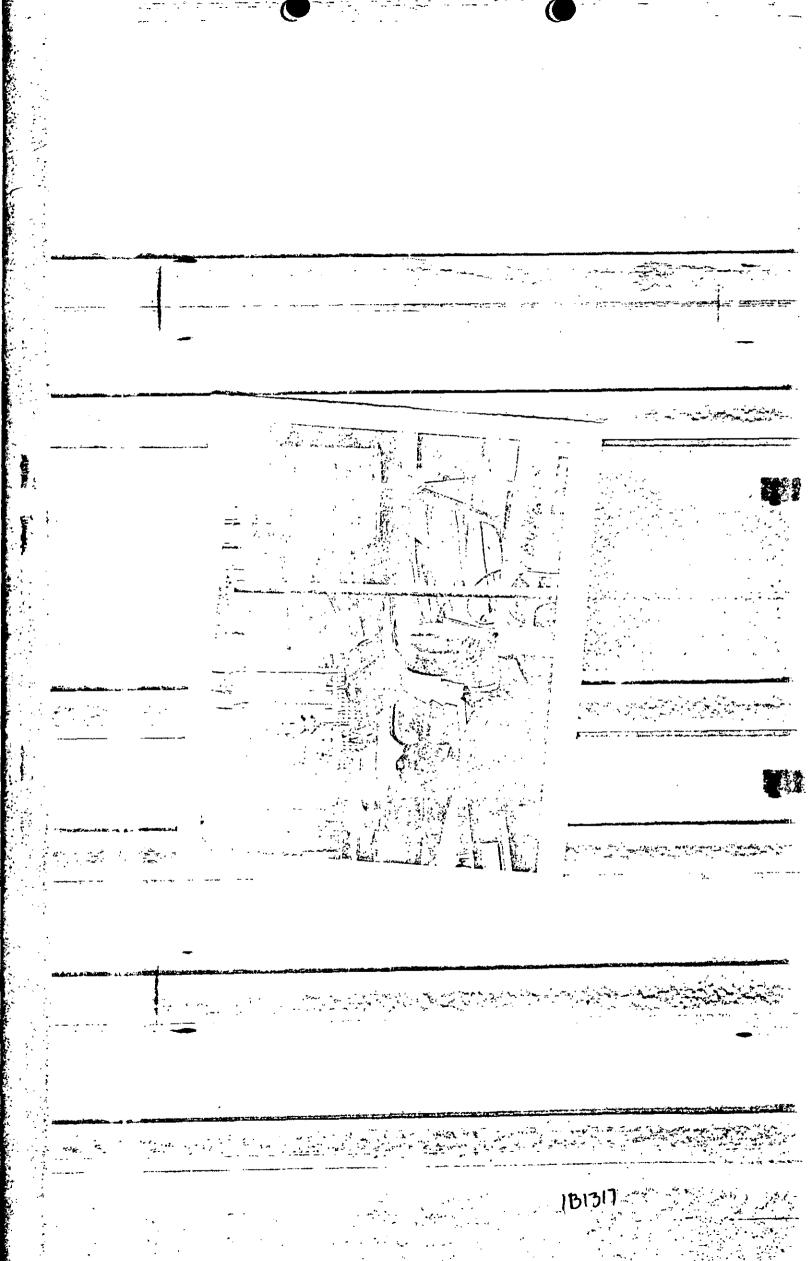


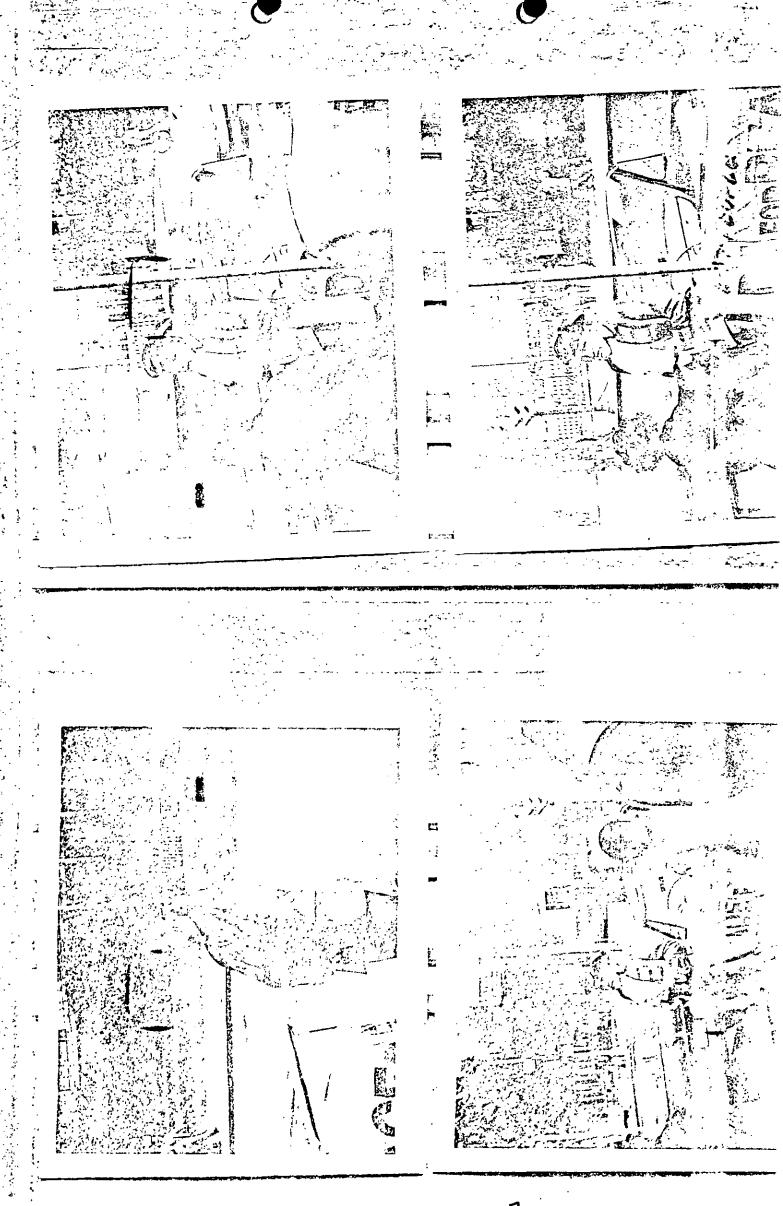


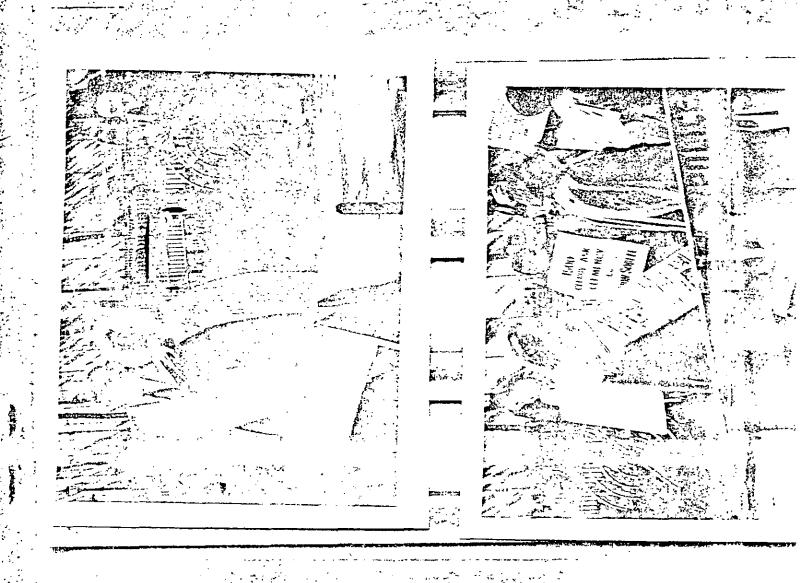


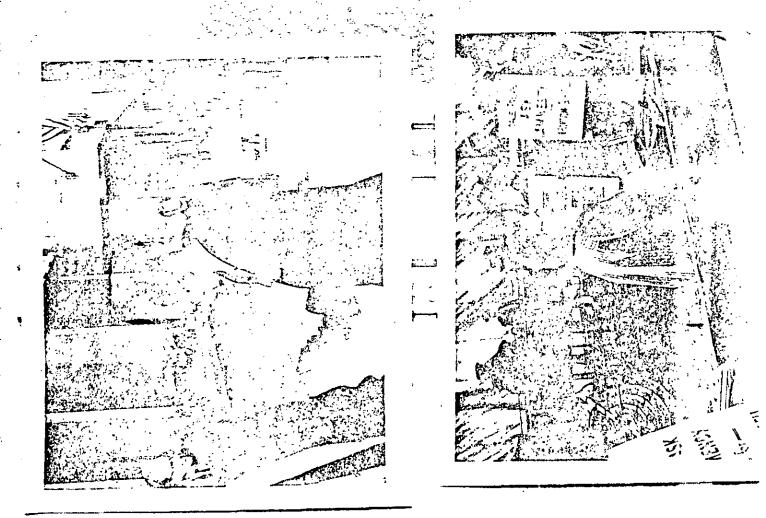


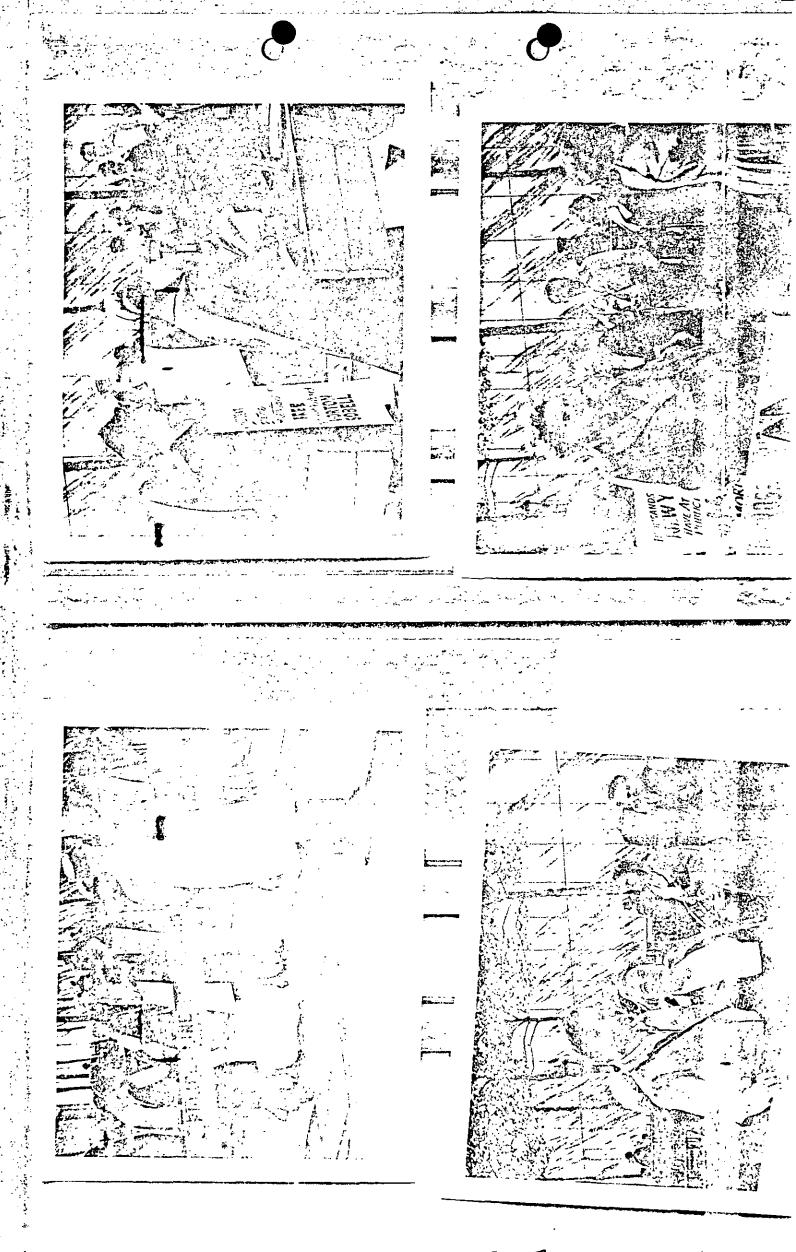




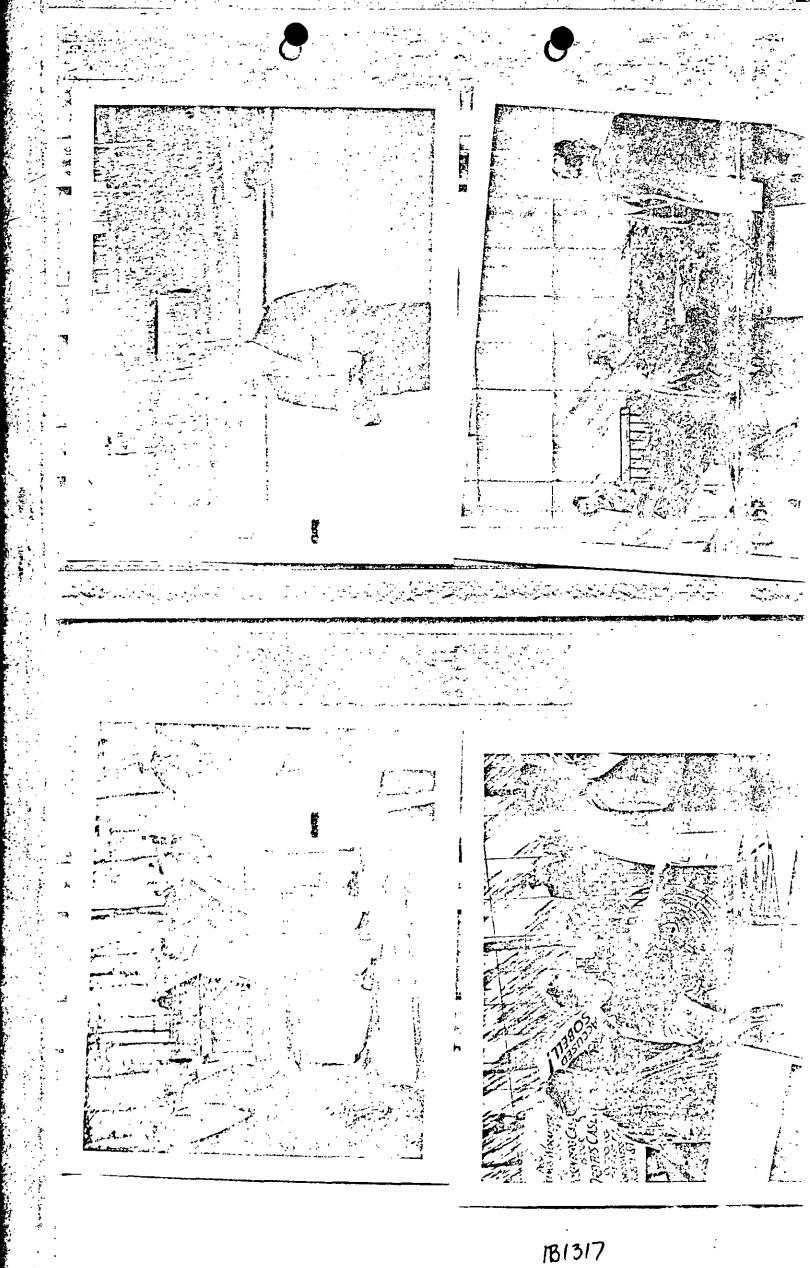


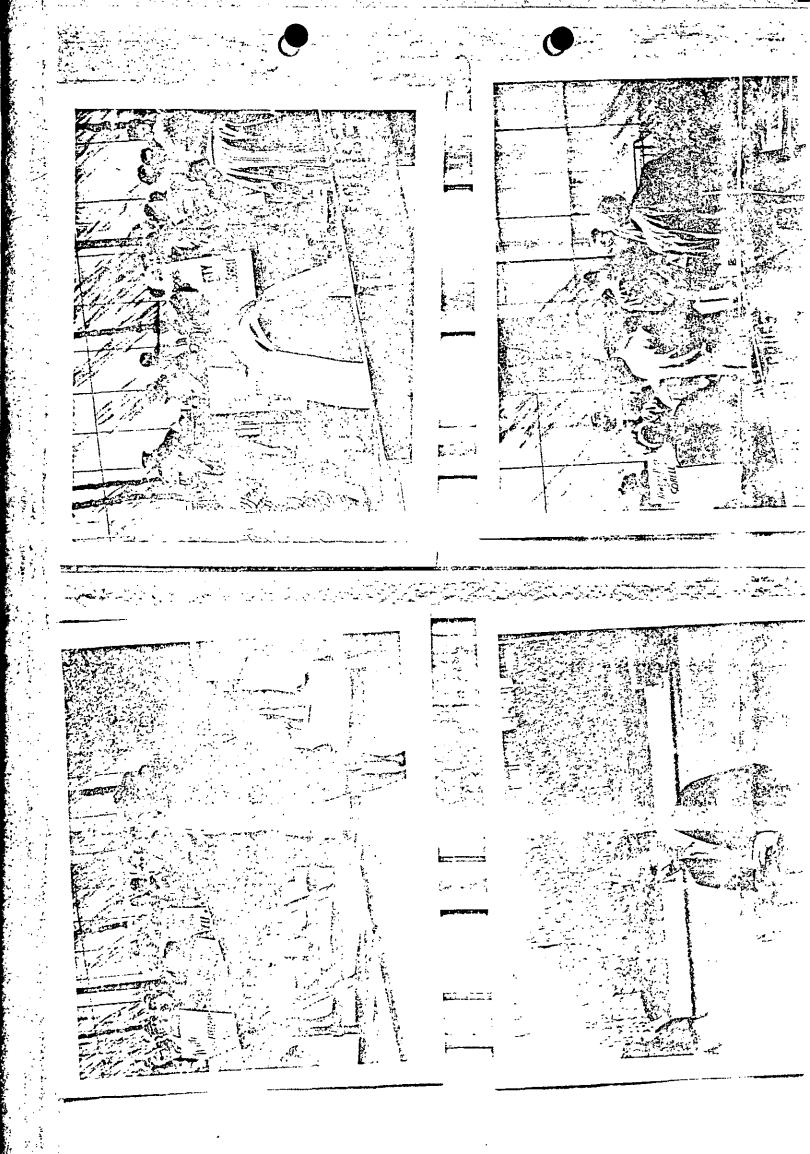






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If there were a motion picture award for a film that holdly seeks truth and national honor, it would go to the compelling new documentary "MORTON SOBELL -- A PLEA FOR JUSTICE." Produced on a volunteer basis by top people in the industry, this film can serve to free Morton Sobell, my innocent husband.

The first print of the film has been presented to the United States Parole Board. Copies are being distributed throughout the country and abroad.

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Imagine turning on your TV cet and seeing the Scheil story. It can be done, if we have the funds to purchase TV time. Think of the impact in every city when the film is shown before important organizations and in theaters or auditoriums. It can be done if we have the funds for enough prints costing \$75 each.

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Sincerely,

(Man. Mortum conel.)

P.S. When sending us your contribution, be sure to mail the enclosed card to President Kennedy.

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United States Parole Board in support of Morton Sobell's pload a freedom. Following are excerpts from appeals to the Board by notables. (Affiliations are given for identification only.)

notide with those of Frofessor Harold Urey, whose logic seems to me to prove the utter falsity of the case against Morton Sobell. I believe moreover that American democracy is gravely imperiled by the existence of such cases and by the techniques of delay and evasion used to avoid swift and reasonable action."

pwight macdonald, author and critic: "Morton Sobell has now served 12 years, surely enough and more than enough punishment for a defendant who is not even accused of atomic espionage and against whom the Government's main charge was not that he had accually handed over any military secrets but rather that he had attempted to get others to do so, whether successfully or not the trial record, which is have read, doesn't make clear."

OHN C. BENNETT, Union Theological Seminary: "The granting of this request (parole) would be a mark of confidence in our institutions and it would indicate that our government seeks to protect individuals who have been victims of injustice in part because of the intensity of public feeling at the time when they were tried and sentenced."

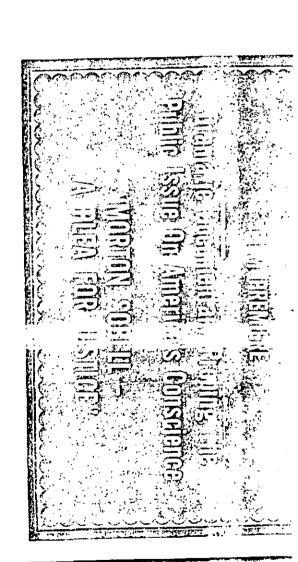
DONALD E. J. MacNAMARA, New York Institute of Criminology: "I know that in these political cases members of the parole board are likely to meet with criticism from the 'radical right' and the 'superpatriots' if they vote for release, but I have confidence that you and your colleagues will judge the Sobell case on its merits."

LORD BERTRAND RUSSELL, England: "He was tried under the wrong law by the sole and uncorroborated testimony of an acknowledged perjurer whose perjury goes unpunished... Twelve years is long enough for vengeance, guilty or innocent. But this is an innocent man. An innocent man."

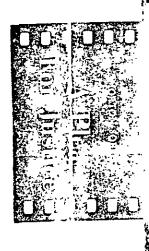
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Others urging Sobell's release include: 1500 clergyon a Prof. Edinand Cahn, N. Y. U. Law School & Prof. Thomas Emerson, Yale Law School & 30 members of British Parliament & Queen Elizabeth, Queen Mother of Belgium & Pablo Casals & Dr. Martin Buber, philosopher, and 30 noted Israelis & Norman Thomas & Roger Baldwin & Dr. Reinhold Miebuhr & Rev. Martin Luther King, Jr. & Writers James T. Farrell, Robert Bolt, Doris Lessing, Kenneth Tynan, Alan Sillitoe, Arnold Wesker, Maxwell Ceismar, Lewis Mumford, Waldo Frank & U.S. Senator Lee Metcati & Clarence Pickett & Women's International League for Peace and Freedon & Prof. John M. Krumm, Chaplain, Columbia University & Dr. Simon Greenberg, Jewish Theological Seminary & Rabbi Maarice Eisendrath & Dr. Linus Pauling

MORTON SOBELL



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H. L. Weiler day, November 19

Makers of Documentary neocoito Until Prisoner Sprung — Example of Thirdman' Not Encouraging Car Dealing in Free Soleli.

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TV Commentator Los Angeles Lew Erwin

Univ. of Chicago Prof. Malcolm Sharp

Law School

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Illinois Lawyer

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SOBELL COMMITTEE

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Helen Sobell His Wife and Mark Sobell	Rose Sobell His Mother	Alarshall Perlin Lawyers for Morton Sobell	Mrs. Eleanor Piel and	
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New York 10, N. Y. Enclosed find \$ ion of the Sobell ease. help a sulate the film wish to contribute \$ print of the new Sobell film wish to [borrow le send me more informal purchase 0

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city, z me, state

Rev. Dr. Erwin Gaede

The holiday season continues to be marred by the tragic fact that Morton Sobell has not yet been released, even though this is his 13th year of imprisonment. The pleas of people from throughout the country and other parts of the world have not been granted. Mr. Sobell vows his innocence, but surely you will agree that even if the verdict against him is accepted, further suffering for him and his family can only be vindictive. We ask you to make this year different. Please use your power to return Morton Sobell to his family by Executive Clemency. 18/34 (city, zone, state) (address) (name) DEAR PRESIDENT KENNEDY: (date) : __ place stamp here 120101 PRESIDENT JOHN'F, KENNEDY Washington, D. C. The White House

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December, 1952

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Sincerely,

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P.S. When sending us your contribution, be sure to mail the enclosed card to President Kennedy. The first print of the new film has been given to the United States Parole Board in support of Morton Sobell's plea for freedom. Following are excerpts from appeals to the Poard by notables. (Affiliations are given for identification only.)

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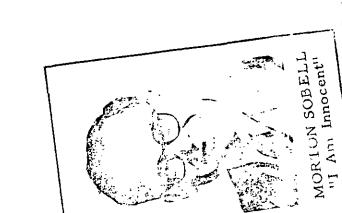
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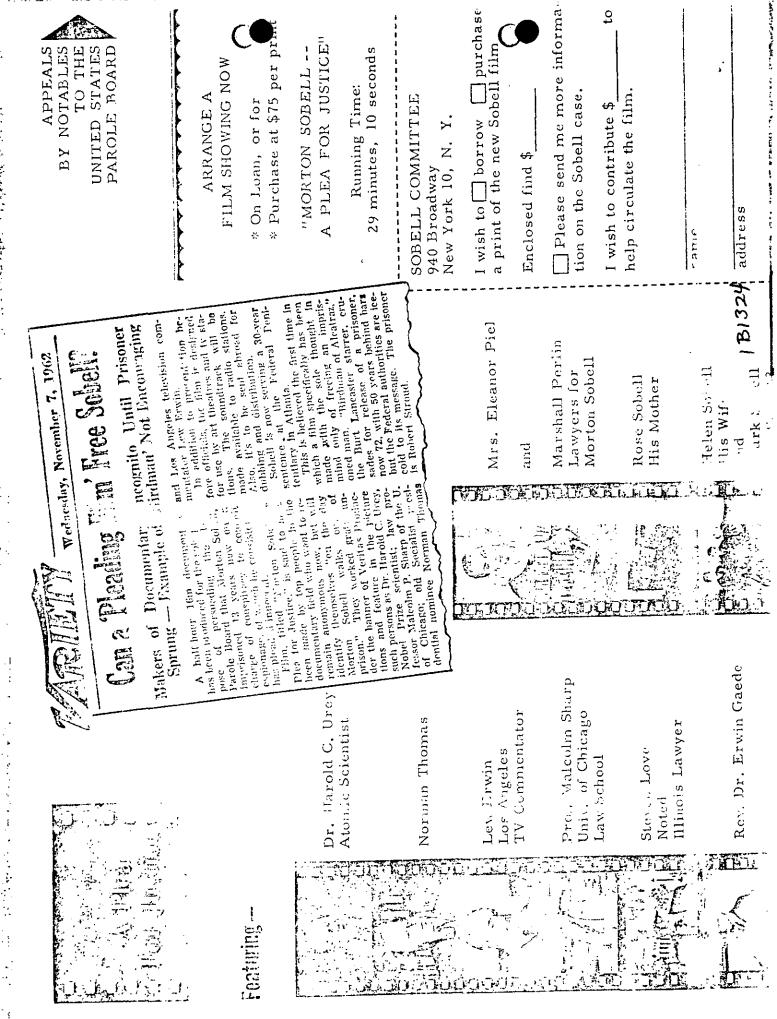
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January 9, 1963

Mrs. Motion Sch li Mrs. Rose Sobell Crob etc.

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Dear Sponsor:

With your help we continue our efforts to free my husband, Morton Sobell, in this 13th year of his imprisonment. The enclosed letter is the beginning of an effort to achieve an independent Commission of Inquiry of prestige and influence who would re-examine the entire Rosenberg-Sobell case.

The quest for such a group requires your signature as an initiator of a substantial body of citizens empressing the desire for it. The interest of those who feel this to be an important action will then be transmitted to the individuals who could appropriately form such a commission. We would hope to enlist the services from five to ten authorities who could make a definitive statement on the posture of the Posanberg-Sobell case 10 years after the execution of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

We have enclosed two copies of the proposed letter and accompanying acceptance. One is to be kept for your files, the other we hope you will sign and return to us so that the letter, as it stands, will go out over the signatures of a group of our sporsors. The self-addressed envelope is for your convenience.

The problem has become no less urgent with the passage of time, either from anhistoric or an individual point of view. Morton's health has been increasingly poor these past two years. This action needs to be pressed forward as quickly as possible. We await your reply.

Very sincerely your.

(Mrs. Morton Sobell)

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Committee de Secure Justice For Morte a S bell

940 SECADWAY (Entrance on 22nd Street) NEW YORK 16, N. Y.

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Mrs. Merian Sabell Mrs. La e Sobell Chairman

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PRESIDENTIAL INQUIRY OF U.S.PAROLE BOARD POLICY URGED BY YALE LAW PROFESSOR THOMAS EMERSON FOLLOWING NEW PAROLE DENIAL FOR MORTON SOBELL

Notables Attack Ruling as Political, Unjust and Tarnishing American Image -- Comments to Dwight Macdonald, New York, Rabbi Philip Horowitz, Cleveland, Rev. David Colwell, Washington, Attorney William Kunstler, New York, and Psychologist Fom Lavin, New York,

NEW YORK--Individuals representative of the many eminent persons throughout the world urging freedom for Morton Sobell are vigorously confirming the new denial of parole that has come from the United States Parole Board in Washington in the case of the American scientist fighting to prove his innocence of the conspiracy to commit espionage charge on which he was condemned to 30 years.

Professor Thomas I. Emerson of the Yale law
School branded the denial of parole to Sobell now
in his 13th year of imprisonment, as the result of a
policy that is "a disgrace to our democratic society.
He said the only explanation was a general policy

of the Parole Board to refuse parole to persons convicted of political offenses.

"President Kennedy", Professor Emerson asserted, "should appoint a Commission of outstanding citizens to inquire into this practice and make recommendations for a more civilized policy."

Mrs. Morton Sobell, whose husband was tried together with Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, said she and her husband's mother, the 68 year old Rose Sobell, had received letters from the Parole Board, dated January 7th, stating the following:

"This will refer to your visit to this office on Tuesday,
October 30, 1962, accompanied by your mother-in-law, son, attorneys
and others, at which time you conferred with Members of the Board
in behalf of your husband, Morton.

of Mr. Sobell's case and have ordered that no change be made at this time in the Board's previous order denying parole. The Board has requested, however, that a Special Progress Report be submitted when further information is available regarding your husband's physical condition. We understand that he is prescribly undergoing a physical examination.

"We appreciate your natual interest in this case and regret the Board's decision could not be more favorable at this time.

Sincerely grouns,

s/ Joseph N. Shore Parole Executive."

Sobell's health is a factor, since he has been suffering severe stomach discomfort, not alleviated by the gall bladder removal operation which he underwent in prison. At Sobell's parole hearing on October 30, 1962, a leading internist, Dr. Sidney

Greenberg, Assistant Professor of Clinical Medicine at Cornell Medical School and member of the staff at Bellevue Hospital, expressed serious concern for Mr. Sobell's condition. The parole hearing was attended by eminent persons from across the United States, and letters recommending release had come from throughout the world. Sobell's conviction was denounced as unfair, based on flimsy testimony of a confessed perjurer, and the sentence called an outgrowth of the McCarthy era hysteria.

Writer Dwight Macdonald branded the parole denial as "disgraceful" and said: "The only reason for their action I can think of is a political one, since Mr. Sobell's record in prison and his prospects for a constructive living if he were released are of such a nature that if political prejudice; were not involved, he would almost certainly have been granted parole.

Mrs. Sobsil suid new appeals would be present to the Bold and to President Kennedy. She called the denial "vindictive, inhuman and unjust." Mrs. Sobell said: "Just as the U.S. Attorney on December 7th admitted that Ethel Rosenberg, 10 years after her death, was entitled to freedom or a new trial, so the vindictive, inhuman and unjust treatment of my husband will be condemned. To continue to gratuitously ruin the life of a man and his entire family is immoral. It can be justified under no circumstances."

les. Social made public the following other immediate comments:

Rabbi Philip Horowitz of Cleveland: "What a sad commentary, that an unquestionable criminal fares better than one whose conviction is based on political views: If only our President

would act to right this wrong! He would thereby silence the righteous indignation which will surely follow this denial of parcle."

Reverend David Colwell, Pastor, First Congregational United Church of Christ, Chairman, Department of Church and Society, Council of Churches, National Capital Area, Washington, D.C.:
"I am deeply disappointed in the denial of parole. It is hard to see how righteousness and justice are thus served. Surely, the image of American mercy and justice is hereby tarmished.
The only recourse now open is in presidential elemency; I trust that Mr. Kennedy will act swiftly and surely."

Afterney William Kunstler of New York: "I feel it is a harsh and unjust epilogue to what I consider to be an equally harsh and unjust sentence."

Psychologist Tom Levin of New York: "I was most distressed to hear that the Parole Board was not able to recognize that the cause of justice and humanity in the Morton Sobell case would best be served by his release at this time."

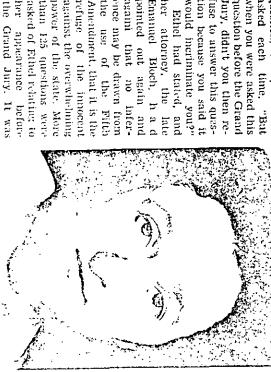
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the Second Circuit of Appeals in Foley Square, New York, Judges conviction before this court today, wouldn't we have to reverse on of U.S. Attorney Robert J. Geniesse, Judge Marshall had asked, argument being presented to the three-judge bench. the authority of Grunewald?" A hush fell upon the courtroom of "If Ethel Rosenberg were tried, say last spring, and we had her **N.24** ORE THAN A DECADE of local procedures, of indees, present-Henry J. Friendly and Thomas W. Swan, listened attentively to the the pause in which Judge Thurgood Marshall waited for the answer

anniversary of the execution of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg approsecutor as he questioned Ethel Rosenberg in March, 1951, during Rosenberg-Sobell case. Perlin had discussed the conduct of motions that challenge both the decision and sentencing in our generation" was being demanded. Our attorneys, Marshall the trial. As Ethel had Perlin and Sanford Katz, had finished their discussion of two proached. A new examination of "the outstanding political trial of HIS SCENE TOOK PLACE Dec. 7, well into the 13th year of imprisonment for my husband, Morton Sobell, and as the tenth

when you were asked this question before the Grand asked each time, "But question, the prosecutor answered tion because you said it luse to answer this ques-Jury, didn't you then requestion after

would incriminate you?" againi that the use of the Fifth pointed out again and against the overwhelming refuge of the innocent Amendment, that it is the ence may be drawn from Emanuel Bloch, had ber attorney, the late Ethel had stated, and no infer-



ETHEL ROSENBERG

Grunewald case,

which

Court had ruled, in the that the U.S. Supreme

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four years after her death

appearance

involved tax evasion, that was prejudical error for a judge to permit such questioning

> argued that even if this Grunewald decision applied, it was so far E 12 years we write that early a disbecause the prejudice would have to be away from Morton Sobell that he could be avail himself of it long since run out, that any number of appeals had already been could use the same reasoning and "get more mileage" out of it. Rosenberg, to Ethel. Judge Friendly commented that the defense this appeal must be summarily disposed of, he said. Further, he turned down, etc. It was on technical and procedural grounds that through Elitcher (the only witness against Sobell), through Julius 12 years we were not entitled to be to the that the unit had connected from Sobell in, angued that after

not arguing that he wanted to stay there and was biding his time?" time Sobell sentence of 30 years was like a, Geniesse stressed the "Hasn't this man been in Atlanta prison dealing this period? You're time lapse since the decision. One judge that asked, almost angrily Again in debating our second motion, which held that the war-

Supreme Court held the war ended with the e-ssation of hostilities.) teaching of Lee v. Madigan which brought this hitherto administrative question into the purview of the court." (In that case the bench, "Why wasn't this raised before?" Perlin replied, "It was the Irving R. Kaufman had omitted the element charging the jury to When this was revealed there seemed to be a flurry of shock on the find that the alleged crime had been co-mitted in time of war. Our challenge was based on the face that the charge by Judge

quiet room. The Pope, the President of France, the millions from all over the world who cried, "Wait, there are deabts," converged upon cutor talk away the lives of Ethel and Julius, and send Morton to the moment of waiting. accepted the Rosenberg-Sobell verdicts seemed crowded into the there seemed to be a listening. All the many persons who had never the unbelievable years of Alcatraz and Atlanta, for the first time ${f g}$ N THIS COURTEOOM where I had sat before, in this building where I had watched the lying witnesses and the scheming prose-

court would probably have to rule in favor is the defendant." His learned, it can bring Morton's freedom. as he asked what effect the Granewold tolast might have had on rords cannot bring life to Ethel and Julius. If the lesson can be the Rosenberg verdicts. And the U.S. at a mey answered: "This Judge Marshall had pripped the quarter of mumbo-jumbo

write now to the President asking for release for Morton. U.S. Attorney can admit that justice was wefully served. Please Wis Arterney can admit that justice was wefully served. Please mother Rose and I ask for your help. Morton's health says he may be in a d... A doctor who has examined all ave. ous condition. Don't e information about -Relen Sobell

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Reprinted as a public service by The Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, 940 Broadway, New York 10, N.Y

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Onlober 10, 1962

ance", too — will you send your Eminent Americans will be there hearing in Washington, D.C. quired is an avc. Liche of latters same. Ask your intuities to urge parole for Morton Sobell before the October 30th public The most immediate action rein your comine that to do the letter immediately? Ask loaders Will you make Your "appear to the United Stakes Parole Board

as he begin: his 13th year of

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people in both Hollywood and New York is tary film, produced by a number of top flight A powerful new 26 minute sound documen now ready for showing.

film. Cost is \$2500.00. Your contribution will make possible the presentation of the time on a local TV station to put on the Committee in Washington, D.C. is buying date of the parole hearing. The Sobell facts in the case to the greatest number of Washington, D.C. on or about Oct. 30th the We need your help for the premiere in people at one time.

and labor unions should be urged to show Political clubs, colleges, law groups, Y's help us plan for additional showings. have the opportunity to see the film and We will have a print of the film in Philadelphia very shortly -- you will soon

A ROUND OF THANKS

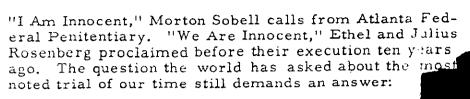
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- a hold a most successful vigil in front of America's shrine of freedom — Independence Hall — led by Dr. Willard Uphans and Helen Sobell. This vigil received excellent coverage by both radio and TV.
- couch thousands of people throughout the state with miorgiapon da the case
- a support the Sobell family in their fight to free

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HOW DO YOU, THE JURY, FIND? The Rosenberg-Sobell Case After 10 Years

See A new documentary motion picture -MORTON SOBELL -- A PLEA FOR JUSTICE The story of the American scientist condemned to 30 years and of world-wide appeals to free him

A search for the truth about the Rosenberg-Sobell case by eminent Americans of diverse viewpoints

Prof. G. Murray Branch, Interdenominational Center, Atlanta

SPEAKERS:

Rabbi Balfour Brickner Dean Donald E. J. MacNamara, N. Y. Institute of Criminology Rowland Watts, Civil Liberties Attorney

Angus Cameron, Editor Prof. Fred Rodell, Yale University Helen and Rose Sobell

WEDNESUAY * FEBRUARY 27th * 8:15 P. M.

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40 East 35th Street, New York City

Auspices:

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SPEAKERS TO WEIGH ROSENBERG-SOBELL CASE
IN MEETING AT COMMUNITY CHURCH
10th YEAR SINCE EXECUTION

"I AM INNOCENT" ASSERTS SOBELL IN CONTINUING BATTLE FOR FREEDOM

"How do you, the jury, find?--The Rosenberg-Sobell Case After 10 Years" will be the topic of a meeting addressed by eminent New York speakers at the Commonlity Church, 40 East 35th Street, New York Clty, on Wednesday, Feb. 27th, 8:15 P.M.

"I Am Innocent", Morton Sobell asserts from his cell in Atlanta Penitentiary in the continuing case that has been called "the outstanding 'political' trial of our generation" by the Columbia Law Review.

"We Are Innocent", Julius and Ethel Rosenberg vowed to the end as they were executed 10 years ago.

Morton Sobell is in his 13th year of imprisonment on the charge of conspiracy to commit espionage.

What is today's verdict? Speakers expressing various viewpoints of concern voiced throughout the world will examine the issue at the Feb.27th public gathering, the first of such meetings to be held throughout the United States in reappraisals for ing this 10th anniversary year.

Those on the platform will include Professor G. Murray Branch, Interdenominational Center, Atlanta, who will act as Chairman; Rabbi Balfour Brickner; Angus Cameron, editor; Dean Donald E. J. MacNamara, New York Institute of Criminology, Prof. Fred Rodell of Yale University, Rowland Watts, civil liberties attorney and Helen and Rose Sobell.

Highlighting the meeting will be the showing of the new documentary film, "Morton Sobell--a Plea for Justice." The movie, a half hour film, features atomic scientist Dr. Harold C. Urey, law professor Malcolm P. Sharp of the University of Chicago, attorney Stephen S. Love of Chicago, Rev. Dr. Erwin A. Gaede of Ann Arbor, Michigan, Sobell's defense attorneys Eleanor Jackson Piel and Marshall Perlin, and is narrated by Los Angeles Television Communitation Levision.

In announcing the meeting, under auspices of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, committee co-chairman Mrs. Morton Sobell asserted:

"The Rosenbergs were accused of giving Russia the atomic bomb and thereby bearing responsibility for the Korean War. Aside from questions of guilt or innocence, appeals from the world over, including Pope Pius XII and the President of France, urgon that the unprecedented sentences not be carried out.

"Today the idea that Russia could have obtained her atomic bomb from the Rosenbergs is recognized as absurd. I have heard many people agree, but add that surely the Rosenbergs must have been guilty of something. But of what if not that for which they were put to death? We know of nothing. Throughout the years nor and more people have exposed the unreliable witnesses whose work was then accepted. (There was no documentary evidence.) Lies and inconsistencies in the testimony have been shown.

"Recently I sat in a federal courtroom in which my husband's attorneys were challenging the fairness of the trial on an appeal for a new trial or freedom. Federal Judge Thurgood Marshall and U.S. Attorney Robert J. Geniesse agreed that if Ethel Rosenberg were appealing today she would probably have to receive a new trial. What a tragic comment on capital punishment!

18/339

"I Am Innocent," Morton Sobell calls from Atlanta Federal Penitentiary. "We Are Innocent," Ethel and Julius Rosenberg proclaimed before their execution ten years ago. The question the world has asked about the most noted trial of our time still demands an answer:

HOW DO YOU, THE JURY, FIND? The Rosenberg-Sobell Case After 10 Years

See A new documentary motion picture MORTON SOBELL -- A PLEA FOR JUSTICE The story of the American scientist condemned to 30 years and of world-wide appeals to free him

A search for the truth about the Rosenberg-Sobell case by eminent Americans of diverse viewpoints

Prof. G. Murray Branch, Interdenominational Center, Atlanta Angus Cameron, Editor

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Helen and Rose Sobell

MUNESDAY * FEBRUARY 270; * 8:15 1.M.

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February, 1963

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Dear Fellow American:

For 13 years, ever since his arrest in 1950, my husband, Morton Sobell, has been imprisoned, accused of conspiracy to commit espionage. HE IS INNOCENT! But in the hysteria of the McCarthy era, he was condemned to 30 years on the word of a confessed perjurer in the trial with Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. Ten years ago the Rosenbergs, asserting their innocence, were executed.

The facts of our trial may be new to many young people who were children at the time. But people throughout our country and the world can never forget what the Columbia Law Review has described as "the outstanding 'political' trial of our generation. The Rosenbergs were accused of giving Russia the atomic bomb and thereby bearing responsibility for the Korean War. Aside from questions of guilt or innocence, appeals from the world over, including Pope Pius XII and the President of France, urged that the unprecedented sentences not be carried out.

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Federal Judge Thurgood Marshall and U. S. Attorney Robert J. Geniesse agreed that if Ethel Rosenberg were appealing today she would probably have to receive a new trial. What a tragic comment on capital punishment!

With respect to my husband, the overwhelming list of those asking clemency or parole includes eminent persons of all shades of opinion. Many close to the present Administration have asked his release. Yet the Parole Board referes. present Administration to The President refuses, Why?

Professor Francis Wormuth of the University of Utah has called my hu shand "the man in the iron mask of American jurisprudence." He is saying that the entire Rosenberg-Sobell trial is so sordid that nobody in Washington wants to He is saying that the chance its reopening. They would rather let an innocent man remain in prison torn from his family than open a door that could permit light on one of the most simm sful episodes in our history.

is time we opened that door. For my husband a freedom for a fit ' searc. for the whole truth - I ask you to help us start by hearing the various viewpoints expressed at our meeting at the Community Church, 40 East 35th Street, on February the 27th, at 8:15 p.m.

With determination that the truth be known,

Helen L. Solell (Mrs. Morton Sobell)